



## **ONYX PAD STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN**

### **Contents**

Article I. Introduction.....	2
Location Information.....	2
Article II. Site Information.....	2
Soil Description.....	2
Vegetation Description.....	2
Construction and Development .....	3
Production and Operation.....	3
Interim Reclamation .....	3
Final Reclamation .....	3
Known Weed Infestations .....	4
Non-stormwater discharges .....	4
Receiving waters.....	4
CDPS Permit.....	4
Operator Stormwater Manager .....	4
Article III. Stormwater Management Control Measures .....	5
Potential Pollution Sources .....	5
Structural and Non-Structural Practices.....	5
Erosion Controls .....	6
Vehicle Tracking Control.....	6
Materials handling and Spill prevention .....	6
Management of Waste Material .....	6
Article IV. Site-Specific Construction and Stormwater/Erosion Control Measures .....	6
Initial Construction Layout Drawings .....	6
Interim Reclamation and Production Areas Construction Layout Drawings.....	6
Article V. Inspections and Maintenance Procedures .....	7
Training.....	7
Scope of Inspections.....	7
State and Local Inspection Requirements .....	7
Inspection Procedures and Frequency .....	7
Article VI. Site-Specific BMP .....	7



**Article I.      Introduction**

*Location Information*

This document provides site-specific information for the Onyx Pad within the Onyx Pad OGD. The information in this document relates specifically to the time during the construction, drilling, completion, and production of the twelve (12) proposed horizontal wells on this location.

The proposed location is irrigated crop land approximately 5270' North of the intersection of WCR 76 and WCR 33. The Pad will be in the NWNW Section 26, Township 7 North, Range 66 West, zoned agricultural within Weld County's Near-Urban planning area. A 1041WOGA is being filed concurrently with the OGD application as 1041WOGA22-0017.

The proposed Pad will be 9.1 acres, reduced to 2.2 after interim reclamation. The working pad surface will be 5.5 acres. The Pad is on Parcel #070726200014 owned by Glenn C and Lee Shannon Leffler. The location is currently used for farming.

The proposed Onyx Pad will have production facility equipment located within the Working Pad Surface adjacent to the wells consisting of and will connect to existing oil tanks, water tanks, vapor recovery towers (VRT), vapor recovery units (VRU), and emission control devices (ECD) at the adjacent Leffler 26-A Pad (Loc ID 433335). Separators will be located within the Onyx Pad Working Pad Surface.

Phase	Duration (Days)	Estimated Start Date
Construction	14	3rd Quarter (September) 2023
Drilling	84	4th Quarter (October) 2023
Completions (Prep and Frac)	142	4th Quarter (December) 2023
Flowback (Drill Out and flowback)	48	2nd Quarter (May) 2024
Production	25 Years	3rd Quarter (August) 2024
Interim Reclamation	10	4th Quarter (November) 2024

*\*or the first favorable growing season.*

**Article II.      Site Information**

*Soil Description*

Runoff characteristics are based on site topography, soil type, and soil/vegetative cover. The facilities will be constructed on land with little topographic variability and the potential for soil loss due to topography is minimal. The elevation in this Project Area ranges from 4,556 ft. to 5,279 ft. The NRCS soils map can be found attached to this plan. Soil data acquired from Natural Resources Conservation Service, United States Department of Agriculture. Web Soil Survey, available online and accessed March 31, 2015.

*Vegetation Description*



Within the Project Area, native vegetation consists primarily of developed open space/low/medium/high intensity, deciduous/evergreen/mixed forest, open water, shrub/scrub, herbaceous, hay/pasture, cultivated crops, barren land, woody wetlands, and emergent herbaceous wetland. Vegetative cover ranges from 15% to 65%.

### *Construction and Development*

During the construction and development phase, the construction areas will be cleared and grubbed. Stormwater inspections begin once the soil or vegetation is disturbed. Temporary or permanent on-site perimeter erosion and sediment control CMs will be installed as appropriate (i.e., before, during, and after all grading activities and development).

Well pads, central tank batteries, and access roads will be constructed using conventional cut and fill earth-moving techniques for the majority of the construction activities. Typical pad surfaces will be approximately 350 feet long by 350 feet wide. Specific construction dimensions may vary depending on the nature of the project and site-specific conditions.

In areas disturbed by construction, topsoil will be stripped and stockpiled near the site. Soil materials will be managed so erosion and sediment transport are minimized. Nearby drainages will be protected by appropriate CMs. Any stockpiled excess cut-material or topsoil will be segregated during construction, and appropriate erosion and sediment control CMs will be utilized to minimize sediment transport during temporary storage. Sequencing of construction activities will progress as rapidly as practicable to minimize the amount of time portions of the site are disturbed. Inactive areas will be stabilized and interim reclaimed to reduce erosion potential, slow runoff velocity, and promote infiltration and will be temporarily seeded where applicable.

### *Production and Operation*

During the production and operation phase, appropriate CMs will be maintained and remain in place during the production phase. Disturbed areas will be graveled, surface hardened, or vegetated to a uniform individual plant density of at least 70 percent of pre-existing conditions prior to being removed from CDPHE permit coverage. Upon removal from CDPHE permit coverage, the site will be placed in the Colorado Oil and Gas Conservation Commission (COGCC) Post-Construction Stormwater Program in accordance with the COGCC 1000-Series Rules.

### *Interim Reclamation*

After the construction and development phase is complete, interim reclamation will be completed, and all slopes and areas not needed for oil and gas extraction operations will be stabilized vegetated to a uniform individual plant density of at least 70 percent of pre-existing conditions prior to being removed from CDPHE permit coverage.

### *Final Reclamation*

After construction and development is complete and production activities cease, the well(s) are typically plugged and abandoned and all equipment is removed in preparation for final reclamation activities. During final reclamation, all segregated soil horizons will be replaced to their original relative positions, contoured as near as practicable to achieve erosion control and long-term stability, and will be tilled adequately in order to establish a proper seedbed. Reclaimed areas will then be tracked, seeded, and mulched.

Final seeding of the reclaimed area will be done in the spring or fall depending on the completion time of the



reclamation and weather conditions permitting. If soil or vegetation is disturbed during final reclamation activities, the site will be placed back under Permit coverage, and stormwater inspections will resume until a uniform vegetative cover has been established with an individual plant density of at least 70 percent of pre-existing conditions. If soil or vegetation is not disturbed during final reclamation activities, the site will remain part of the COGCC Post-Construction Stormwater Program in accordance with the COGCC 1000-Series Rules.

Following completion of final reclamation, a qualified stormwater manager will inspect reclaimed areas to ensure revegetation has been successful. If revegetation is not successful, spot revegetation or other remedial actions will be implemented to assure compliance.

#### *Known Weed Infestations*

None known.

#### *Non-stormwater discharges*

Non-stormwater discharges are not expected from the anticipated projects covered by this SMWP. There are no municipal discharge outfalls within the Project Area.

#### *Receiving waters*

The Project area covered by CDPHE permit COR400369 includes the Cache La Poudre Subbasin (USGS Hydrologic Unit Code [HUC] 10190007), the Lone Tree-Owl Sub-basin (HUC 10190008), the Crow Sub-basin (HUC 10190009), and the Middle South Platte-Cherry Creek Sub-basin (HUC 10190003), which are part of the South Platte Basin (HUC 101900). The ultimate receiving water is the South Platte River.

According to the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) National Climatic Data Center, the annual average total precipitation for Greeley (station USC00053553) is approximately 14.69 inches.

#### *CDPS Permit*

PERMIT COR400000.

#### *Operator Stormwater Manager*

Stormwater management involves several entities within Bayswater as well as an outside consultant. This SWMP was prepared on behalf of Bayswater by Kleinfelder, Inc. However, the implementation and execution of the SWMP will be conducted by Bayswater or their designee. The authorized officer(s) for this SWMP are listed below:

#### **Responsible Corporate Officers:**

Brad Rogers  
Environmental Manager  
Bayswater Exploration & Production, LLC  
brogers@bayswater.us  
Office: (303) 893-2503 ext. 204

Wade Hood



Field Compliance Specialist  
Bayswater Exploration & Production, LLC  
whood@bayswater.us  
Cell: (970) 302-1499

Additional Contact:  
Ryan W. Kaminky  
Production & Facilities  
Bayswater Exploration & Production, LLC  
rkaminky@bayswater.us  
Cell (303) 746-5195

### **Article III. Stormwater Management Control Measures**

#### *Potential Pollution Sources*

The most common source of pollution from project construction and development is sediment, which can be carried away from the work site with stormwater runoff and possibly impact the water quality of a receiving stream. Clearing, grading, and altering previously undisturbed land may increase the rate of soil erosion over pre-disturbance rates. Potential pollution sources associated with construction, development, and production activities includes:

- Sediment resulting from erosion of soil stockpiles and other areas cleared of vegetation;
- Leakage of fuels and lubricants from equipment and spills from fueling or equipment failures during earth moving activities and storage of equipment on site;
- Trash and debris resulting from clearing activities, construction materials, and worker activity;
- Construction material storage areas, if improperly stored, or exposed to stormwater;
- Fugitive dust due to road use;
- Off-site vehicle tracking; and
- Temporary portable toilet services for construction workers.

