

Final Drainage Report for Johnson Trust 13-I Facility

Prepared For:



Extraction Oil & Gas

370 17th St. Suite #5300

Denver, CO 80202

Prepared By:



Petroleum Field Services

7535 Hilltop Circle

Denver, CO 80221

October 28, 2015



October 28, 2015

Mr. Adam Smith
Engineering & Utilities
Town of Frederick
401 Locust Street
Frederick, Colorado 80530

Re: Johnson Trust 13-I Facility

Dear Mr. Smith,

Petroleum Field Services (PFS) has completed a final drainage report for the Johnson Trust 13-I Facility located 85 feet east of Weld County Road 11 and 1,750 feet north of Weld County Road 20.

This report is prepared in accordance to the *Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manuals (USDCM)*, as well as the South Weld I-25 Corridor Master Drainage Plan. The proposed site collects 10 and 100-year developed flows and releases at the historic 10 and 100-year rate. In addition, the outlet structure incorporates water quality measures in accordance with the USDCM. Therefore, the construction of the proposed Johnson Trust 13-I Facility development is in compliance with both the Town of Frederick and UDFCD stormwater criteria.

We look forward to your consideration and feedback of this Final Drainage Report. If you have any further questions or comments, please contact our office at 303-928-7128 or by email at mwelker@petro-fs.com.

Sincerely,

Petroleum Field Services, LLC.

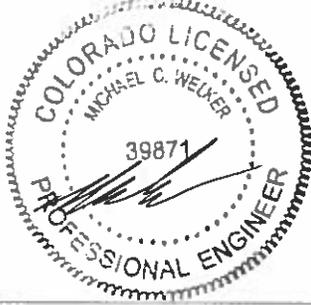
A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "M. Welker". The signature is fluid and cursive, written over a light blue horizontal line.

Michael C. Welker, PE, CFM

Project Engineer

Certification of Engineering

I hereby certify that this report for the final drainage design of Johnson Trust 13-I Facility was prepared by me (or under my direct supervision) in accordance with the provisions of the Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Storm Drainage Criteria and supplemental Town of Frederick requirements for the owners thereof.



Michael C. Welker,

Registered Professional Engineer

State of Colorado No. 39871

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FOLDER POCKET

Johnson Trust 13-I Facility Drainage Plan 24x36	BACK POCKET
Johnson Trust 13-I Facility Pond Drainage Details 1 24x36	BACK POCKET
Johnson Trust 13-I Facility Pond Drainage Details 2 24x36	BACK POCKET
Johnson Trust 13-I Facility Pond Drainage Details 3 24x36	BACK POCKET
Johnson Trust 13-I Facility Drainage Details 4 24x36	BACK POCKET
Johnson Trust 13-I Facility Drainage Details 5 24x36	BACK POCKET

1. General Location and Description

1.1. Location

The Johnson Trust 13-I Facility is located in the Northwest $\frac{1}{4}$ of the Southwest $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 13, Township 2 North, Range 68 West of the 6th Principal Meridian, Town of Frederick, County of Weld, State of Colorado. It is physically located 85 feet east of Weld County Road 11 and 1,750 feet north of Weld County Road 20 (see Vicinity Map in Appendix A for exact location). A drainage ditch is located just east of the site, and a roadside ditch is just west. The site is surrounded by dry crop land.

1.2. Description of the Property

The proposed site is approximately 6.0 acres in area and consists of a well pad that will be partially reclaimed. The remaining pad with an area of 3.8 acres will be repurposed to operate and maintain oil production facilities. The facilities will consist of three water tanks, 18 oil tanks, nine separators, four vapor recovery units, two vapor recovery towers, and eight emission combustion devices. There will be a topsoil stockpile located along the south edge of the pad, a portion of this will be used for reclamation, and the footprint will remain unchanged following reclamation.

Drainage facilities, including a detention pond, an emergency spillway, and outlet structures are proposed to the southwest of the proposed production facility pad. Swales are also proposed along the east, north and south edges of the pad which, along with the proposed landscaping berm, will redirect offsite stormwater around the site. An additional swale will be located along the western edge of the pad to convey onsite stormwater to the proposed detention pond.

As determined by the USDA Web Soil Survey, the historical soils on within the proposed basin are Nelson fine sandy loam and Olney fine sandy loam. The hydrologic soil property is a 100% hydrologic type B. Offsite basin 1 contains Vona Sandy Loam (hydrological type A) in addition to the previously mentioned soil types (see Hydrologic Soils Map in Appendix A). The historical site generally slopes from the east to the west with slopes ranging from 0 to 9%. The percent imperviousness for the historical site is 2%. Upon completion of development, the proposed site will be a combination of native planted areas and compacted gravel. The composite percent imperviousness will be 36.00% (please see calculations in Appendix B for details).

2. Drainage Basins and Sub-Basins

2.1. Major Basin Description

The project is located inside the Godding Hollow Basin defined in the South Weld I-25 Corridor (see Basin Map in Appendix A), thus the proposed drainage plan is designed in accordance to the South Weld I-25 Corridor Master Drainage Plan. The Weld County Road 11 ditch lies just west of the proposed site. Onsite stormwater will be detained within the pond and released at a

historical 10 and 100 year rate into the roadside ditch. As indicated by the Weld County FEMA Map Index, the proposed site is within Panel Number 080244-1890E, panel 1890 of 2250, which accompanies preliminary flood insurance study number 08123CV000A, issued May 31, 2013 (please see FEMA Firmette in Appendix A). The Johnson Trust 13-I site is shown to not be located within Zone A floodplain, and therefore FEMA considers it as an area of minimal flooding.

2.2. Sub-Basin Description

Stormwater historically drains from the east to the west of the site.

Offsite stormwater, which flows from the east, is redirected around the site via a combination of berms and swales. Onsite runoff drains to the proposed detention pond and then outlets to the existing Weld County Road 11 ditch.

The proposed swales at the east and west form the boundary of a single drainage basin of the proposed site. Onsite stormwater follows the recommendation from the Town of Frederick and flows to the proposed detention pond via proposed swales and drains to the southwest corner by an outlet pipe.

2.3. Summary Table

Refer to Appendix B for the summary tables.

3. Drainage Design Criteria

3.1. Development Criteria Reference and Constraints

The South Weld I-25 Corridor Master Drainage Plan was used to analyze the existing drainage pattern due to the proposed site being located within the Godding Hollow drainage basin.

In its existing condition, stormwater from the site flows undetained to the existing Weld County Road 11 drainage ditch. After construction of the proposed site, developed stormwater will be routed through the detention pond and travel via an outlet pipe west to the Weld County Road 11 ditch at the historical rate.

3.2. Hydrological Criteria

This proposed drainage plan follows the *Town of Frederick Design Standards and Specifications and Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manuals (USDCM)(Volumes 1-3)*. The minor and major design storm frequency for the design of the detention pond is 10 years and 100 years. As indicated in the NOAA Atlas in Appendix A, the associated one hour point rainfalls are 1.39 inches and 2.72 inches respectively.

As the on-site basin is less than 160 acres (6.0 acres), the rational method was used to compute the runoff. The weighted percent imperviousness and runoff coefficient were calculated for Basin 1 for the proposed development using USDCM RO-3 and RO-4, and Equations RO-6

and RO-7. The time of concentration was calculated using USDCM Table RO-2 and Equation RO-2, RO-3, RO-4, and RO-5.

The detention pond is sized by the difference between 100-year fully developed runoff rate and the allowable 100-year release rate per UDFCD table SO-1. The storage volume of the detention pond was computed by the Modified FAA Method using UDFCD UD-Detention_v2.34 Spreadsheet.

Please see Hydrological Computations in Appendix B for details.

3.3. Hydraulic Criteria

The hydraulic structure proposed on-site includes one detention pond, outlet structures, an emergency spillway, and swales.

The outlet structures of the detention pond were computed using the UDFCD UD-Detention_v2.34 Spreadsheet. These hydraulic calculations include Stage Storage Sizing for Detention Basins, Stage-Discharge Sizing of the Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Outlet, Restrictor Plate Sizing for Circular Vertical Orifices, Stage-Discharge Sizing of the Weirs and Orifices, Stage-Discharge Sizing of the Outlet Culvert, and Stage-Discharge Sizing of the Spillway. Water quality capture volume was determined with a 40-hour drain time. The Water Quality trash screen size and trash rack over the outlet were calculated per USDCM V3 Chapter 4 Outlet Structure. Please see Hydraulic Computations in Appendix C for details.

4. Drainage Facility Design

4.1. General Concept

As mentioned in section 3.1 Development Criteria Reference and Constraints, the existing condition has runoff from the site flowing to the southwest and undetained across the field to the existing Weld County Road 11 Ditch.

