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PLUG and ABANDONMENT PROCEDURE

COGBURN 7-29

API: 05-123-19184

Description

1. Provide 48-hour notice to COGCC prior to rig up per request on approved Form 6 (e.g. call field coordinator, submit Form 42, etc.). Notify Automation Removal Group at least 24 hours prior to rig move. Request they catch and remove plunger, isolate production equipment, and remove any automation prior to rig MIRU.
2. MIRU Slickline. Pull production equipment and tag bottom. Record tag depth in Open Wells. Gyro was run on 08/06/14. RDMO Slickline.
3. Prepare location for base beam equipped rig. Install perimeter fence as needed.
4. COA: Verify Form 17 (State Bradenhead Test) has been run within 60 days of RU. If Form 17 required sampling, contact Engineering to verify plugging orders before beginning P&A operations.
5. Upon RU, check and record bradenhead pressure. If bradenhead valve is not accessible, re-plumb so that valve is above GL. Blow down bradenhead and re-check pressure the next day. Repeat until pressure stays at 0 psi.
6. Refer to BOP testing guidelines, fluid barrier management, and tripping best practices as applicable. All wireline operations will need a flanged changeover, WL BOP, Lubricator with an ID to fit the largest OD of the toolstring, and a packoff. Please contact foreman to discuss arrangement of stack, or alternate plan. Contact your foremen with any questions regarding standard operating procedures or any potential deviations.
7. MIRU WO rig. Kill well as necessary using biocide treated fresh water. Verify BOP and wellhead rating, inspect for appropriate API standards, pressure test BOP according to BOP testing guidelines. ND WH. NU BOP. Unland tbg using unlanding joint and LD.
8. Once well has been killed, pump an additional 200bbls of water to ensure wellbore is clear of gas. Must maintain full column of fluid or constant pump rate to keep gas out until top perforations are covered with a CIBP.
9. TOOH and SB 3905' of 2-3/8" tbg. LD remaining 2-3/8" tbg.
10. MIRU WL. PU and RIH with (4-1/2", 11.6#) gauge ring to 6810'. POOH.
11. PU and RIH with (4-1/2", 11.6#) CIBP and set at +/- 6800' (collars at 6780' & 6820'). POOH. RDMO WL.
12. Top load hole with biocide treated fresh water. PT CIBP to 500 psi for 15 minutes. A good PT has less than 10% loss in pressure and stabilization at the end of the test. Test can be extended longer in time if need be. Contact Foreman or Engineer to confirm proceeding after pressure test.
13. MIRU WL. PU and RIH with two 3-1/8" perf guns with 3 spf, min 0.5" EHD, 120° phasing. Shoot 4' of squeeze holes at 4210' and 4' of squeeze holes at 3845'. RDMO WL.
14. PU and TIH with (4-1/2", 11.6#) packer on 2-3/8" tbg. Set packer at 3905'.
15. Establish circulation to surface with biocide treated fresh water, and pump 100 bbls to clean up hole. Max pump pressure is 894 psi with fresh water at 2 bpm. If unable to circulate at that pressure, contact engineer.
16. Release packer. TOOH, SB 2-3/8" tbg. LD packer.
17. PU and TIH with (4-1/2", 11.6#) CICR on 2-3/8" tbg. Set CICR at 3905'.