Petroleum products are used in project construction to power or lubricate equipment and may include fuel, gear oil, hydraulic oil, brake fluid, and grease.

Other potential pollution sources within the construction site include debris from lay down areas, residue from equipment cleaning and maintenance, and solid waste generated from land clearing operations and human activity (e.g., trees, brush, paper, trash, etc.).

#### *Structural and Non-Structural Practices*

##### Structural Practices for Erosion and Sediment Control

There are a number of structural practices that are used in the project including: earthen berms, fiber rolls, diversion ditches (lined and unlined), check dams, culvert outlet protection, temporary slope drains, and sediment traps. Structural BMPs are located in the attached Grading Plan excerpt sheets.

##### Non-Structural Practice for Erosion and Sediment Control

Non-structural erosion and sediment control BMPs that are used include techniques such as phasing construction, minimizing disturbance to existing vegetation, preservation of natural vegetation, re-



establishing/replacing vegetation, mulching, rolled erosion control products, surface roughening, and land grading. Non-structural BMPs are located in the attached Grading Plan excerpt sheets.

#### *Erosion Controls*

All segregated soil horizons removed from crop lands will be replaced to their original relative positions and contour and will be tilled adequately to re-establish a proper seedbed and treated as needed for erosion control and invasive species prevention. Any perennial forage crops that were present before disturbance will be reestablished. In addition, gas, oil, and water gathering lines will be co-located to minimize potential of erosion associated with construction of any pipeline(s).

#### *Vehicle Tracking Control*

Vehicle tracking controls (VTCs) are used to reduce the potential for sediment to leave a construction area. Given the majority of roads in the area are dirt or gravel, off-site tracking is not anticipated to be a problem. If tracking does become an issue, VTCs will be implemented. VTCs may include, but are not limited to, asphalt- or rock-armored entrances or utilizing street sweeping operations to control tracking of sediment onto adjacent paved roads.

#### *Materials handling and Spill prevention*

Materials will be handled in accordance with OSHA requirements and manufacturers' instructions. Efforts will be made to refuel equipment away from drainages and waterways. If a release of a hazardous substance does occur during construction activities, construction personnel will take appropriate action to minimize the impact of the spill through the use of absorbent material stored at the construction site. A list of all potentially toxic or hazardous chemicals used during the project will be maintained and kept onsite. Safety Data Sheets and other safety information will be on file and accessible during all periods in which the chemicals are used or stored. Storage areas and containers will be regularly monitored for leaks and repaired or replaced, as necessary. Workers will be reminded about proper storage and handling of materials during safety meetings. In the event of a release of fuel, lubricant, coolant, or any other chemical, efforts will be made to stop the release. Spilled fluids will be cleaned up as soon as possible. All contaminated soils and spent/used clean-up materials will be containerized in drums or dumpsters and stored onsite until appropriate disposal methods have been identified. The necessary repairs will be made to the equipment to prevent a continued release of potential pollutants.

#### *Management of Waste Material*

There is a low potential for contaminated soils to contribute pollutants to stormwater discharges. Areas of contaminated soils will be identified through regular inspections. If found, contaminated soils will be excavated and disposed at an appropriate facility. Soil sampling will be conducted upon completion of excavation and removal activities to ensure contaminated soils have been removed.

### **Article IV. Site-Specific Construction and Stormwater/Erosion Control Measures**

#### *Initial Construction Layout Drawings*

Please see attached Grading Plan sheets.

#### *Interim Reclamation and Production Areas Construction Layout Drawings*

Please see attached Grading Plan sheets.



**Article V.      Inspections and Maintenance Procedures**

*Training*

Spill prevention and response are addressed in training of employees and contractor personnel on at least an annual basis.

*Scope of Inspections*

The construction site perimeter, all disturbed areas, designated haul roads, material and waste storage areas exposed to precipitation, locations where stormwater has the potential to discharge offsite, and locations where vehicles exit the site will be inspected for evidence of, or the potential for, pollutants leaving the construction site boundaries, entering the stormwater drainage system, or discharging to state waters. During the inspection, the operator, or their designee, will:

- Visually verify whether all implemented control measures are in effective operational condition and are working as designed in their specifications to minimize pollutant discharges;
- Determine if there are new potential sources of pollutants;
- Assess the adequacy of control measures at the site to identify areas requiring new or modified control measures to minimize pollutant discharges; and
- Identify all areas of noncompliance with the Permit requirements and, if necessary, implement corrective actions.

*State and Local Inspection Requirements*

All inspections shall be in accordance with the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment's CDPS General Permit for Stormwater Discharges Associated with Construction Activity, and the Colorado Oil and Gas Conservation Commission (COGCC) 304.c.15 and 1002.f rules and requirements.

*Inspection Procedures and Frequency*

Inspections will start within seven calendar days of commencement of ground disturbing activities at the site. A log of inspections will be kept with the SWMP at the construction site. Sediment and erosion control CMs will be inspected for evidence of deterioration, need for maintenance, under-cutting, and buildup of sediment. A signed inspection report will be prepared and placed into the SWMP. Inspection reports will be retained for at least three years from the date that permit coverage expires or is terminated. Actions taken to modify any stormwater CM will be recorded and maintained with the SWMP. Deficiencies found that are associated with the SPCC Plan will be noted on the stormwater inspection paperwork. A thorough inspection will be made at least every seven calendar days, or every 14 calendar days, and within 24 hours after the end of any precipitation or snowmelt event causing surface erosion. Provided the timing is appropriate, post-storm inspections may be used to fulfil the 14-day inspection requirement.

**Article VI.      Site-Specific BMP**

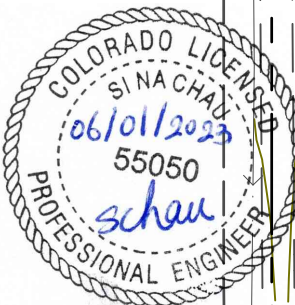
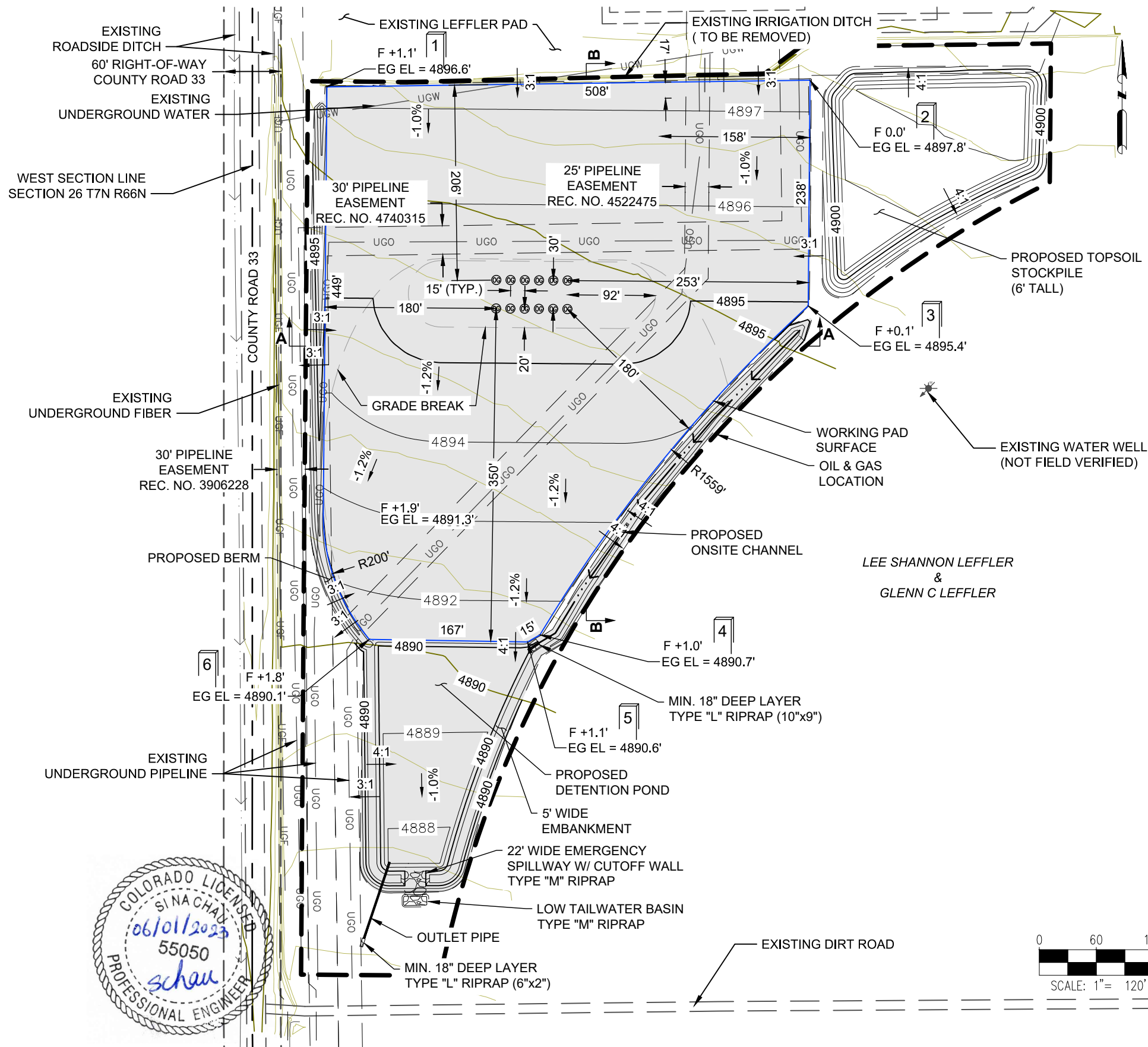
- Bayswater will install stormwater controls, constructed in a manner that is consistent with good engineering practices, that will prevent offsite migration of sediment/contaminant, into the nearby sensitive areas.