Runoff will be collected into a detention pond, released at a 10 and 100-year historical rate to the southwest corner of the site, then conveyed via existing ditch and follow the existing flow line to the historical low point 15 feet south of the outlet pipe, at the intersection of Weld County Road 11 and an existing culvert, which flows via existing ditch to the Godding Hollow drainage channel.

An outlet structure and emergency spillway will be constructed at the west end of the detention pond to convey flows offsite.

Water quality will be incorporated in the outlet structure and a micropool is proposed to control sedimentation.

4.2. Specific Details

The depth of the proposed detention pond is 3.4 ft. (including 1.0 ft of freeboard) with the 100 year water surface elevation at 4914.0 ft and the invert of the outlet pipe at 4911.35 ft. The proposed detention pond has a calculated storage volume of 0.384 acre-ft. The proposed detention pond is graded with a 4:1 interior side slope and provides 1 foot of freeboard above the developed 100-year water surface elevation. The associated outlet structure includes a water quality plate, a restrictor plate, and one 15-inch outlet pipe. The diameter of the holes in the water quality plate is 0.625 inches.

An emergency spillway, which is designed to provide failure protection for the embankment in the event the outlet is clogged, is designed with 4:1 side slopes and a length of 40 feet at the 100 year water surface elevation of 4914.0 ft.

The owner is responsible for maintaining the operation and access of the drainage facilities. The proposed detention pond can be accessed from WCR 11, and on-site access roads. The disturbed area of the detention pond will be re-seeded. Any vegetation should be trimmed. Any debris or trash from the trash grates attached to the outlet structure should be cleaned. Any sediment from the micropool box should be cleaned out regularly. Any blockage in the culverts, ditches, or outlet pipes should be removed to keep the drainage facilities at full capacity.

In its existing condition, stormwater from the site flows undetained to the existing WCR 11 ditch. The water flows across the pad in a southwestern direction towards this ditch. As mentioned in section 1.2 of the Drainage Report, the proposed site is developed in two construction phases. Phase 1 includes the construction of the well pad and the installation of a modular large volume tank (MLVT). Failure of the MLVT tank would result in a flow with a hydraulic depth of 0.63 ft. Therefore, the location of the 10 ft. tall topsoil stockpile to the south of the pad, the 3:1 cut slope on the east and southeast edge of the pad, and the east to west slope of the site will be sufficient in protecting the residential development, and flow at an acceptable volume southwest into the Godding Hollow drainage basin. The flow of the tank in the event of a failure was calculated to be 392 cfs. For reference, the South Weld I-25 Corridor Master Drainage Plan, section 4.13, table 4.4, lists the 100-yr peak discharge for the Godding Hollow Basin in the area in the vicinity of our site (i.e. between WCR 22 and WCR 20) as 4,583 cfs. Phase 2 construction includes the partially reclaimed well pad and repurposing the remaining pad to an oil production facility. After construction of the proposed site, developed stormwater will be routed through the detention pond and travel via swale west to the borrow ditch of Weld County Road 11.

The existing Weld County Road 11 borrow ditch has been rerouted to accommodate an 18 inch equivalent reinforced concrete culvert (see detail sheet DP1) in order to keep the permanent access road at a maximum 10% grade for emergency vehicles. The reroute of the ditch has been proposed to maintain the existing average cross section and hydraulic grade line, with a maximum slope of 2%.

4.3. Summary Tables

Refer to Appendix B and C for the summary tables.

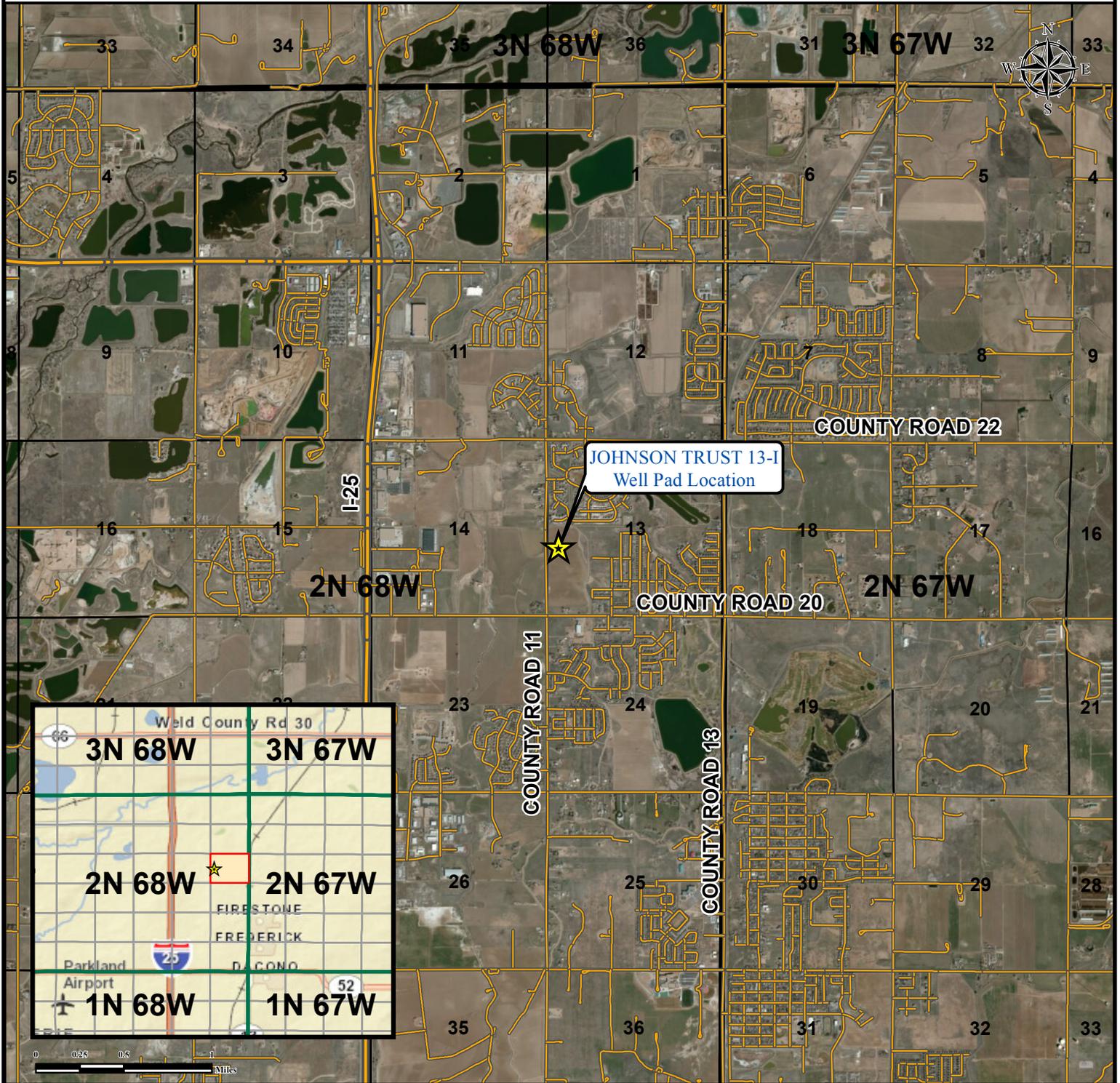
5. Conclusion

The hydrologic and hydraulic calculations associated with the proposed drainage plan follow the *Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manuals (USDCM)*. These calculations show that the detention pond will detain the difference of developed 100-year flow and the 10 and 100-year historic release rate. The outlet structure will be able to control water quality, detain the 10 and 100-year stormwater, and release stormwater runoff at the 10 and 100-year historic rate. The emergency spillway will be able to release storm runoff at the 100-year developed flow rate. Thus, the Town of Frederick's stormwater requirements have been met and stormwater impacts due to proposed development have been mitigated.