18. MIRU cementers. Pump 10 bbls (min) of pre-flush, followed by 5 bbls fresh water spacer. Pump Sussex Squeeze: 130 sx (32 bbl or 180 cf), assuming 14 ppg & 1.38 cf/sk. Volume is based on 305' below the CICR inside 4-1/2", 11.6# production casing with no excess, 365' in the 4-1/2", 11.6# annulus assuming 7.875" bit size with 60% excess and 190' on top of the CICR to cover top perfs. Collect wet and dry samples of cement to be left on rig. RDMO Cementers.
19. COA: WOC 8 hours. If there is evidence of pressure or fluid migration, contact Engineering as there will need to be additional remediation attempts before the SC shoe plug.
20. Pull out of cement at a rate of 1 jt/min. TOOH to 3215'. Reverse circulate to ensure no cement is left in the tbg.
21. TOOH and SB 1060' of 2-3/8" tbg. LD stinger, and remaining tbg.
22. COA: Confirm and document static conditions in the well before placing the next plug. If there is evidence of pressure or fluid migration at any time after placing the Sussex plug, contact Engineering.
23. PU and RIH with one 4' 3-1/8" perf gun with 4 spf, 120° phasing, and 0.5 EHD. Shoot 4' of squeeze holes at 1500'. POOH. RDMO WL.
24. Establish circulation down production casing out the surface casing with fresh water and several sweeps of mud thinner with the rig pump. Pump at least two hole volumes or until returns are clean. If unable to gain circulation, contact Foreman to discuss reverse circulation. Note: start with rig pump FIRST.
25. Start at 1.5 bpm and slowly STEP up to maintain a minimum of 6 bpm with fresh water and surfactant during the remainder of circulation to promote hole cleaning and residual gas removal.
26. PU and RIH with one 4' 3-1/8" perf gun with 4 spf, 120° phasing, and 0.5 EHD. Shoot 4' of squeeze holes at 1000'. POOH. RDMO WL.
27. PU and TIH with (4.5") CICR on 2.375" tbg. Set CICR at 1060'. Close bradenhead. Pump cement down tubing and out the production casing x tubing annulus.
28. Note: ensure rig crew is ready to pull tubing as soon as cement is done pumping to prevent stuck tubing.
29. MIRU Cementers. Pump 10 bbl pre flush then a 5 bbl water spacer. Pump Bradenhead Circulation Plug: 230 sx (50.4 bbls or 283 cuft) Class G, assuming 15.8 ppg & 1.23 yld with 0.40% Latex, 2% Calcium Chloride, and 4% Gypsum. Mix water must be 70°F (may have to bring out cold water to dilute heated water). Volume is based on 190' in 4.5" production casing on top of the CICR, 440' in 4.5" production casing under the CICR, and 500' in 4.5" production casing x 7.875" open hole with 100% excess. This plug is designed to cover 1500' - 1000'. Collect wet and dry samples of cement to be left on rig. RDMO Cementers. Notify engineering if circulation is ever lost during the job.
30. Pull out of cement at a rate of 1 jt/min. Displace cement with 1 bbl of fresh water. TOOH to 1000'. Forward circulate down tubing, up production casing with 12 ppg mud, if needed, to ensure no cement is left in the tbg and to clean up top perforation holes. TOOH all 2.375" tbg while continuing to fill hole with mud, if needed.
31. Close tubing. Establish circulation down casing and up bradenhead to ensure top perforations are able to circulate before SDFN.
32. COA: Verify and document that all pressure and fluid migration has been eliminated prior to placing the SC shoe plug at 1000'. If there is evidence of pressure or fluid migration, contact Engineering.
33. Open bradenhead - circulate through both surface valves if applicable to the wellhead for water/mud circulation and cement. Establish circulation down the 4-1/2" casing, up the annulus with fresh water and several sweeps of mud thinner. Pump at least two hole volumes (135 bbl) or until returns are clean. Start at 1.5 bpm and slowly STEP up to maintain a minimum of 6 bpm with fresh water and surfactant during the remainder of circulation to promote hole cleaning and residual gas removal.

34. ND BOP. Connect B1 swedge to 4.5" casing.
35. MIRU Cementers. Pump 10 bbl pre flush then a 5 bbl water spacer. Pump surface circulation plug: 440 sx (96.4 bbls or 541 cuft) Class G, assuming 15.8 ppg & 1.23 yld with 0.40% Latex, 2% Calcium Chloride, and 4% Gypsum. Mix water must be 70°F (may have to bring out cold water to dilute heated water). Volume is based on 1000' in 4.5" production casing with no excess, 398' in 4.5" production casing x 7.875 open hole annulus with 100% excess, and 602' in 4.5" production casing x 8-5/8" surface casing annulus with no excess plus an additional 100 sx to reduce chance of gas contaminated cement. This plug is designed to cover 1000' - 0'. Excess is calculated into the job - pump cement until you receive clean 15.8 ppg cement on the backside. Collect wet and dry samples of cement to be left on rig. RDMO Cementers. Notify engineering if circulation is ever lost during the job.
36. Monitor well 4 hours to ensure cement does not fall back. RDMO WO rig.
37. COA: WOC 8 hours. Tag TOC. TOC must be 502' or shallower. If tag is too deep or there is evidence of pressure or fluid migration, contact Engineering.
38. COA: If cement was not circulated to surface, then WOC 4 hours. Tag TOC. TOC must be 552' or shallower. If tag is too deep or there is evidence of pressure or fluid migration, contact Engineering.
39. Instruct cementing and wireline contractors to e-mail copies of all job logs/job summaries to rscDJVendors@anadarko.com within 24 hours of completion of the job.
40. Supervisor submit paper copies of all invoices, logs, and reports to VWP Engineering Specialist.
41. Excavation crew to notify One Call to clear excavation area around wellhead and for flow lines.
42. Excavate hole around surface casing enough to allow welder to cut casing a minimum 5' below ground level.
43. Welder cut casing minimum 5' below ground level.
44. Spot weld on steel marker plate. Marker should contain Well name, Well number, legal location (1/4 1/4 descriptor) and API number.
45. Obtain GPS location data as per COGCC Rule 215 and send to rscDJVendors@anadarko.com.
46. Properly abandon flow lines per Rule 1103. File electronic Form 42 once abandonment is complete.
47. Back fill hole with fill. Clean location, and level.
48. Submit Form 6 to COGCC ensuring to provide 'As performed' WBD identifying operations completed.