- Gas, oil, and water gathering lines will be co-located to minimize potential of erosion associated with construction of any pipeline(s).
- Operator shall install stormwater controls, constructed in a manner that is consistent with good engineering practices, that will prevent offsite migration of sediment/contaminant, into the nearby sensitive areas. Stormwater controls shall be installed prior to construction activities.
- Operator will be responsible for segregating the topsoil, backfilling, re-compacting any backfill, reseeding, and re-contouring the surface of any disturbed area so as not to interfere with Owner's operations and will reclaim such area to be returned to preexisting conditions as best as possible with control of all weeds.
- Operator will stabilize the topsoil stockpiles utilizing vehicle tracking perpendicular to slope angle for short term stabilization and drill seed/crimped straw mulch application for longer term stabilization measures to suppress fugitive dust caused solely by wind.
- Stabilization and revegetation will be performed as part of interim reclamation.
- Stormwater controls shall be installed prior to construction activities.
- Stormwater inspection will be performed at least every 7 days during well production and every 30 days after interim reclamation.
- The stormwater system for the Onyx Pad includes one detention pond with an outlet structure.
- Spill prevention and response are addressed in training of employees and contractor personnel on at least an annual basis.
- A vehicle tracking BMP is a rock (stone, gravel) pad, shaker rack, wheel washer, or other BMP designed to remove soil and mud from vehicles leaving the work zone and entering offsite areas, such as public roadways and public or private parking lots.



ONYX PAD  
GRADING PLAN

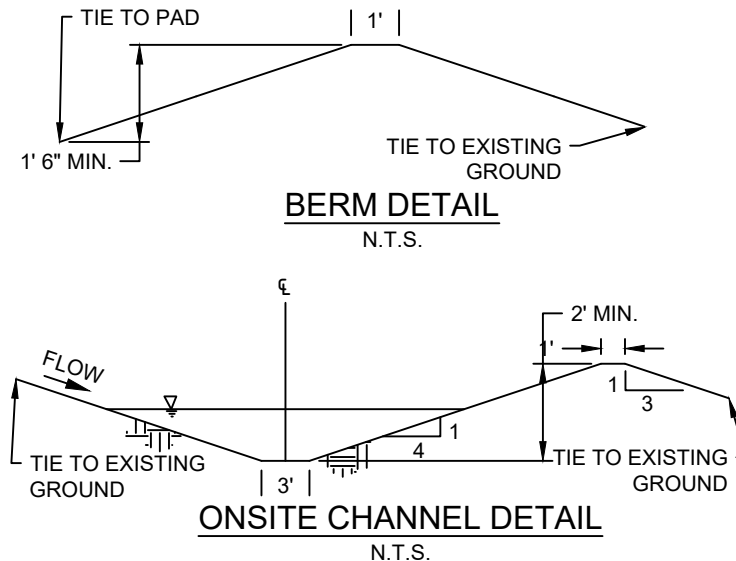


SITE QUANTITIES	
FINISHED GRADE ELEVATION	4891.9' - 4897.8'
ROUGH GRADE ELEVATION	4891.4' - 4897.3'
TOTAL CUT FOR SITE (BANK)	185 CY
TOTAL FILL FOR SITE	13,399 CY
NET IMPORT MATERIAL	13,214 CY
TOPSOIL (6")	5,535 CY
OIL & GAS LOCATION AREA	9.1 ACRES
WORKING PAD SURFACE AREA	5.5 ACRES
ACCESS ROAD DISTURBANCE AREA	0.0 ACRES
FLOWLINE CORRIDOR AREA	0.0 ACRES

DATA SOURCE:  
WATER WELL: DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES

PUBLICLY AVAILABLE DATA SOURCES HAVE NOT BEEN  
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8620 WOLFF COURT  
WESTMINSTER, CO 80031  
(303) 928-7128

PREPARED FOR:

BAYSWATER EXPLORATION & PRODUCTION, LLC  
PRODUCTION, LLC  
730 17TH ST, SUITE 500  
DENVER, CO 80202  
(303) 893-2503

SHEET NAME:

CONSTRUCTION LAYOUT

SURFACE LOCATION

ONYX PAD

NW 1/4 NW 1/4 SECTION 26,  
T7N, R66W, 6TH P.M.  
WELD COUNTY, COLORADO

REV.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	INT.	AMS
0	5/23/22	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION		

FIELD DATE:

2-20-2022

DRAWING DATE:

5-23-2022

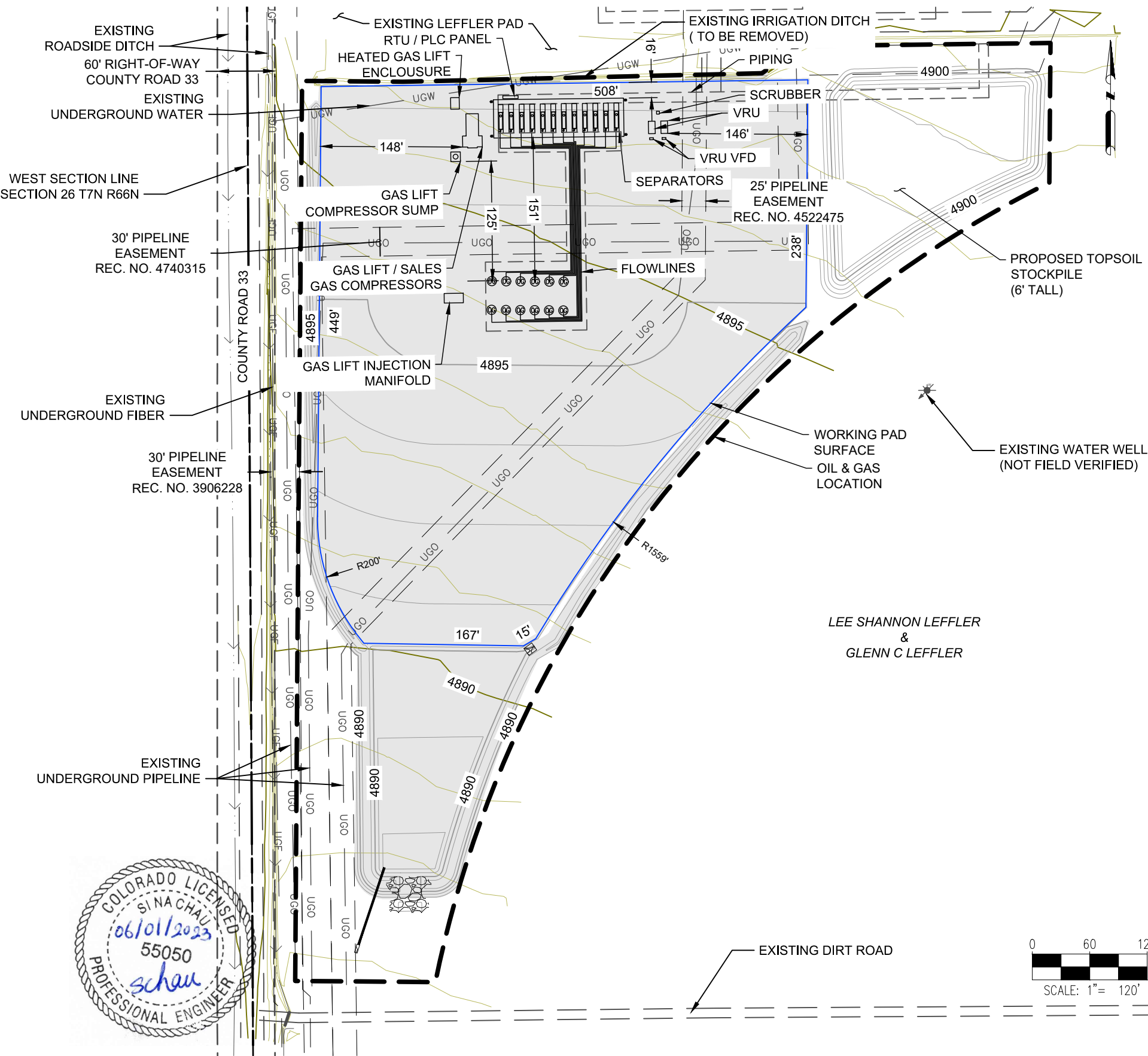
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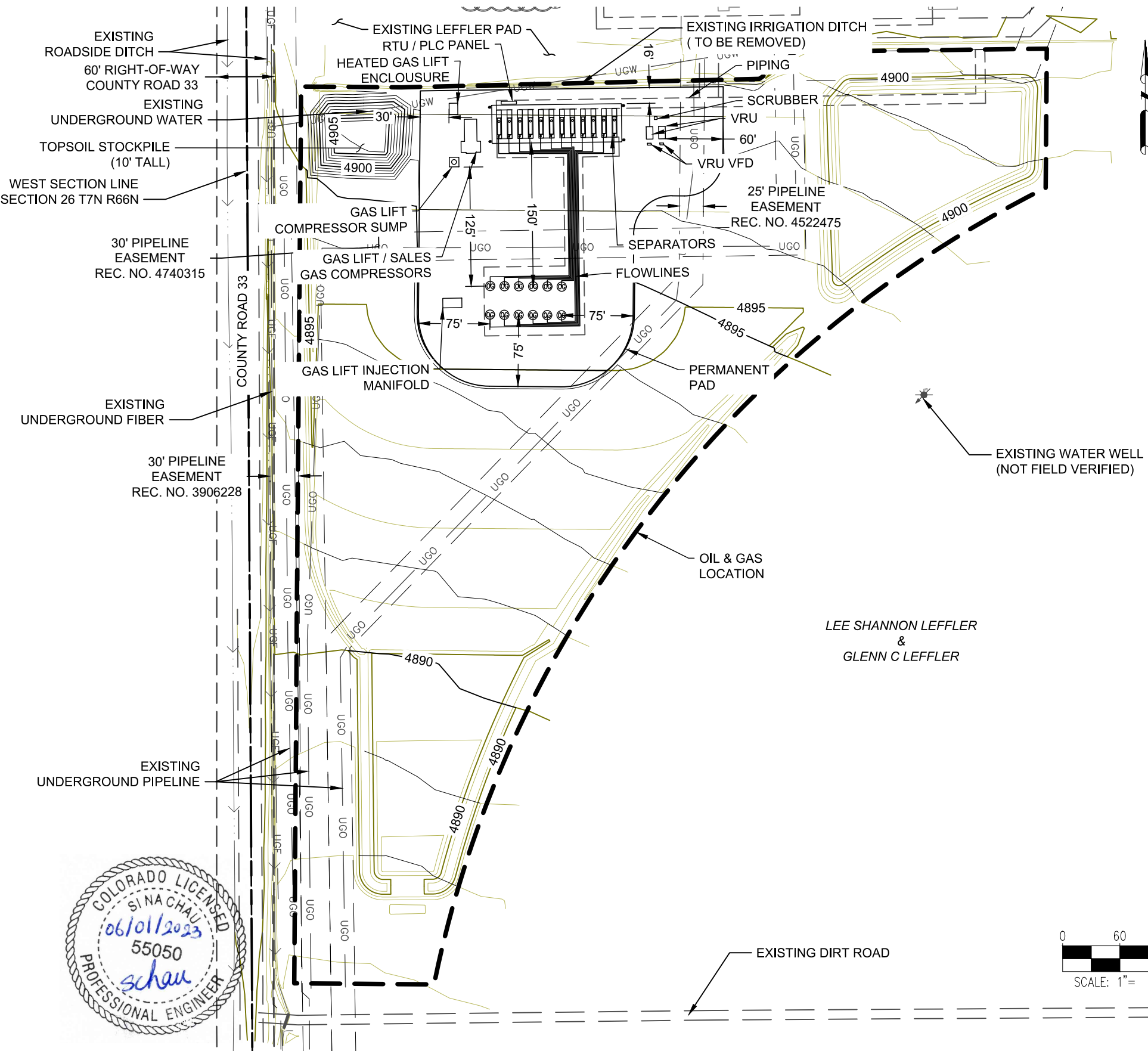
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03 OF 15

ONYX PAD  
GRADING PLAN



ONYX PAD  
GRADING PLAN



SITE QUANTITIES

TOTAL CUT FOR SITE (BANK)	10,161 CY
TOTAL FILL FOR SITE	202 CY
NET EXCESS MATERIAL (BANK)	9,960 CY
RECLAIMED AREA	6.9 ACRES
PERMANENT DISTURBANCE AREA	2.2 ACRES
OIL & GAS LOCATION AREA	9.1 ACRES

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EXPLORATION AND PRODUCTION, LLC

BAYSWATER EXPLORATION &  
PRODUCTION, LLC  
730 17TH ST, SUITE 500  
DENVER, CO 80202  
(303) 893-2503

SHEET NAME:  
INTERIM-RECLAMATION LAYOUT  
SURFACE LOCATION  
ONYX PAD  
NW 1/4 NW 1/4 SECTION 26,  
T7N, R66W, 6TH P.M.  
WELD COUNTY, COLORADO

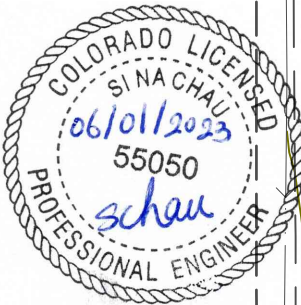
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2	6/2/23	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	AMS
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FIELD DATE:  
2-20-2022

DRAWING DATE:  
5-23-2022

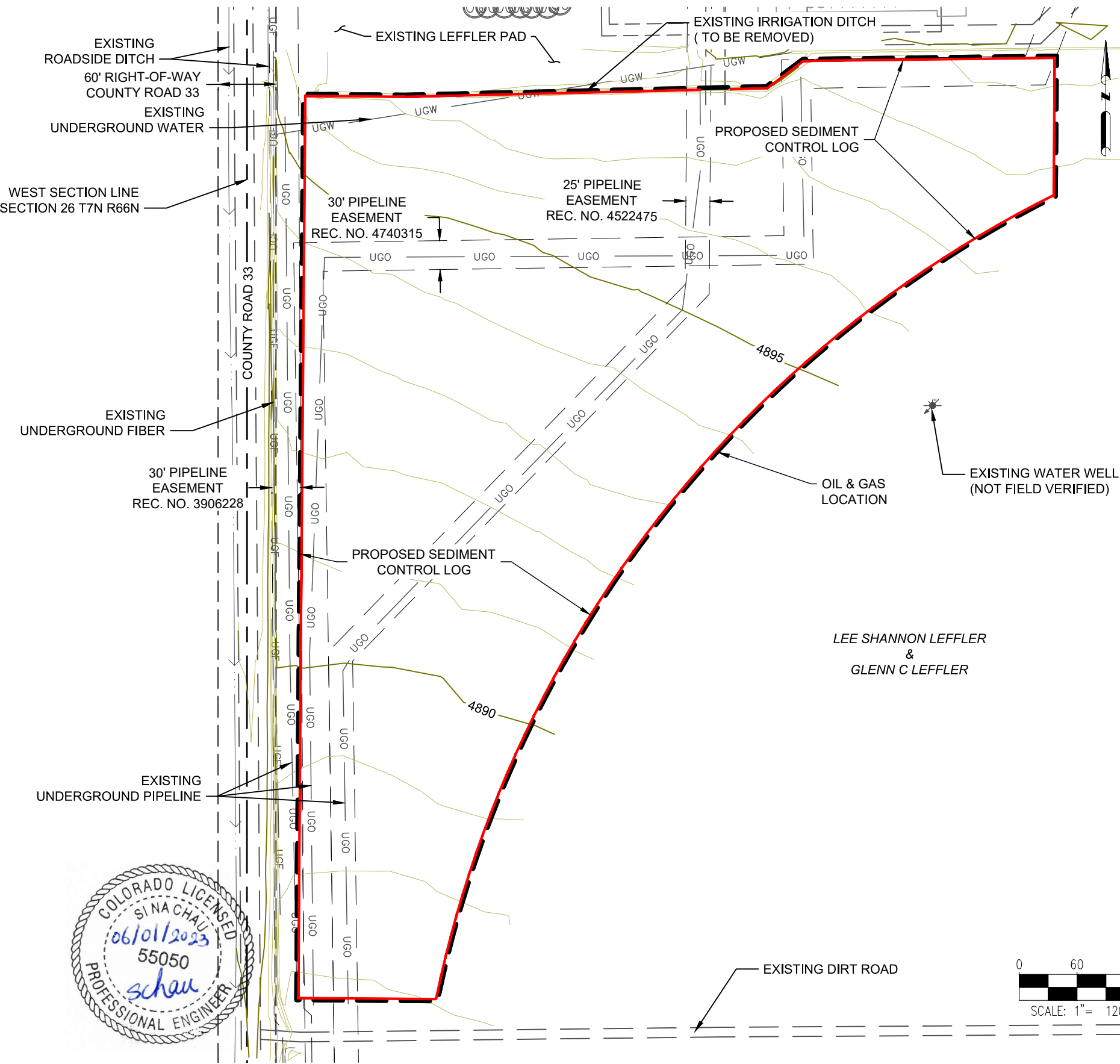
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DENVER, CO 80202  
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SHEET NAME:

EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN - INITIAL

SURFACE LOCATION

ONYX PAD  
NW 1/4 NW 1/4 SECTION 26,  
T7N, R66W, 6TH P.M.  
WELD COUNTY, COLORADO

REV.	DATE	REVISION DESCRIPTION	INT.
0	5/23/22	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	AMS

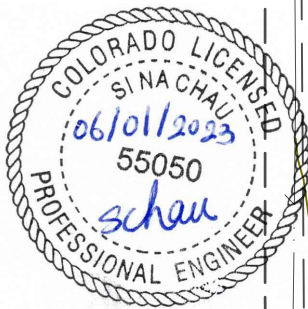
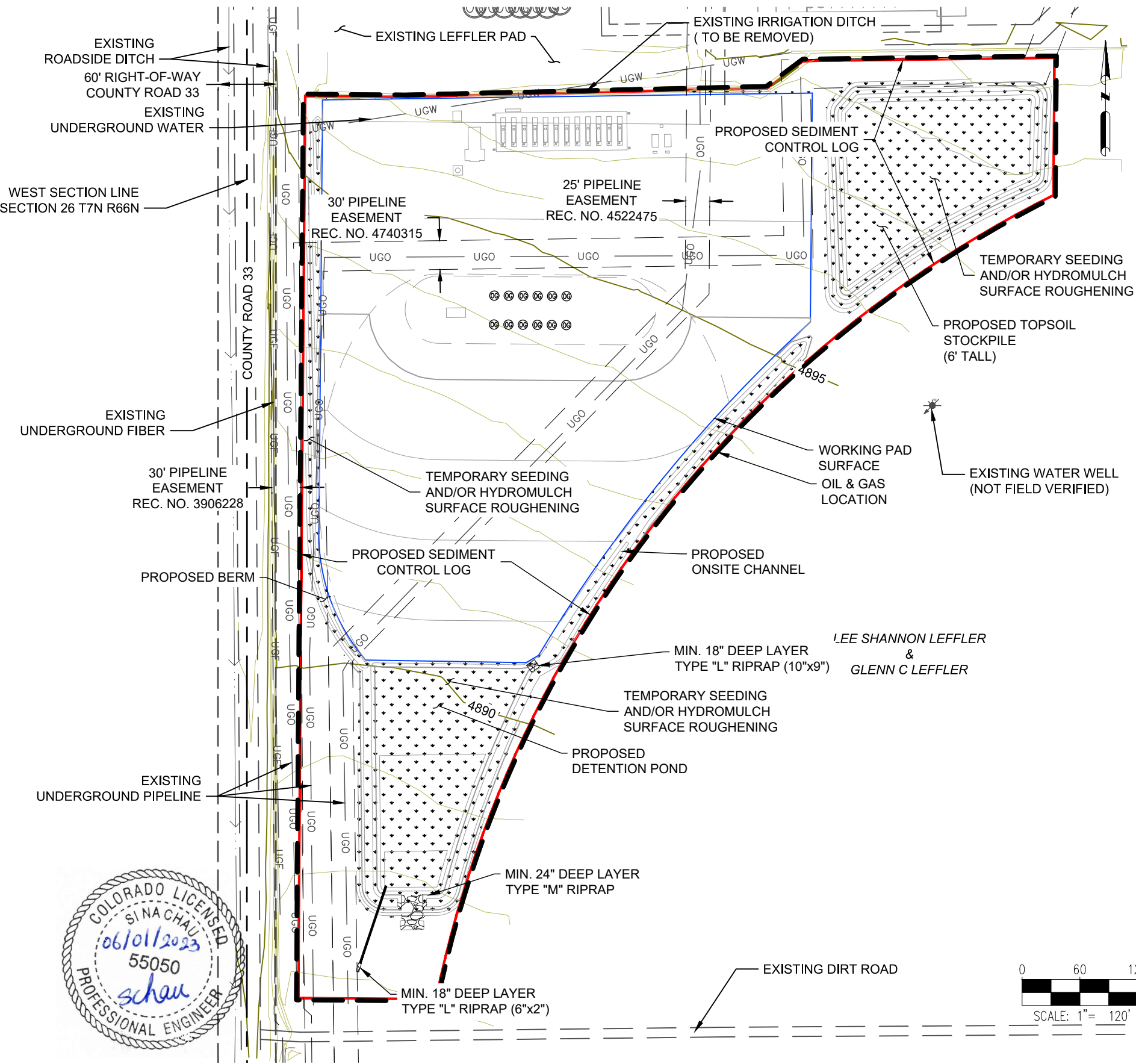
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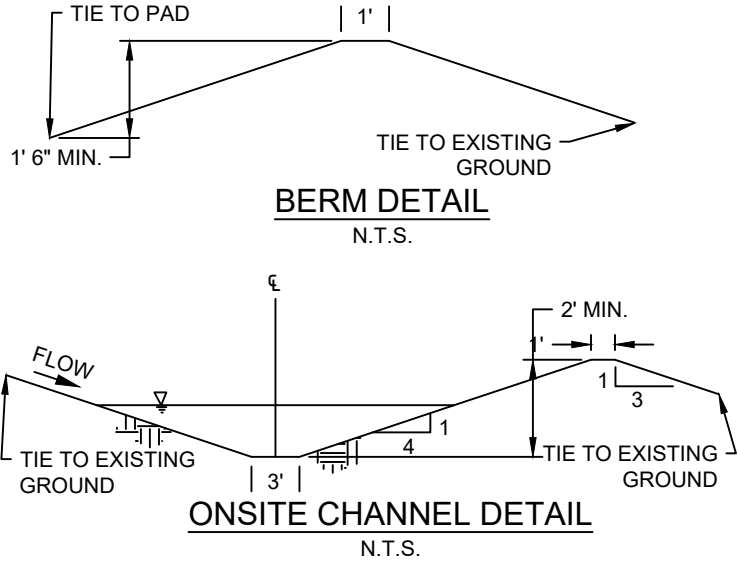
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SHEET NAME:  
EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN - INTERIM

SURFACE LOCATION  
ONYX PAD  
NW 1/4 NW 1/4 SECTION 26,  
T7N, R66W, 6TH P.M.  
WELD COUNTY, COLORADO

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1	10/17/22	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	AMS