6. References

1. Town of Frederick Design Standards and Construction Specifications; Town of Frederick, Weld County; Colorado
2. Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Vol. 1, 2 and 3; Urban Drainage and Flood Control District; Latest Revision
3. Hydrologic Group Rating for Town of Frederick, Weld County, Colorado, Northern Part ; USDA-Natural Resources Conservation Services; National Cooperative Soil Survey
4. FEMA FIRM Flood Insurance Rate Map, Map Number 080266-0864C; Federal Emergency Management Agency: September 28, 1982
5. South Weld I-25 Corridor Master Drainage Plan; Anderson Consulting Engineers, Inc.: February 17, 2000

JOHNSON TRUST 13-I PAD VICINITY MAP



Legend

JOHNSON TRUST 13-I Well Pad Location

Roads



FIELD DATE:
07-12-14

DRAWING DATE:
03-23-15

BY:
CSG

CHECKED BY:
FMB

SITE NAME:
JOHNSON TRUST 13-I PAD

SURFACE LOCATION:
NW1/4 SW1/4, SEC. 13, T2N, R68W, 6TH P.M.
WELD COUNTY, COLORADO

PREPARED FOR:





APPROXIMATE
SCALE:
1 INCH = 1 MILE

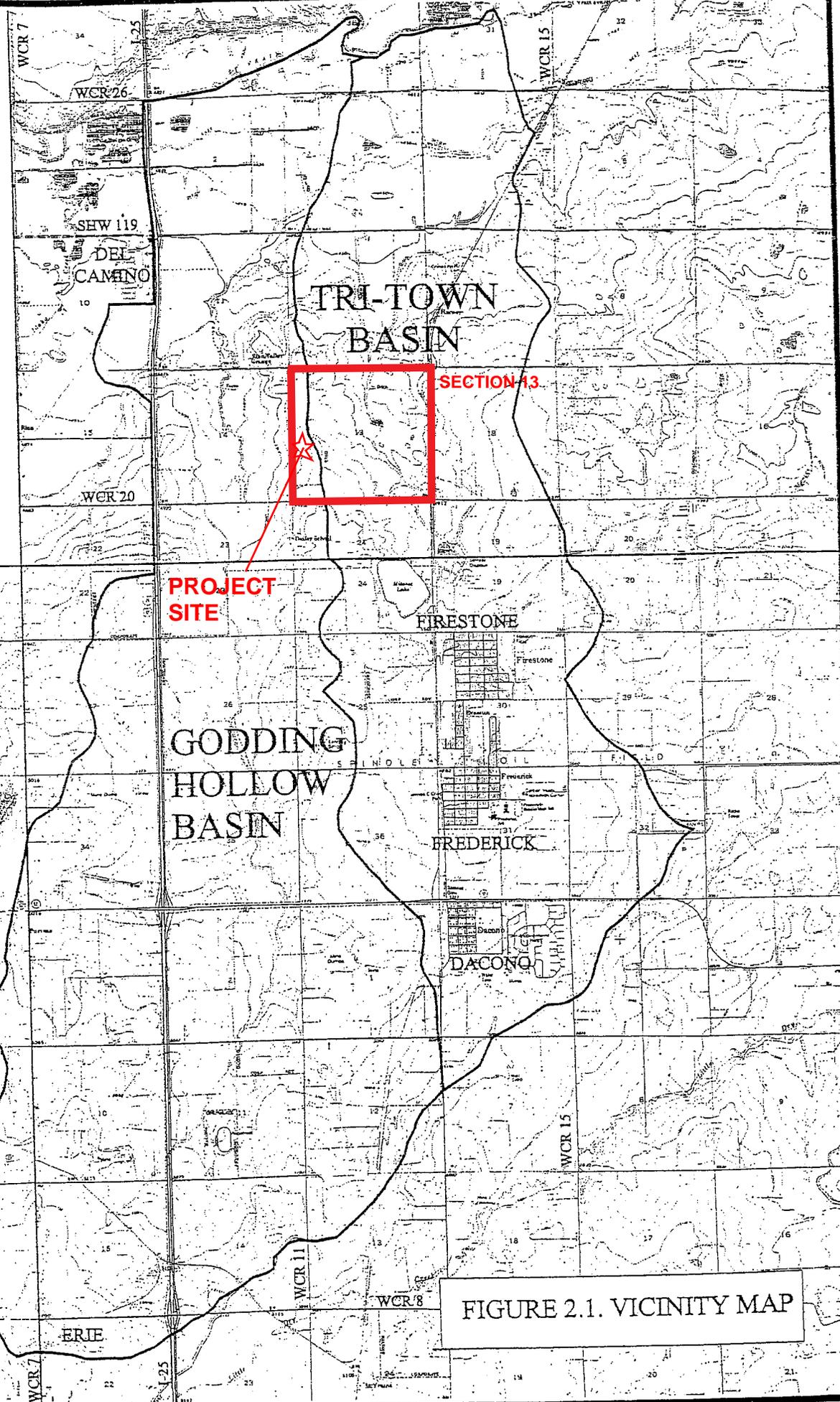
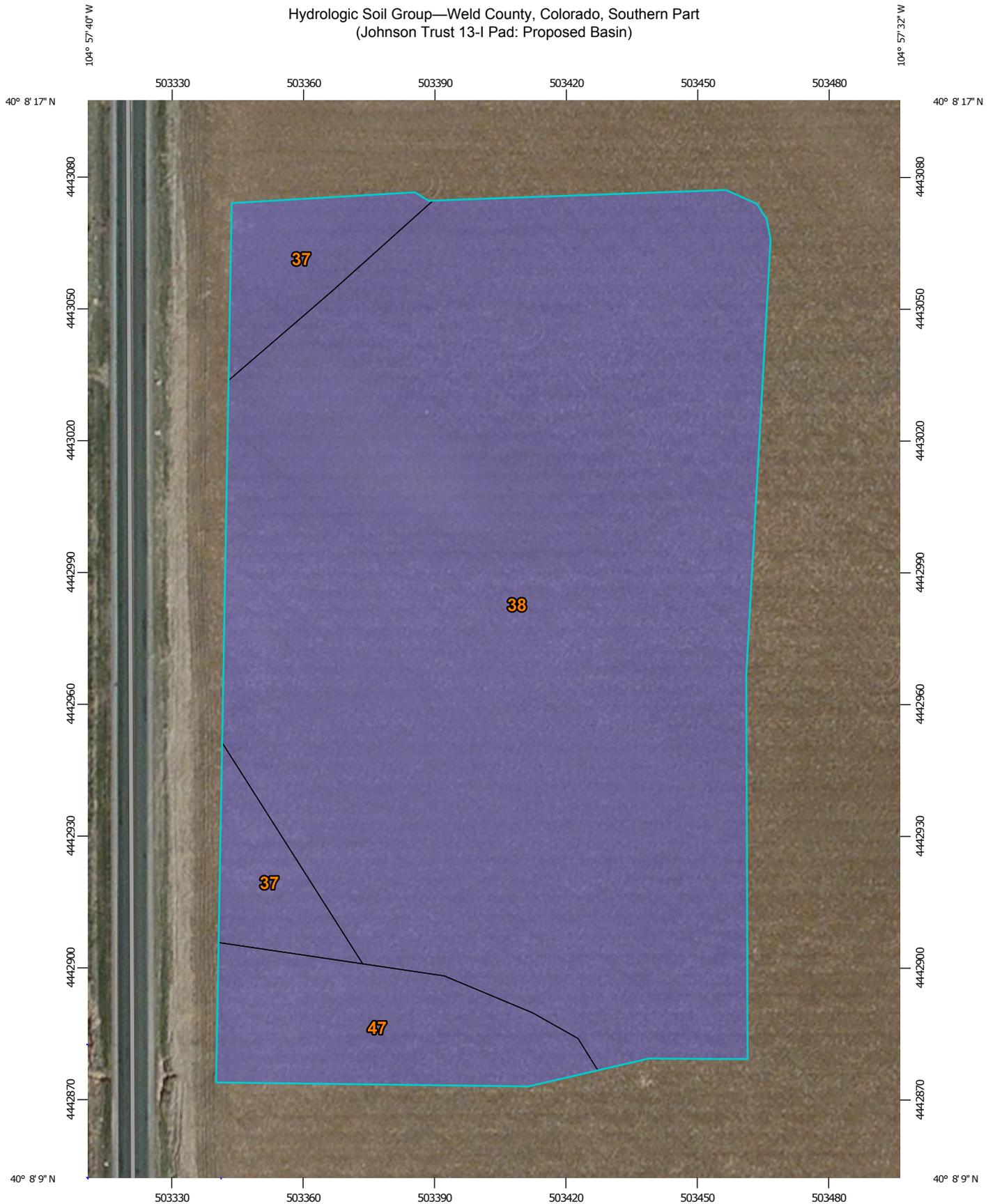
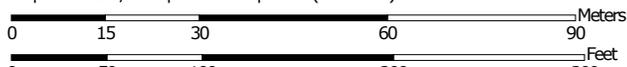


FIGURE 2.1. VICINITY MAP

Hydrologic Soil Group—Weld County, Colorado, Southern Part
(Johnson Trust 13-I Pad: Proposed Basin)



Map Scale: 1:1,200 if printed on A portrait (8.5" x 11") sheet.



