

| Foxtrot 34-10 Pit Table 915-1 | | 8/9/2023 | | | | 11/15/2023 | | | |
|---|---|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| CLEANUP CONCENTRATIONS | | SS1 | SS2 | SS3 | Native | SS1 | SS2 | SS3 | Native |
| Contaminant of Concern | Concentrations | 37.17987, - 104.76470 | 37.17990, - 104.76476 | 37.17992, - 104.76475 | 37.18007, - 104.76479 | 37.17987, - 104.76470 | 37.17990, - 104.76476 | 37.17992, - 104.76475 | 37.18007, - 104.76479 |
| Soil TPH (total volatile [C6-C10] and extractable [C10-C36] hydrocarbons) | 500mg/kg | | | | | | | | |
| Soils and Groundwater - liquid hydrocarbons including condensate and oil | below visual detection limits | | | | | | | | |
| Soil Suitability for Reclamation | | | | | | | | | |
| Electrical conductivity (EC) (by saturated paste method) | <4mmhos/cm | 0.36 | 0.67 | 0.9 | 0.45 | | | | |
| Sodium adsorption ratio (SAR) (by saturated paste method) | <6 | ND | 24 | 25 | ND | | 3.6 | 2.6 | |
| pH (by saturated paste method) | 6-8.3 | 9.2 | 9.4 | 9.4 | 7.4 | 8.3 | 8.4 | 8 | |
| boron (hot water soluble soil extract) | 2mg/l | ND | ND | ND | ND | | | | |
| Organic Compounds in Groundwater | | | | | | | | | |
| benzene | 5µg/l | | | | | | | | |
| toluene | 560 to 1,000µg/l | | | | | | | | |
| ethylbenzene | 700µg/l | | | | | | | | |
| xylenes (sum of o-, m- and p- isomers = total xylenes) | 1,400 to 10,000µg/l | | | | | | | | |
| naphthalene | 140µg/l | | | | | | | | |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | 67µg/l | | | | | | | | |
| 1,3,5-trimethylbenzene | 67µg/l | | | | | | | | |
| Groundwater Inorganic Parameters | | | | | | | | | |
| total dissolved solids (TDS) | <1.25 X local background | | | | | | | | |
| chloride ion | 250mg/l or <1.25 X local background | | | | | | | | |
| sulfate ion | 250mg/l or <1.25 X local background | | | | | | | | |
| Soils | Residential Soil Screening Level Concentrations (mg/kg) | Protection of Groundwater Soil Screening Level Concentrations (mg/kg) | | | | | | | |
| Organic Compounds in Soils | | | | | | | | | |
| benzene | 1.2 | 0.0026 (M) | | | | | | | |
| toluene | 490 | 0.69 (M) | | | | | | | |
| ethylbenzene | 5.8 | 0.78 (M) | | | | | | | |
| xylenes (sum of o-, m- and p- isomers = total xylenes) | 58 | 9.9 (M) | | | | | | | |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | 30 | 0.0081 (R) | | | | | | | |
| 1,3,5-trimethylbenzene | 27 | 0.0087 (R) | | | | | | | |
| acenaphthene | 360 | 0.55 (R) | | | | | | | |
| anthracene | 1800 | 5.8 (R) | | | | | | | |
| benz(a)anthracene | 1.1 | 0.011 (R) | | | | | | | |
| benzo(b)fluoranthene | 1.1 | 0.3 (R) | | | | | | | |
| benzo(k)fluoranthene | 11 | 2.9 (R) | | | | | | | |
| benzo(a)pyrene | 0.11 | 0.24 (M) | | | | | | | |
| chrysene | 110 | 9 (R) | | | | | | | |
| dibenz(a,h)anthracene | 0.11 | 0.096 (R) | | | | | | | |
| fluoranthene | 240 | 8.9 (R) | | | | | | | |
| fluorene | 240 | 0.54 (R) | | | | | | | |
| indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene | 1.1 | 0.98 (R) | | | | | | | |
| 1-methylnaphthalene | 18 | 0.006 (R) | | | | | | | |
| 2-methylnaphthalene | 24 | 0.019 (R) | | | | | | | |
| naphthalene | 2 | 0.0038 (R) | | | | | | | |
| pyrene | 180 | 1.3 (R) | | | | | | | |
| Metals in Soils | | | | | | | | | |
| arsenic | 0.68 | 0.29 (M) | 1.2 | 1.9 | 3.8 | 2.7 | | | |
| barium | 15000 | 82 (M) | 190 | 210 | 270 | 230 | | | |
| cadmium | 71 | 0.38 (M) | ND | ND | ND | ND | | | |
| chromium (VI) | 0.3 | 0.00067 (R) | ND | ND | ND | ND | | | |
| copper | 3100 | 46 (M) | 36 | 40 | 51 | 36 | | | |
| lead | 400 | 14 (M) | 15 | 15 | 18 | 14 | | | |
| nickel | 1500 | 26 (R) | 18 | 19 | 26 | 22 | | | |
| selenium | 390 | 0.26 (M) | ND | 0.35 | 0.55 | 0.3 | | | |
| silver | 390 | 0.8 (R) | ND | ND | ND | ND | | | |
| zinc | 23000 | 370 (R) | 76 | 86 | 110 | 92 | | | |

The letter "(R)" following a protection of Groundwater soil screening level indicates the concentration is derived from a risk-based approach. The letter "(M)" following a protection of Groundwater soil screening level indicates the concentration is derived from the drinking water MCL.