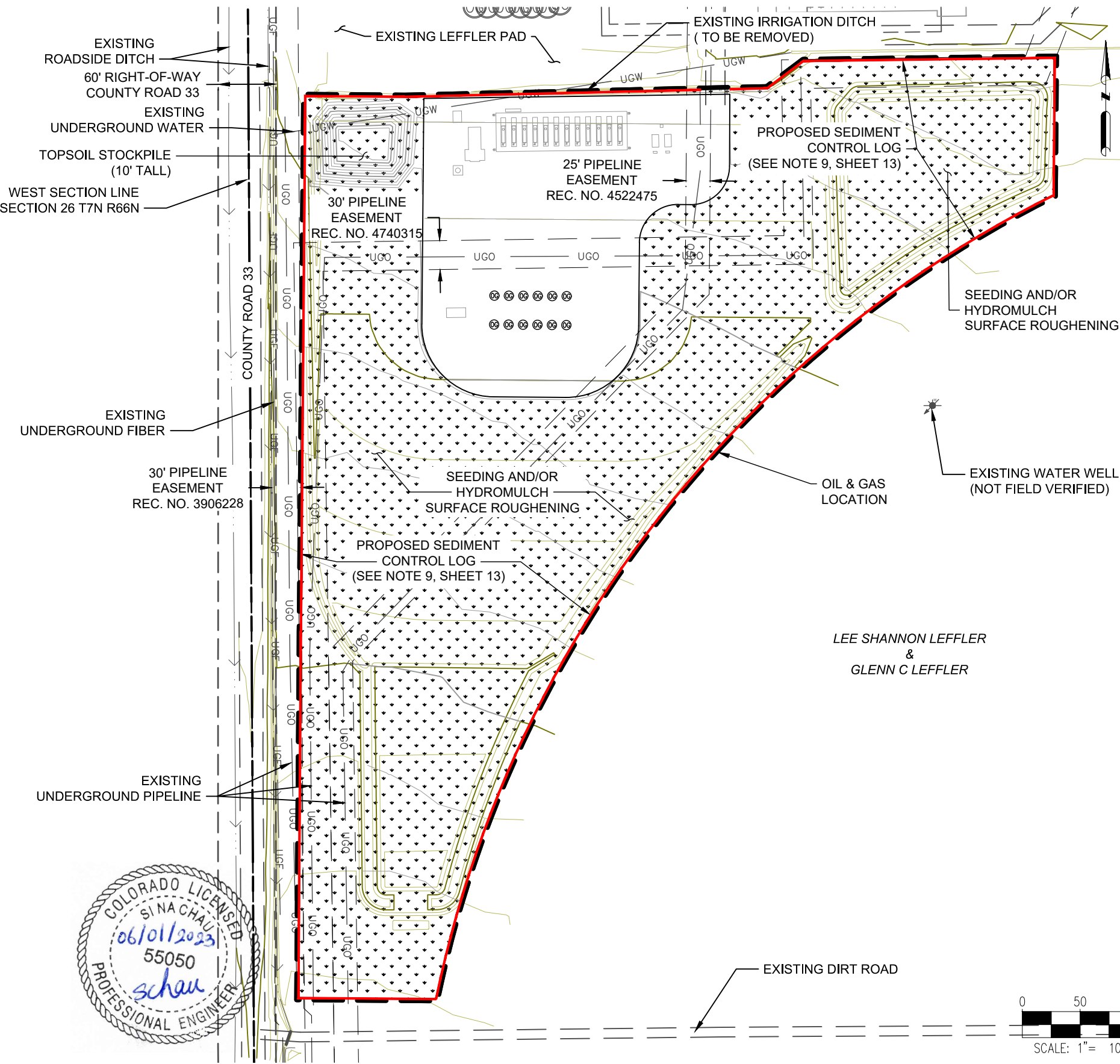
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(303) 928-7128

PREPARED FOR:

**BAYSWATER EXPLORATION & PRODUCTION, LLC**  
730 17TH ST, SUITE 500  
DENVER, CO 80202  
(303) 893-2503

SHEET NAME:

EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN - FINAL

SURFACE LOCATION

ONYX PAD  
NW 1/4 NW 1/4 SECTION 26,  
T7N, R66W, 6TH P.M.  
WELD COUNTY, COLORADO

REV.	DATE	REVISION DESCRIPTION	INT.
0	5/23/22	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	AMS
1	10/17/22	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	AMS
2	6/2/23	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	AMS
1	-	-	-
1	-	-	-

FIELD DATE:  
2-20-2022

DRAWING DATE:  
5-23-2022

DRAFTED BY:  
AMS

SHEET NO.  
12 OF 15

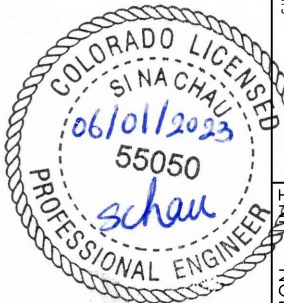


ONYX PAD  
GRADING PLAN

STANDARD EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN NOTES

1. THE OPERATOR HOLDS A CURRENT STORMWATER CONSTRUCTION PERMIT AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN (SWMP) IN ACCORDANCE WITH COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT REQUIREMENTS. CONSTRUCTION, MATERIALS MANAGEMENT, AND BMP INSTALLING/MAINTENANCE WILL BE CONDUCTED ACCORDING THE SWMP. BMPS WILL BE ROUTINELY INSPECTED AS ESTABLISHED IN THE SWMP INSPECTION SCHEDULE. INSPECTION REPORTS, REPAIR LOGS, ETC. ARE MAINTAINED IN AN ONLINE DATABASE, AND AVAILABLE TO THE DEPARTMENT OR OTHER AGENCIES UPON REQUEST.
2. ALL EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES SHALL PROCEED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SEQUENCE PROVIDED ON THE PLAN DRAWINGS. DEVIATION FROM THAT SEQUENCE MUST BE APPROVED IN WRITING FROM WELD COUNTY PUBLIC WORKS.
3. CLEARING, GRUBBING, AND TOPSOIL STRIPPED SHALL BE LIMITED TO THOSE AREAS DESCRIBED IN EACH STAGE OF THE CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE. GENERAL SITE CLEARING, GRUBBING AND TOPSOIL STRIPPING MAY NOT COMMENCE IN ANY STAGE OR PHASE OF THE PROJECT UNTIL THE E&S BMPS SPECIFIED BY THE BMP SEQUENCE FOR THAT STAGE OR PHASE HAVE BEEN INSTALLED AND ARE FUNCTIONING AS DESCRIBED IN THE E&S PLAN.
4. AT NO TIME SHALL CONSTRUCTION VEHICLES BE ALLOWED TO ENTER AREAS OUTSIDE THE LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE BOUNDARIES SHOWN ON THE PLAN MAPS. THESE AREAS MUST BE CLEARLY MARKED AND FENCED OFF BEFORE CLEARING AND GRUBBING OPERATIONS BEGIN.
5. IMMEDIATELY UPON DISCOVERING UNFORESEEN CIRCUMSTANCES POSING THE POTENTIAL FOR ACCELERATED EROSION AND/OR SEDIMENT POLLUTION, CONTRACTOR SHALL IMPLEMENT APPROPRIATE BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES TO MINIMIZE THE POTENTIAL FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT POLLUTION.
6. SEDIMENT TRACKED ONTO ANY PUBLIC ROADWAY OR SIDEWALK SHALL BE RETURNED TO THE CONSTRUCTION SITE BY THE END OF EACH WORK DAY AND DISPOSED IN THE MANNER DESCRIBED IN THIS PLAN. IN NO CASE SHALL THE SEDIMENT BE WASHED, SHOVELED, OR SWEEPED INTO ANY ROADSIDE DITCH, STORM SEWER, OR SURFACE WATER.
7. ALL SEDIMENT REMOVED FROM BMPS SHALL BE PLACED WITHIN THE RIGHT-OF-WAY EXCEPT IN WETLAND AREAS OR AS OTHERWISE DESCRIBED IN THE PLAN DRAWINGS.
8. AREAS WHICH ARE TO BE TOP SOILED SHALL BE SCARIFIED TO A MINIMUM DEPTH OF 3 TO 5 INCHES - 6 TO 12 INCHES ON COMPACTED SOILS - PRIOR TO PLACEMENT OF TOPSOIL. AREAS TO BE VEGETATED SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM 4 INCHES OF TOPSOIL IN PLACE PRIOR TO SEEDING AND MULCHING. FILL OUTSLOPES SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF 2 INCHES OF TOPSOIL.
9. E&S BMPS SHALL REMAIN FUNCTIONAL AS SUCH UNTIL ALL AREAS TRIBUTARY TO THEM ARE PERMANENTLY STABILIZED OR UNTIL THEY ARE REPLACED BY ANOTHER BMP APPROVED BY THE LOCAL CONSERVATION DISTRICT OR THE DEPARTMENT.
10. UPON COMPLETION OF ALL EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES AND PERMANENT STABILIZATION OF ALL DISTURBED AREAS, THE OWNER AND/OR OPERATOR SHALL CONTACT THE LOCAL CONSERVATION DISTRICT FOR AN INSPECTION PRIOR TO REMOVAL/CONVERSION OF THE E&S BMPS.

11. UNDERGROUND UTILITIES CUTTING THROUGH ANY ACTIVE CHANNEL SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY BACKFILLED AND THE CHANNEL RESTORED TO ITS ORIGINAL CROSS-SECTION AND PROTECTIVE LINING. ANY BASE FLOW WITHIN THE CHANNEL SHALL BE CONVEYED PAST THE WORK AREA IN THE MANNER DESCRIBED IN THIS PLAN UNTIL SUCH RESTORATION IS COMPLETE.
12. AN AREA SHALL BE CONSIDERED TO HAVE ACHIEVED FINAL STABILIZATION WHEN IT HAS A MINIMUM UNIFORM 70% PERENNIAL VEGETATIVE COVER OR OTHER PERMANENT NON-VEGETATIVE COVER WITH A DENSITY SUFFICIENT TO RESIST ACCELERATED SURFACE EROSION AND SUBSURFACE CHARACTERISTICS SUFFICIENT TO RESIST SLIDING AND OTHER MOVEMENTS.
13. AT STREAM CROSSINGS, 50' BUFFER AREAS SHOULD BE MAINTAINED. ON BUFFERS, CLEARING, SOD DISTURBANCES, EXCAVATION, AND EQUIPMENT TRAFFIC SHOULD BE MINIMIZED. ACTIVITIES SUCH AS STACKING LOGS, BURNING CLEARED BRUSH, DISCHARGING RAINWATER FROM TRENCHES, WELDING PIPE SECTIONS, REFUELING AND MAINTAINING EQUIPMENT SHOULD BE ACCOMPLISHED OUTSIDE OF BUFFERS.
14. MULCH WITH NETTING OR EROSION CONTROL MATS MUST BE INSTALLED ON ALL SLOPES 3:1 AND STEEPER AND WITHIN 100' OF SPECIAL PROTECTION WATERS OR 50' OF SURFACE WATERS.
15. THE OPERATOR SHALL REMOVE FROM THE SITE, RECYCLE, OR DISPOSE OF ALL BUILDING MATERIALS AND WASTES IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DEPARTMENT'S SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT ILLEGALLY BURY, DUMP, OR DISCHARGE ANY BUILDING MATERIAL OR WASTES AT THE SITE.