Map projection: Web Mercator Corner coordinates: WGS84 Edge tics: UTM Zone 13N WGS84



MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)

 Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

Soil Rating Polygons

 A
 A/D
 B
 B/D
 C
 C/D
 D
 Not rated or not available

Soil Rating Lines

 A
 A/D
 B
 B/D
 C
 C/D
 D
 Not rated or not available

Soil Rating Points

 A
 A/D
 B
 B/D

 C
 C/D
 D
 Not rated or not available

Water Features

 Streams and Canals

Transportation

 Rails
 Interstate Highways
 US Routes
 Major Roads
 Local Roads

Background

 Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service
 Web Soil Survey URL: <http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov>
 Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Weld County, Colorado, Southern Part
 Survey Area Data: Version 14, Sep 22, 2015

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Mar 16, 2012—Apr 13, 2012

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Hydrologic Soil Group

Hydrologic Soil Group— Summary by Map Unit — Weld County, Colorado, Southern Part (CO618)				
Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
37	Nelson fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	B	0.4	7.1%
38	Nelson fine sandy loam, 3 to 9 percent slopes	B	5.1	84.4%
47	Olney fine sandy loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes	B	0.5	8.4%
Totals for Area of Interest			6.0	100.0%

Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

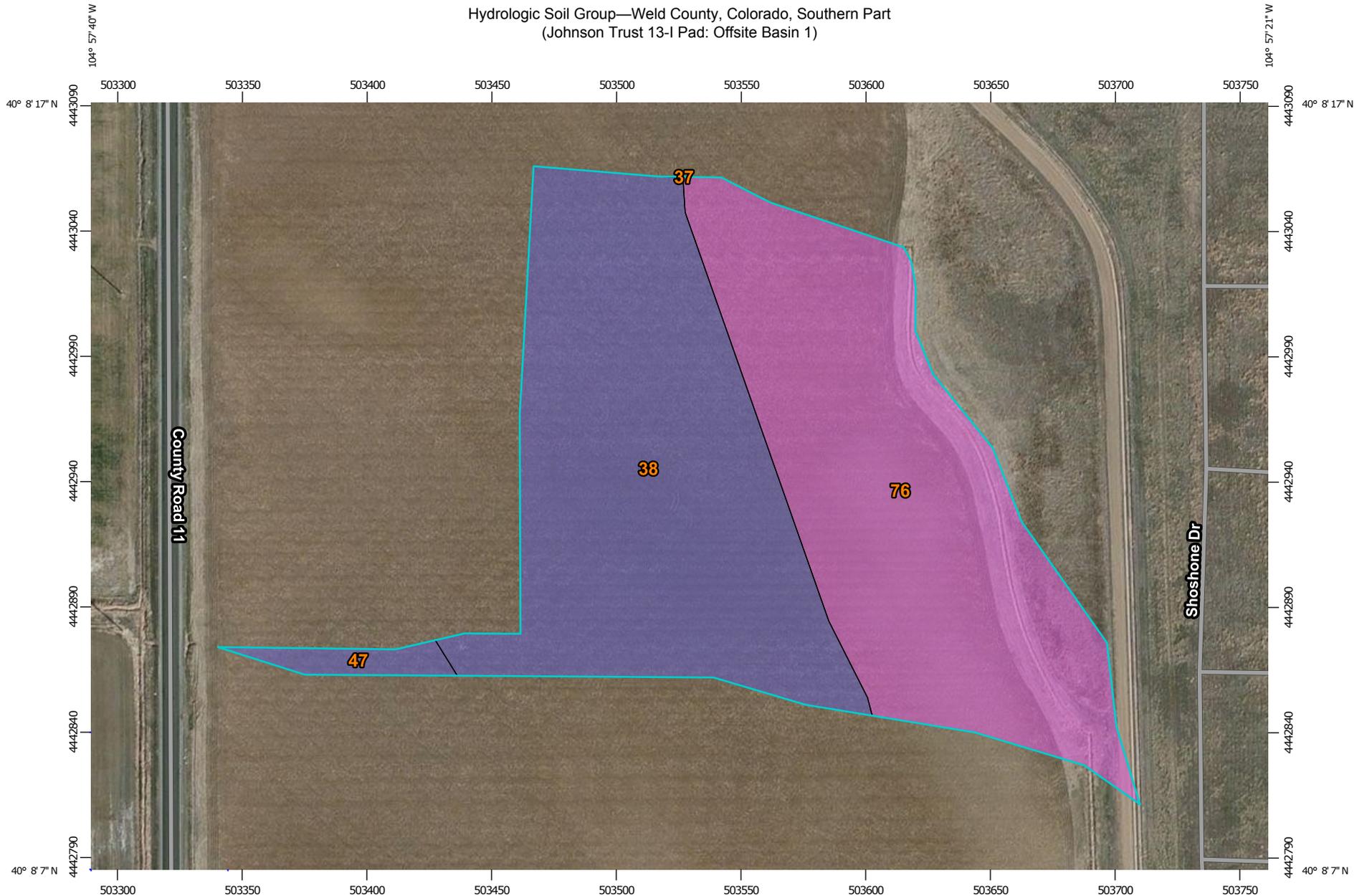
Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition

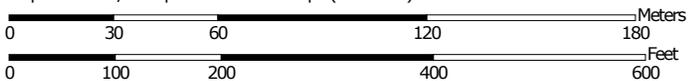
Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher

Hydrologic Soil Group—Weld County, Colorado, Southern Part
(Johnson Trust 13-I Pad: Offsite Basin 1)



Map Scale: 1:2,160 if printed on A landscape (11" x 8.5") sheet.



Map projection: Web Mercator Corner coordinates: WGS84 Edge tics: UTM Zone 13N WGS84



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Soil Rating Polygons

 A
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 C/D
 D
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 C
 C/D
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Soil Rating Points

 A
 A/D
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 B/D

 C
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47	Olney fine sandy loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes	B	0.2	2.0%
76	Vona sandy loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes	A	4.8	47.9%
Totals for Area of Interest			10.0	100.0%

Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

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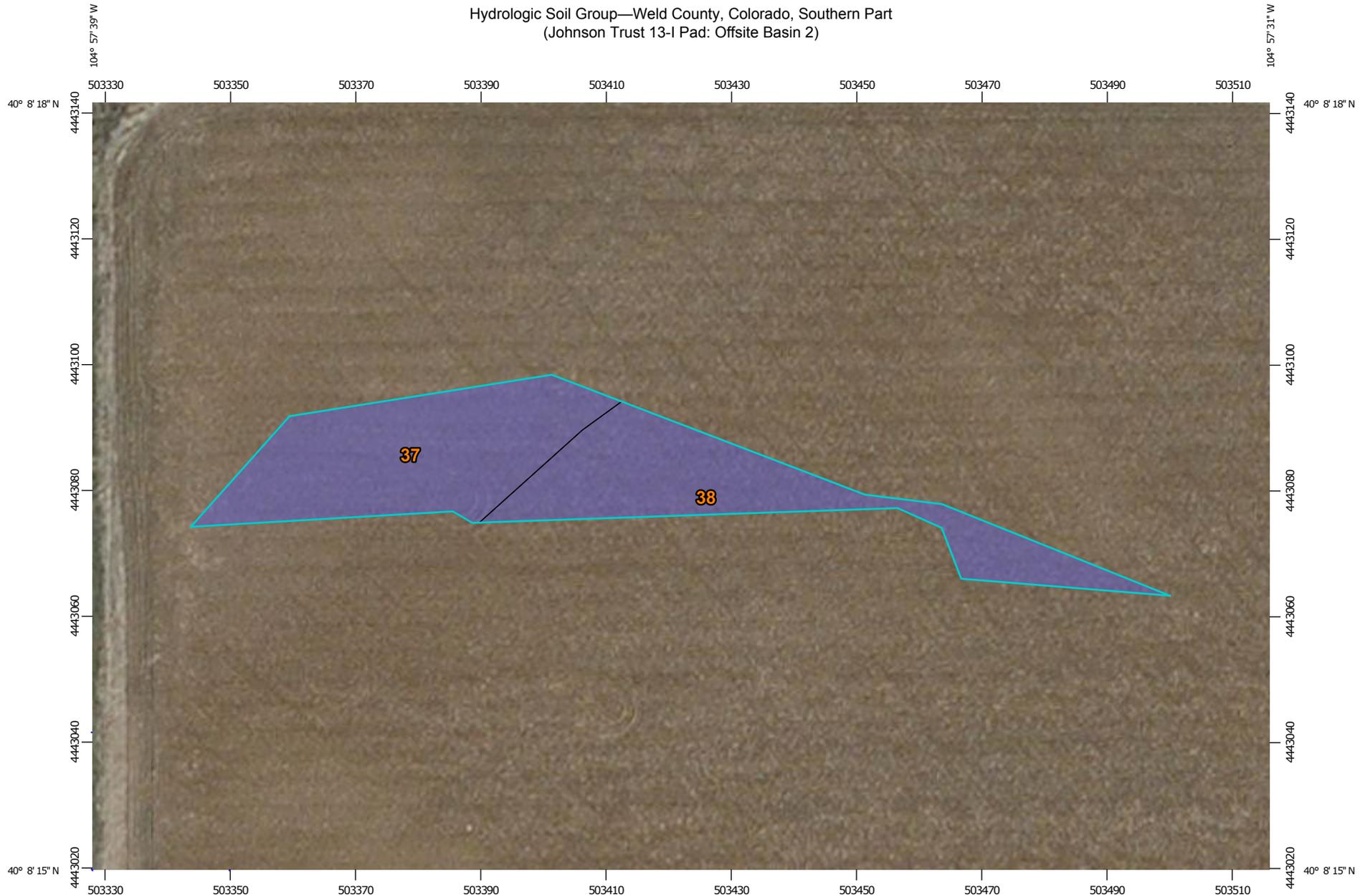
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Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition

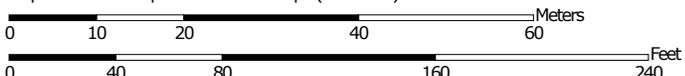
Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher

Hydrologic Soil Group—Weld County, Colorado, Southern Part
(Johnson Trust 13-I Pad: Offsite Basin 2)



Map Scale: 1:860 if printed on A landscape (11" x 8.5") sheet.



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Soil Survey Area: Weld County, Colorado, Southern Part
 Survey Area Data: Version 14, Sep 22, 2015

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Mar 16, 2012—Apr 13, 2012

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Hydrologic Soil Group

Hydrologic Soil Group— Summary by Map Unit — Weld County, Colorado, Southern Part (CO618)				
Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
37	Nelson fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	B	0.2	53.0%
38	Nelson fine sandy loam, 3 to 9 percent slopes	B	0.2	47.0%
Totals for Area of Interest			0.4	100.0%

Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition

Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher



NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 8, Version 2
Location name: Longmont, Colorado, US*
Latitude: 40.1376°, Longitude: -104.9596°
Elevation: 4926 ft*
 * source: Google Maps



POINT PRECIPITATION FREQUENCY ESTIMATES

Sanja Perica, Deborah Martin, Sandra Pavlovic, Ishani Roy, Michael St. Laurent, Carl Trypaluk,
 Dale Unruh, Michael Yekta, Geoffery Bonnin

NOAA, National Weather Service, Silver Spring, Maryland

[PF_tabular](#) | [PF_graphical](#) | [Maps & aeriels](#)

PF tabular

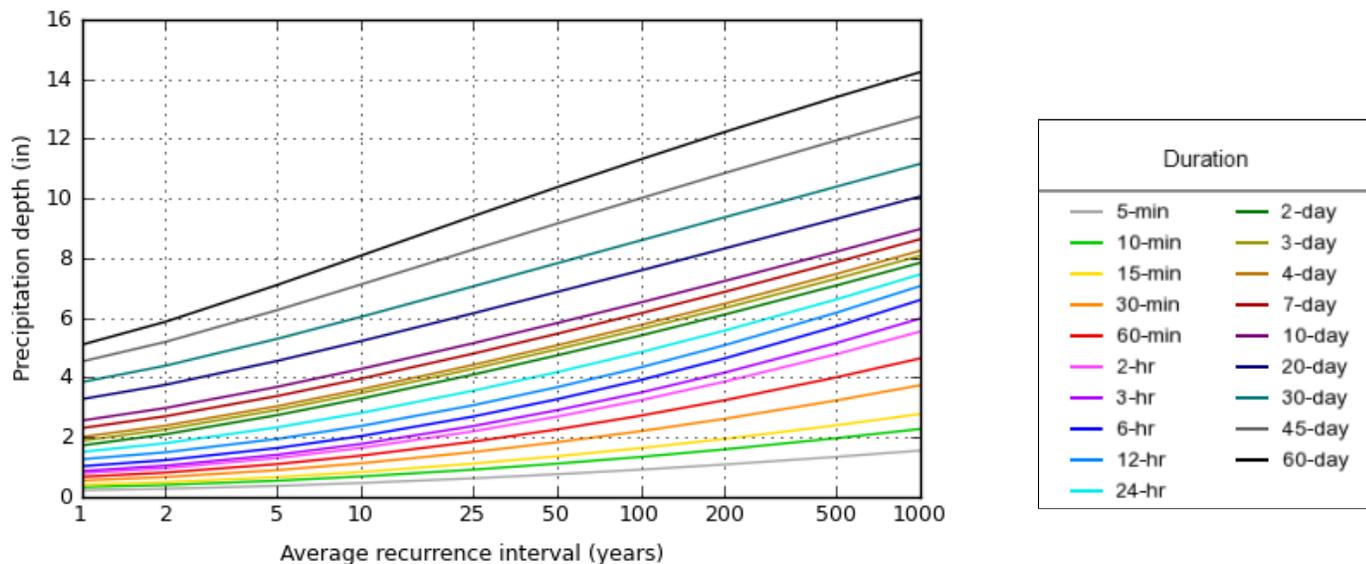
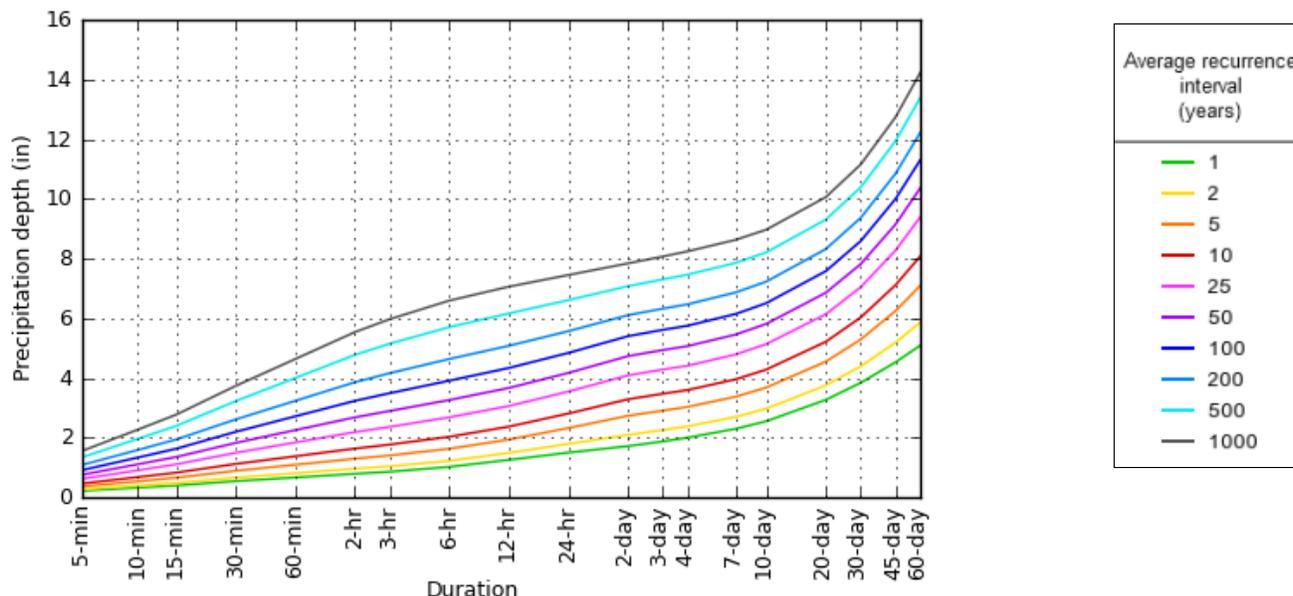
PDS-based point precipitation frequency estimates with 90% confidence intervals (in inches)¹										
Duration	Average recurrence interval (years)									
	1	2	5	10	25	50	100	200	500	1000
5-min	0.228 (0.176-0.297)	0.277 (0.213-0.360)	0.374 (0.287-0.487)	0.470 (0.358-0.615)	0.625 (0.473-0.881)	0.763 (0.559-1.08)	0.917 (0.650-1.33)	1.09 (0.742-1.63)	1.34 (0.880-2.06)	1.56 (0.985-2.39)
10-min	0.334 (0.258-0.434)	0.406 (0.312-0.528)	0.547 (0.420-0.714)	0.688 (0.525-0.901)	0.915 (0.692-1.29)	1.12 (0.819-1.58)	1.34 (0.952-1.95)	1.60 (1.09-2.39)	1.97 (1.29-3.02)	2.28 (1.44-3.50)
15-min	0.408 (0.314-0.530)	0.495 (0.381-0.644)	0.667 (0.512-0.870)	0.838 (0.640-1.10)	1.12 (0.844-1.57)	1.36 (0.999-1.93)	1.64 (1.16-2.38)	1.95 (1.32-2.91)	2.40 (1.57-3.69)	2.78 (1.76-4.27)
30-min	0.553 (0.426-0.718)	0.669 (0.515-0.870)	0.900 (0.690-1.17)	1.13 (0.861-1.48)	1.50 (1.14-2.12)	1.83 (1.34-2.60)	2.20 (1.56-3.21)	2.62 (1.78-3.92)	3.23 (2.12-4.96)	3.74 (2.37-5.76)
60-min	0.676 (0.521-0.878)	0.819 (0.630-1.06)	1.10 (0.845-1.44)	1.39 (1.06-1.82)	1.85 (1.40-2.61)	2.26 (1.66-3.21)	2.72 (1.93-3.96)	3.24 (2.21-4.85)	4.00 (2.62-6.15)	4.64 (2.94-7.14)
2-hr	0.800 (0.623-1.02)	0.968 (0.753-1.24)	1.30 (1.01-1.68)	1.64 (1.27-2.13)	2.19 (1.68-3.06)	2.69 (1.99-3.77)	3.24 (2.32-4.65)	3.86 (2.66-5.70)	4.78 (3.16-7.24)	5.54 (3.54-8.40)
3-hr	0.868 (0.681-1.10)	1.05 (0.822-1.34)	1.41 (1.10-1.80)	1.78 (1.38-2.28)	2.37 (1.83-3.28)	2.90 (2.17-4.03)	3.50 (2.52-4.98)	4.17 (2.89-6.09)	5.15 (3.43-7.74)	5.97 (3.85-8.98)
6-hr	1.03 (0.817-1.29)	1.23 (0.978-1.55)	1.64 (1.29-2.06)	2.04 (1.60-2.58)	2.69 (2.09-3.66)	3.27 (2.47-4.47)	3.92 (2.85-5.49)	4.64 (3.25-6.68)	5.71 (3.84-8.44)	6.60 (4.29-9.77)
12-hr	1.26 (1.01-1.57)	1.50 (1.20-1.86)	1.94 (1.55-2.42)	2.38 (1.89-2.97)	3.07 (2.40-4.09)	3.67 (2.79-4.93)	4.34 (3.19-5.97)	5.08 (3.59-7.19)	6.17 (4.19-8.96)	7.06 (4.64-10.3)
24-hr	1.51 (1.23-1.84)	1.80 (1.46-2.21)	2.33 (1.88-2.86)	2.82 (2.26-3.47)	3.55 (2.80-4.62)	4.18 (3.20-5.49)	4.85 (3.59-6.53)	5.57 (3.97-7.72)	6.61 (4.53-9.42)	7.45 (4.95-10.7)
2-day	1.73 (1.42-2.08)	2.10 (1.72-2.54)	2.74 (2.24-3.32)	3.29 (2.68-4.01)	4.09 (3.23-5.19)	4.74 (3.65-6.08)	5.41 (4.03-7.13)	6.11 (4.38-8.28)	7.08 (4.88-9.88)	7.84 (5.27-11.1)
3-day	1.88 (1.56-2.25)	2.26 (1.87-2.71)	2.92 (2.40-3.50)	3.48 (2.85-4.20)	4.29 (3.41-5.39)	4.94 (3.84-6.29)	5.62 (4.22-7.33)	6.33 (4.57-8.50)	7.31 (5.07-10.1)	8.07 (5.46-11.3)
4-day	2.01 (1.67-2.39)	2.39 (1.99-2.85)	3.04 (2.52-3.63)	3.60 (2.96-4.32)	4.42 (3.53-5.51)	5.07 (3.96-6.42)	5.76 (4.35-7.47)	6.47 (4.69-8.64)	7.46 (5.21-10.2)	8.24 (5.60-11.5)
7-day	2.31 (1.94-2.71)	2.70 (2.27-3.18)	3.38 (2.82-3.99)	3.96 (3.29-4.70)	4.79 (3.87-5.90)	5.46 (4.30-6.81)	6.15 (4.68-7.87)	6.87 (5.03-9.04)	7.86 (5.53-10.6)	8.63 (5.92-11.8)
10-day	2.56 (2.16-2.99)	2.98 (2.51-3.48)	3.69 (3.10-4.32)	4.29 (3.59-5.05)	5.14 (4.17-6.27)	5.82 (4.61-7.19)	6.51 (4.99-8.26)	7.23 (5.32-9.43)	8.21 (5.81-11.0)	8.97 (6.18-12.2)
20-day	3.27 (2.80-3.77)	3.76 (3.21-4.33)	4.55 (3.88-5.26)	5.22 (4.42-6.05)	6.14 (5.03-7.35)	6.86 (5.49-8.33)	7.58 (5.87-9.44)	8.32 (6.18-10.6)	9.31 (6.66-12.3)	10.1 (7.01-13.5)
30-day	3.85 (3.31-4.39)	4.40 (3.78-5.02)	5.29 (4.54-6.06)	6.03 (5.14-6.94)	7.04 (5.80-8.33)	7.82 (6.30-9.39)	8.59 (6.69-10.6)	9.37 (7.00-11.9)	10.4 (7.47-13.5)	11.2 (7.83-14.8)
45-day	4.53 (3.93-5.13)	5.19 (4.50-5.88)	6.25 (5.40-7.10)	7.12 (6.11-8.11)	8.28 (6.85-9.68)	9.15 (7.41-10.9)	10.0 (7.84-12.2)	10.8 (8.15-13.6)	11.9 (8.64-15.4)	12.7 (9.00-16.7)
60-day	5.09 (4.44-5.73)	5.87 (5.11-6.60)	7.09 (6.16-8.00)	8.08 (6.98-9.16)	9.39 (7.81-10.9)	10.4 (8.43-12.2)	11.3 (8.89-13.6)	12.2 (9.23-15.2)	13.4 (9.72-17.1)	14.2 (10.1-18.5)

¹ Precipitation frequency (PF) estimates in this table are based on frequency analysis of partial duration series (PDS). Numbers in parenthesis are PF estimates at lower and upper bounds of the 90% confidence interval. The probability that precipitation frequency estimates (for a given duration and average recurrence interval) will be greater than the upper bound (or less than the lower bound) is 5%. Estimates at upper bounds are not checked against probable maximum precipitation (PMP) estimates and may be higher than currently valid PMP values. Please refer to NOAA Atlas 14 document for more information.

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PF graphical

PDS-based depth-duration-frequency (DDF) curves
 Latitude: 40.1376°, Longitude: -104.9596°



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Maps & aerials

Small scale terrain





Large scale terrain



Large scale map



Large scale aerial





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1325 East West Highway
Silver Spring, MD 20910
Questions?: HDSC.Questions@noaa.gov

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COMPOSITE BASIN -WEIGHTED "% IMPERVIOUS" CALCULATIONS

-REFERENCE : UDFCD V.1 Chapter 5 Runoff Table RO-3 Recommended Percentage Imperviousness Values

	Undeveloped areas			Street								Total Area	Percent Imperv.
	Historic flow analysis	Greenbelts, Agricultural	Off-site flow analysis (when land use not defined)	Paved	Gravel	Recycled asphalts	Dives and walks	Roofs					
% Imperv.	2.00%	2.00%	45.00%	100.00%	40.00%	75.00%	90.00%	90.00%					
BASIN	Area	Area	Area	Area	Area	Area	Area	Area	Area	Area	Area		
Proposed Basin		1.80			3.38		0.84					6.02	36.00%
												0.00	0.00%
												0.00	0.00%
												0.00	0.00%
												0.00	0.00%
												0.00	0.00%
												6.02	36.00%
Offsite Basin 1	10.02											10.02	2.00%
												0.00	0.00%
												0.00	0.00%
												10.02	2.00%
Offsite Basin 2	0.45											0.45	2.00%
												0.00	0.00%
												0.00	0.00%
												0.45	2.00%
												0.00	0.00%
												0.00	0.00%
												0.00	#DIV/0!