ASCENT GEOMATICS SOLUTIONS  
8620 WOLFF COURT  
WESTMINSTER, CO 80031  
(303) 928-7128

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SHEET NAME:

EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

SURFACE LOCATION

ONYX PAD  
NW 1/4 NW 1/4 SECTION 26,  
T7N, R66W, 6TH P.M.,  
WELD COUNTY, COLORADO

REV.	DATE	REVISION DESCRIPTION	AMS	AMS	AMS	AMS
0	5/23/22	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION				

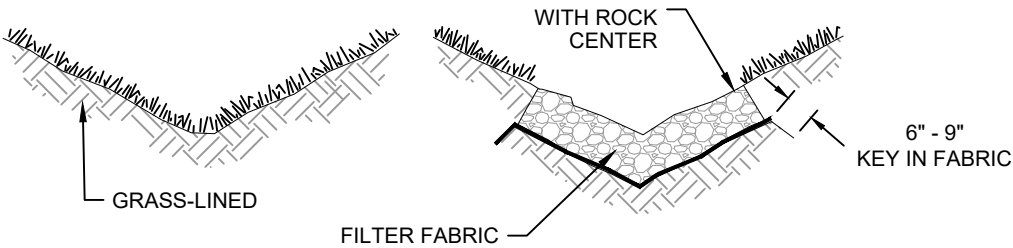
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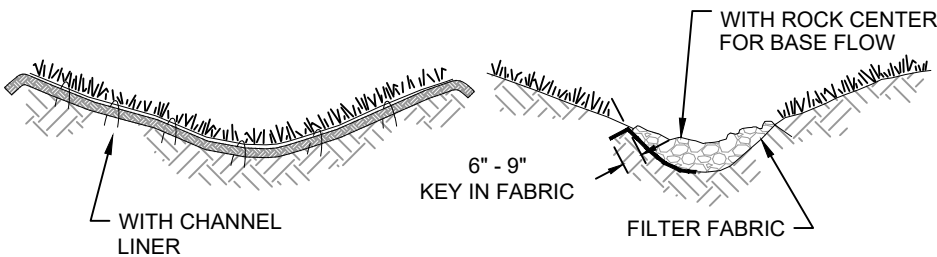
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13 OF 15