COMPOSITE BASIN -WEIGHTED "C" CALCULATIONS

REFERENCE UDFCD V.1 Chapter 5 Runoff

$$C_A = K_A + (1.31i^3 - 1.44i^2 + 1.135i - 0.12) \text{ for } C_A > 0, \text{ otherwise } C_A = 0 \quad \text{(RO-6)}$$

$$C_B = (C_A + C_{CD})/2$$

$$C_{CD} = K_{CD} + (0.858i^3 - 0.786i^2 + 0.774i + 0.04) \quad \text{(RO-7)}$$

i = % imperviousness/100 expressed as a decimal

K_A = Correction factor for Type A soils

K_{CD} = Correction factor for Type C and Type D soils

Correction Factors, K_A & K_{CD}

Soil Type	Storm Return Period		
	5-Year	10-Year	100-Year
A	$-0.08i + 0.09$	$-0.14i + 0.17$	$-0.25i + 0.32$
C or D	$-0.10i + 0.11$	$-0.18i + 0.21$	$-0.39i + 0.46$

Basin ID	% Imperv.	i	Soil Type	Correction Factors, K_A & K_{CD}			Runoff Coefficients, C			Basin Area	Total Area	Weighted Runoff Coefficients, C		
				5-Year	10-Year	100-Year	5-Year	10-Year	100-Year			5-Year	10-Year	100-Year
Proposed Basin	36.00%	0.36	A	0.06	0.12	0.23	0.22	0.28	0.39	0.00	6.02	0.28	0.34	0.48
			B	-	-	-	0.28	0.34	0.48	6.02				
			C or D	0.07	0.15	0.32	0.33	0.40	0.58	0.00				
0	0.00%	0.00	A	0.09	0.17	0.32	0.00	0.05	0.20	0.00	0.0	-	-	-
			B	-	-	-	0.08	0.15	0.35	0.00				
			C or D	0.11	0.21	0.46	0.15	0.25	0.50	0.00				
0	0.00%	0.00	A	0.09	0.17	0.32	0.00	0.05	0.20	0.00	0.0	-	-	-
			B	-	-	-	0.08	0.15	0.35	0.00				
			C or D	0.11	0.21	0.46	0.15	0.25	0.50	0.00				
0	0.00%	0.00	A	0.09	0.17	0.32	0.00	0.05	0.20	0.00	0.0	-	-	-
			B	-	-	-	0.08	0.15	0.35	0.00				
			C or D	0.11	0.21	0.46	0.15	0.25	0.50	0.00				
0	0.00%	0.00	A	0.09	0.17	0.32	0.00	0.05	0.20	0.00	0.0	-	-	-
			B	-	-	-	0.08	0.15	0.35	0.00				
			C or D	0.11	0.21	0.46	0.15	0.25	0.50	0.00				
0	0.00%	0.00	A	0.09	0.17	0.32	0.00	0.05	0.20	0.00	0.0	-	-	-
			B	-	-	-	0.08	0.15	0.35	0.00				
			C or D	0.11	0.21	0.46	0.15	0.25	0.50	0.00				
Offsite Basin 1	2.00%	0.02	A	0.09	0.17	0.32	0.00	0.07	0.22	4.81	10.0	0.04	0.12	0.29
			B	-	-	-	0.08	0.17	0.36	5.21				
			C or D	0.11	0.21	0.45	0.16	0.26	0.507	0.00				
0	0.00%	0.00	A	0.09	0.17	0.32	0.00	0.05	0.20	0.00	0.0	-	-	-
			B	-	-	-	0.08	0.15	0.35	0.00				
			C or D	0.11	0.21	0.46	0.15	0.25	0.500	0.00				
0	0.00%	0.00	A	0.09	0.17	0.32	0.00	0.05	0.20	0.00	0.0	-	-	-
			B	-	-	-	0.08	0.15	0.35	0.00				
			C or D	0.11	0.21	0.46	0.15	0.25	0.50	0.00				
Offsite Basin 2	2.00%	0.02	A	0.09	0.17	0.32	0.00	0.07	0.22	0.45	0.5	0.08	0.17	0.36
			B	-	-	-	0.08	0.17	0.36	0.45				
			C or D	0.11	0.21	0.45	0.16	0.26	0.51	0.00				

Time of Concentration

<i>REFERENCE UDFCD V.1 Chapter 5 Runoff Table RO-2. Conveyance Coefficient, C_v</i>														
Heavy Meadow	2.50	Short Grass Pasture & Lawns	7.00	Grassed Waterway	15.00									
Tillage/field	5.00	Nearly Bare Ground	10.00	Paved Area & Shallow Gutter	20.00									

DESIGN POINT	SUB-BASIN DATA			INITIAL / OVERLAND TIME			TRAVEL TIME T(t)					T(c) CHECK (URBANIZED BASINS)			FINAL T(c)
	DRAIN BASIN	AREA ac.	C(5)	Length ft.	Slope %	T(i) min	Length ft.	Slope %	Coeff.	Velocity fps	T(t) min.	COMP. T(c)	TOTAL LENGTH	L/180+10	min.
												T(c)			
1	Proposed Basin	6.02	0.28	300	2.2	19.7	614	1.4	10.00	1.2	8.5	28.2	914	15.1	15.1
2	Offsite Basin 1	10.02	0.04	500	0.5	53.6	1836	1.3	10.00	1.1	27.8	81.4			81.4
3	Offsite Basin 2	0.45	0.08	500	1.7	34.4	63	2.7	10.00	1.6	0.7	35.1			35.1

Rational Method Procedure

<p>10-yr Rainfall Depth-Duration-Frequency (1-hr) = 1.39</p> <p>REFERENCE USDCM V.1 RUNOFF</p> <p>Design Storm 10 Year</p>												
BASIN INFORMATON				DIRECT RUNOFF				TOTAL RUNOFF				REMARKS
DESIGN POINT	DRAIN BASIN	AREA ac.	RUNOFF COEFF	T(c) min	C x A	I in/hr	Q cfs	T(c) min	SUM C x A	I in/hr	Q cfs	
1	Proposed Basin	6.02	0.34	15.1	2.06	3.15	6.5	15.1	2.06	3.15	6.5	
2	Offsite Basin 1	10.02	0.12	81.4	1.20	1.14	1.4	81.4	1.20	1.14	1.4	
3	Offsite Basin 2	0.45	0.17	35.1	0.07	1.98	0.1	35.1	0.07	1.98	0.1	

Rational Method Procedure

100-yr Rainfall Depth-Duration-Frequency (1-hr) = 2.72

REFERENCE USDCM V.1 RUNOFF

Design Storm 100 Year

BASIN INFORMATION				DIRECT RUNOFF				TOTAL RUNOFF				REMARKS
DESIGN POINT	DRAIN BASIN	AREA ac.	RUNOFF COEFF	T(c) min	C x A	I in/hr	Q cfs	T(c) min	SUM C x A	I in/hr	Q cfs	
1	Proposed Basin	6.02	0.48	15.1	2.92	6.16	18.0	15.1	2.92	6.16	18.0	
2	Offsite Basin 1	10.02	0.29	81.4	2.93	2.23	6.5	81.4	2.93	2.23	6.5	
3	Offsite Basin 2	0.45	0.36	35.1	0.16	3.88	0.6	35.1	0.16	3.88	0.6	

DETENTION VOLUME BY THE MODIFIED FAA METHOD

Project: Johnson Trust 13-I

Basin ID: Proposed Basin 1

(For catchments less than 160 acres only. For larger catchments, use hydrograph routing method)
(NOTE: for catchments larger than 90 acres, CUHP hydrograph and routing are recommended)