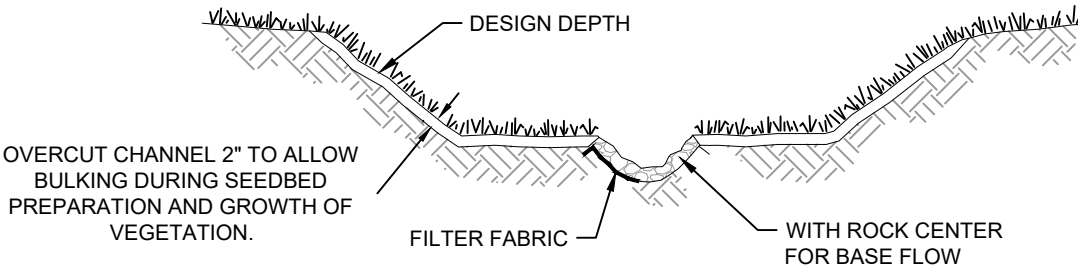
TYPICAL V-SHAPED CHANNEL CROSS-SECTION



TYPICAL PARABOLIC CHANNEL CROSS-SECTION

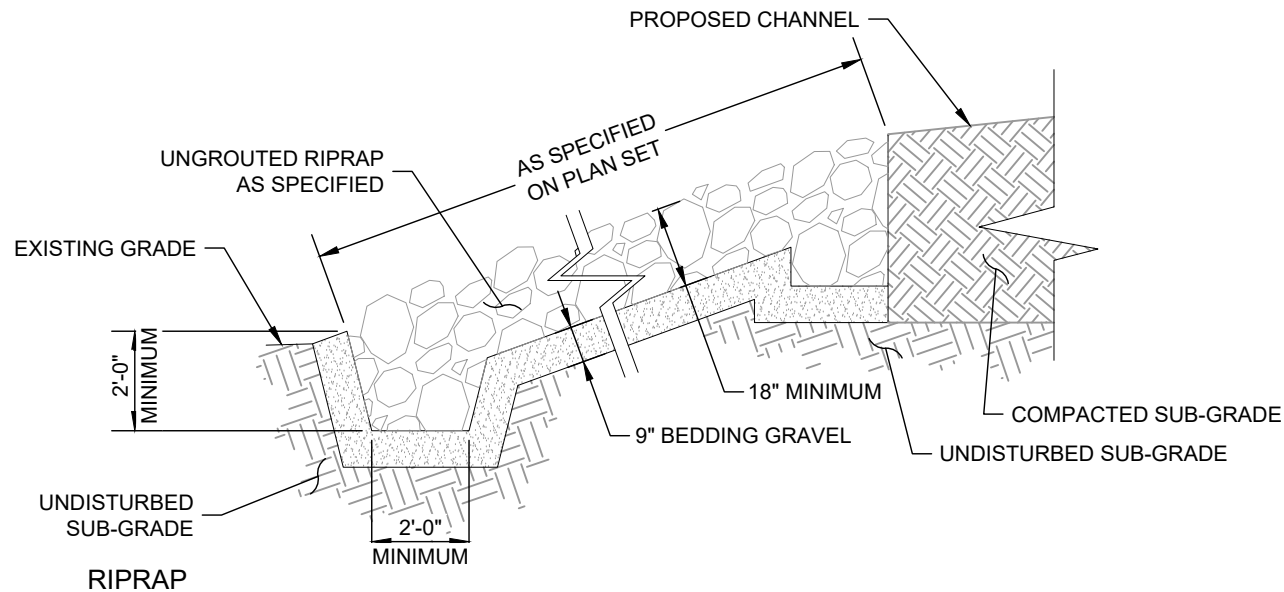


TYPICAL TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL CROSS-SECTION



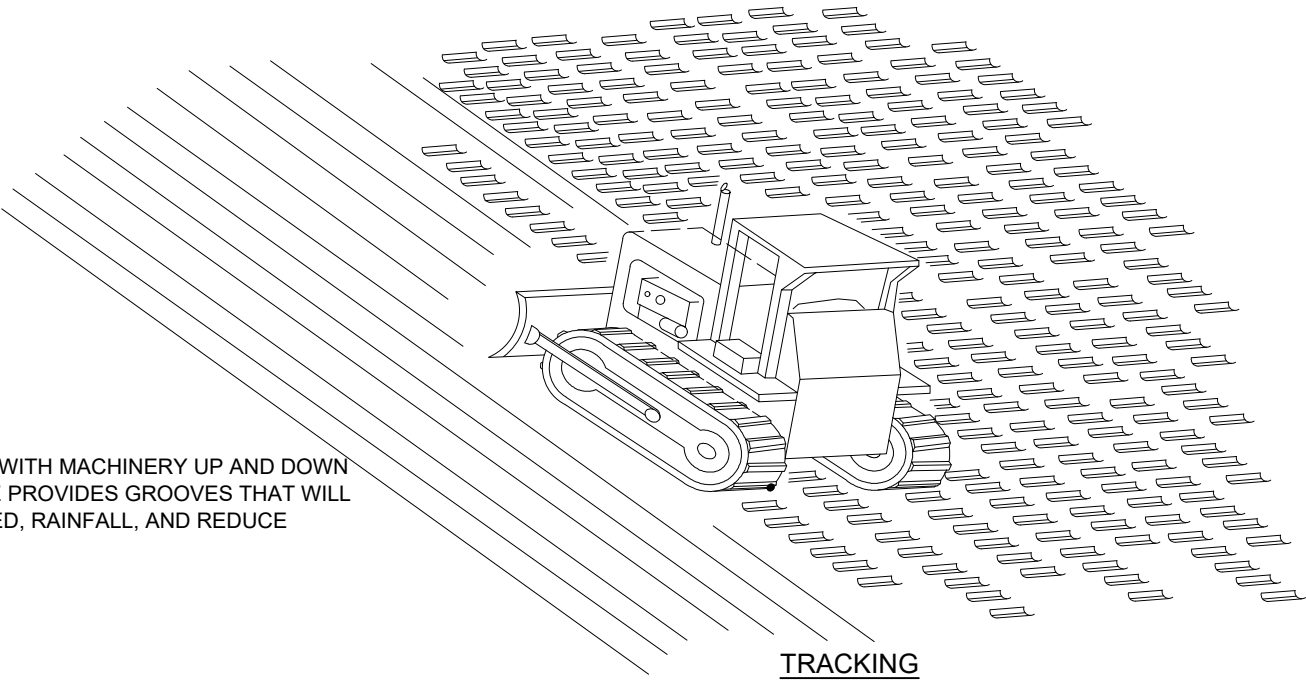
TYPICAL GRASS-LINED CHANNELS

SCALE: NOT TO SCALE

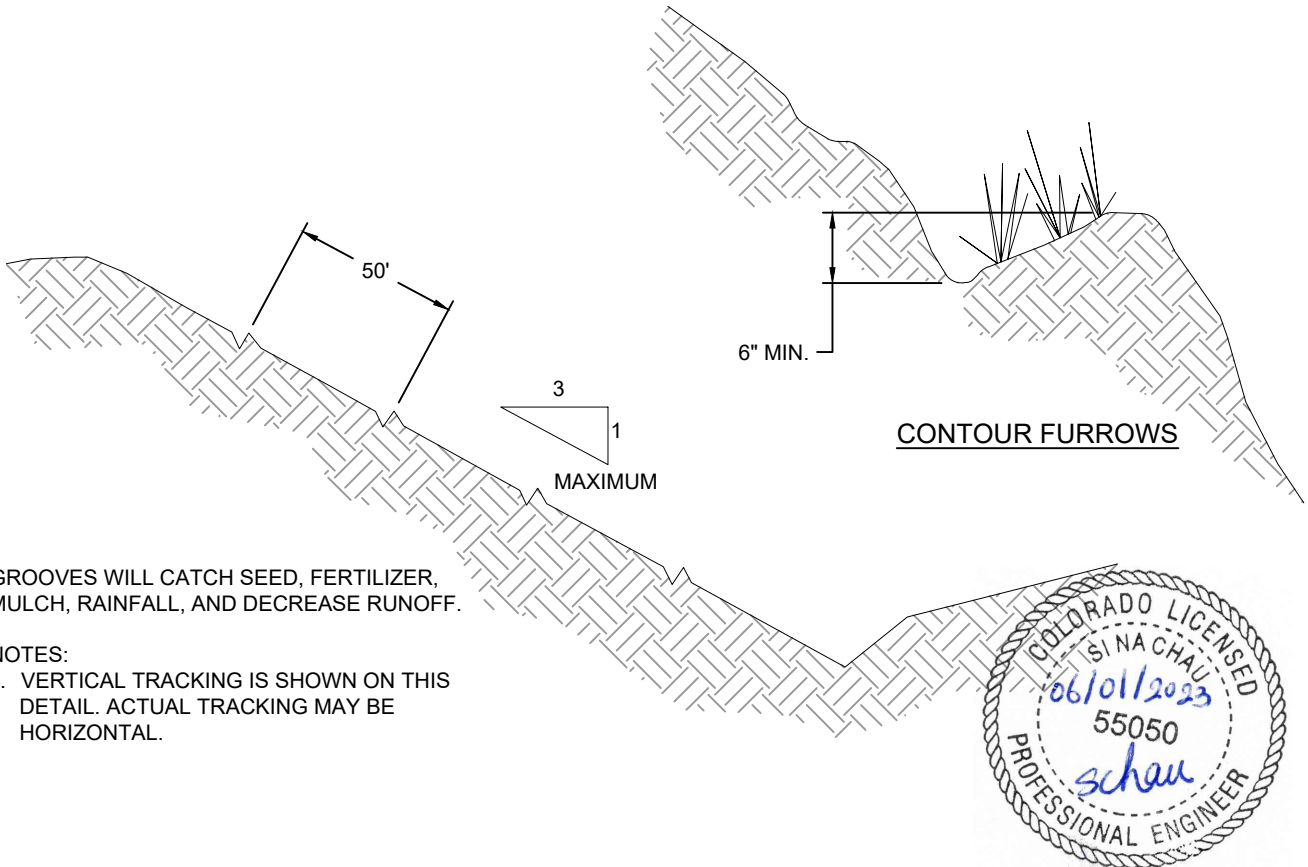


SCALE: NOT TO SCALE

ONYX PAD  
GRADING PLAN



TRACKING WITH MACHINERY UP AND DOWN THE SLOPE PROVIDES GROOVES THAT WILL CATCH SEED, RAINFALL, AND REDUCE RUNOFF.




GROOVES WILL CATCH SEED, FERTILIZER, MULCH, RAINFALL, AND DECREASE RUNOFF.

NOTES:  
1. VERTICAL TRACKING IS SHOWN ON THIS DETAIL. ACTUAL TRACKING MAY BE HORIZONTAL.

SURFACE ROUGHENING BY TRACKING AND CONTOUR FURROWS


SCALE: NOT TO SCALE



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SHEET NAME:

BMP TYPICAL DETAILS

SURFACE LOCATION

ONYX PAD  
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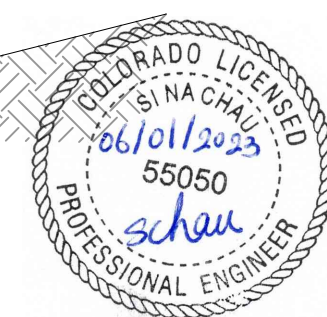
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14 OF 15








# Soil Map—Weld County, Colorado, Southern Part




## MAP LEGEND

### Area of Interest (AOI)

 Area of Interest (AOI)

### Soils

 Soil Map Unit Polygons

 Soil Map Unit Lines

 Soil Map Unit Points

### Special Point Features



Blowout



Borrow Pit



Clay Spot



Closed Depression



Gravel Pit



Gravelly Spot



Landfill



Lava Flow



Marsh or swamp



Mine or Quarry



Miscellaneous Water



Perennial Water



Rock Outcrop



Saline Spot



Sandy Spot



Severely Eroded Spot



Sinkhole



Slide or Slip



Sodic Spot



Spoil Area



Stony Spot



Very Stony Spot



Wet Spot



Other



Special Line Features

### Water Features



Streams and Canals

### Transportation



Rails



Interstate Highways



US Routes



Major Roads



Local Roads

### Background



Aerial Photography

## MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service

Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Weld County, Colorado, Southern Part

Survey Area Data: Version 20, Aug 31, 2021

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Jul 19, 2018—Aug 10, 2018

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

## Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
32	Kim loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes	7.2	100.0%
Totals for Area of Interest		7.2	100.0%

## Weld County, Colorado, Southern Part

### 32—Kim loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes

#### Map Unit Setting

*National map unit symbol:* 362b

*Elevation:* 4,900 to 5,250 feet

*Mean annual precipitation:* 13 to 17 inches

*Mean annual air temperature:* 46 to 52 degrees F

*Frost-free period:* 125 to 150 days

*Farmland classification:* Prime farmland if irrigated

#### Map Unit Composition

*Kim and similar soils:* 90 percent

*Minor components:* 10 percent

*Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.*

#### Description of Kim

##### Setting

*Landform:* Alluvial fans, plains

*Down-slope shape:* Linear

*Across-slope shape:* Linear

*Parent material:* Mixed eolian deposits derived from sedimentary rock

##### Typical profile

*H1 - 0 to 12 inches:* loam

*H2 - 12 to 40 inches:* loam

*H3 - 40 to 60 inches:* fine sandy loam

##### Properties and qualities

*Slope:* 1 to 3 percent

*Depth to restrictive feature:* More than 80 inches

*Drainage class:* Well drained

*Runoff class:* Very low

*Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water*

*(Ksat):* Moderately high to high (0.57 to 5.95 in/hr)

*Depth to water table:* More than 80 inches

*Frequency of flooding:* None

*Frequency of ponding:* None

*Calcium carbonate, maximum content:* 15 percent

*Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches:* Moderate (about 9.0 inches)

##### Interpretive groups

*Land capability classification (irrigated):* 3e

*Land capability classification (nonirrigated):* 4e

*Hydrologic Soil Group:* A

*Ecological site:* R067BY002CO - Loamy Plains

*Hydric soil rating:* No

### **Minor Components**

#### **Otero**

*Percent of map unit:* 10 percent

*Hydric soil rating:* No

### **Data Source Information**

Soil Survey Area: Weld County, Colorado, Southern Part

Survey Area Data: Version 20, Aug 31, 2021