Determination of MINOR Detention Volume Using Modified FAA Method							Determination of MAJOR Detention Volume Using Modified FAA Method						
Design Information (Input): Catchment Drainage Imperviousness $I_p = 36.00$ percent Catchment Drainage Area $A = 6.020$ acres Predevelopment NRCS Soil Group $Type = B$ A, B, C, or D Return Period for Detention Control $T = 10$ years (2, 5, 10, 25, 50, or 100) Time of Concentration of Watershed $T_c = 15$ minutes Allowable Unit Release Rate $q = 0.23$ cfs/acre One-hour Precipitation $P_1 = 1.39$ inches Design Rainfall IDF Formula $i = C_1 * P_1 / (C_2 + T_c) * C_3$ Coefficient One $C_1 = 28.50$ Coefficient Two $C_2 = 10$ Coefficient Three $C_3 = 0.789$							Design Information (Input): Catchment Drainage Imperviousness $I_p = 36.00$ percent Catchment Drainage Area $A = 6.020$ acres Predevelopment NRCS Soil Group $Type = B$ A, B, C, or D Return Period for Detention Control $T = 100$ years (2, 5, 10, 25, 50, or 100) Time of Concentration of Watershed $T_c = 15$ minutes Allowable Unit Release Rate $q = 0.85$ cfs/acre One-hour Precipitation $P_1 = 2.72$ inches Design Rainfall IDF Formula $i = C_1 * P_1 / (C_2 + T_c) * C_3$ Coefficient One $C_1 = 28.50$ Coefficient Two $C_2 = 10$ Coefficient Three $C_3 = 0.789$						
Determination of Average Outflow from the Basin (Calculated): Runoff Coefficient $C = 0.34$ Inflow Peak Runoff $Qp-in = 6.38$ cfs Allowable Peak Outflow Rate $Qp-out = 1.38$ cfs Mod. FAA Minor Storage Volume = 7.226 cubic feet Mod. FAA Minor Storage Volume = 0.166 acre-ft							Determination of Average Outflow from the Basin (Calculated): Runoff Coefficient $C = 0.48$ Inflow Peak Runoff $Qp-in = 17.62$ cfs Allowable Peak Outflow Rate $Qp-out = 5.12$ cfs Mod. FAA Major Storage Volume = 16.705 cubic feet Mod. FAA Major Storage Volume = 0.384 acre-ft						
5 <- Enter Rainfall Duration Incremental Increase Value Here (e.g. 5 for 5-Minutes)													
Rainfall Duration minutes (input)	Rainfall Intensity inches / hr (output)	Inflow Volume acre-feet (output)	Adjustment Factor "m" (output)	Average Outflow cfs (output)	Outflow Volume acre-feet (output)	Storage Volume acre-feet (output)	Rainfall Duration minutes (input)	Rainfall Intensity inches / hr (output)	Inflow Volume acre-feet (output)	Adjustment Factor "m" (output)	Average Outflow cfs (output)	Outflow Volume acre-feet (output)	Storage Volume acre-feet (output)
5	4.68	0.066	1.00	1.38	0.010	0.056	5	9.15	0.182	1.00	5.12	0.035	0.147
10	3.73	0.105	1.00	1.38	0.019	0.086	10	7.29	0.290	1.00	5.12	0.070	0.220
15	3.13	0.132	1.00	1.38	0.029	0.104	15	6.12	0.365	1.00	5.12	0.106	0.259
20	2.71	0.153	0.88	1.21	0.033	0.119	20	5.30	0.422	0.88	4.49	0.124	0.298
25	2.40	0.169	0.80	1.11	0.038	0.131	25	4.69	0.467	0.80	4.10	0.141	0.325
30	2.16	0.182	0.75	1.04	0.043	0.139	30	4.22	0.504	0.75	3.85	0.159	0.345
35	1.97	0.194	0.72	0.99	0.048	0.146	35	3.85	0.536	0.72	3.66	0.177	0.359
40	1.81	0.204	0.69	0.95	0.053	0.151	40	3.54	0.563	0.69	3.52	0.194	0.369
45	1.68	0.213	0.67	0.92	0.057	0.156	45	3.28	0.588	0.67	3.42	0.212	0.376
50	1.57	0.221	0.65	0.90	0.062	0.159	50	3.07	0.610	0.65	3.33	0.229	0.381
55	1.47	0.228	0.64	0.88	0.067	0.161	55	2.88	0.630	0.64	3.26	0.247	0.383
60	1.39	0.235	0.63	0.87	0.072	0.163	60	2.71	0.648	0.63	3.20	0.265	0.384
65	1.31	0.241	0.62	0.85	0.076	0.164	65	2.57	0.665	0.62	3.15	0.282	0.383
70	1.25	0.246	0.61	0.84	0.081	0.165	70	2.44	0.681	0.61	3.11	0.300	0.381
75	1.19	0.252	0.60	0.83	0.086	0.166	75	2.33	0.695	0.60	3.07	0.318	0.378
80	1.14	0.257	0.59	0.82	0.091	0.166	80	2.23	0.709	0.59	3.04	0.335	0.374
85	1.09	0.261	0.59	0.82	0.095	0.166	85	2.13	0.722	0.59	3.01	0.353	0.369
90	1.05	0.266	0.58	0.81	0.100	0.165	90	2.05	0.734	0.58	2.99	0.370	0.363
95	1.01	0.270	0.58	0.80	0.105	0.165	95	1.97	0.745	0.58	2.97	0.388	0.357
100	0.97	0.274	0.58	0.80	0.110	0.164	100	1.90	0.756	0.58	2.94	0.406	0.351
105	0.94	0.278	0.57	0.79	0.115	0.163	105	1.83	0.767	0.57	2.93	0.423	0.343
110	0.91	0.281	0.57	0.79	0.119	0.162	110	1.77	0.777	0.57	2.91	0.441	0.336
115	0.88	0.285	0.57	0.78	0.124	0.161	115	1.72	0.786	0.57	2.89	0.458	0.328
120	0.85	0.288	0.56	0.78	0.129	0.159	120	1.67	0.795	0.56	2.88	0.476	0.319
125	0.83	0.291	0.56	0.78	0.134	0.158	125	1.62	0.804	0.56	2.87	0.494	0.311
130	0.80	0.294	0.56	0.77	0.138	0.156	130	1.57	0.813	0.56	2.86	0.511	0.301
135	0.78	0.297	0.56	0.77	0.143	0.154	135	1.53	0.821	0.56	2.84	0.529	0.292
140	0.76	0.300	0.55	0.77	0.148	0.152	140	1.49	0.829	0.55	2.83	0.547	0.282
145	0.74	0.303	0.55	0.76	0.153	0.150	145	1.45	0.837	0.55	2.82	0.564	0.272
150	0.72	0.306	0.55	0.76	0.157	0.148	150	1.41	0.844	0.55	2.82	0.582	0.262
155	0.71	0.308	0.55	0.76	0.162	0.146	155	1.38	0.851	0.55	2.81	0.599	0.252
160	0.69	0.311	0.55	0.76	0.167	0.144	160	1.35	0.858	0.55	2.80	0.617	0.241
165	0.67	0.313	0.55	0.76	0.172	0.141	165	1.32	0.865	0.55	2.79	0.635	0.230
170	0.66	0.316	0.54	0.75	0.177	0.139	170	1.29	0.872	0.54	2.79	0.652	0.219
175	0.64	0.318	0.54	0.75	0.181	0.137	175	1.26	0.878	0.54	2.78	0.670	0.208
180	0.63	0.320	0.54	0.75	0.186	0.134	180	1.23	0.884	0.54	2.77	0.688	0.197
185	0.62	0.322	0.54	0.75	0.191	0.132	185	1.21	0.891	0.54	2.77	0.705	0.185
190	0.61	0.325	0.54	0.75	0.196	0.129	190	1.19	0.897	0.54	2.76	0.723	0.174
195	0.59	0.327	0.54	0.75	0.200	0.126	195	1.16	0.902	0.54	2.76	0.740	0.162
200	0.58	0.329	0.54	0.74	0.205	0.124	200	1.14	0.908	0.54	2.75	0.758	0.150
205	0.57	0.331	0.54	0.74	0.210	0.121	205	1.12	0.914	0.54	2.75	0.776	0.138
210	0.56	0.333	0.54	0.74	0.215	0.118	210	1.10	0.919	0.54	2.74	0.793	0.126
215	0.55	0.335	0.54	0.74	0.219	0.115	215	1.08	0.924	0.54	2.74	0.811	0.114
220	0.54	0.337	0.53	0.74	0.224	0.112	220	1.06	0.930	0.53	2.73	0.829	0.101
225	0.53	0.338	0.53	0.74	0.229	0.109	225	1.04	0.935	0.53	2.73	0.846	0.089
230	0.52	0.340	0.53	0.74	0.234	0.106	230	1.03	0.940	0.53	2.73	0.864	0.076
235	0.52	0.342	0.53	0.74	0.238	0.103	235	1.01	0.945	0.53	2.72	0.881	0.063
240	0.51	0.344	0.53	0.74	0.243	0.100	240	0.99	0.950	0.53	2.72	0.899	0.051
245	0.50	0.345	0.53	0.73	0.248	0.097	245	0.98	0.954	0.53	2.72	0.917	0.038
250	0.49	0.347	0.53	0.73	0.253	0.094	250	0.96	0.959	0.53	2.71	0.934	0.025
255	0.49	0.349	0.53	0.73	0.258	0.091	255	0.95	0.964	0.53	2.71	0.952	0.012
260	0.48	0.350	0.53	0.73	0.263	0.088	260	0.94	0.968	0.53	2.71	0.969	-0.001
265	0.47	0.352	0.53	0.73	0.267	0.085	265	0.92	0.973	0.53	2.70	0.987	-0.015
270	0.46	0.354	0.53	0.73	0.272	0.082	270	0.91	0.977	0.53	2.70	1.005	-0.028
275	0.46	0.355	0.53	0.73	0.277	0.079	275	0.90	0.981	0.53	2.70	1.022	-0.041
280	0.45	0.357	0.53	0.73	0.281	0.075	280	0.88	0.985	0.53	2.70	1.040	-0.054
285	0.45	0.358	0.53	0.73	0.286	0.072	285	0.87	0.990	0.53	2.69	1.058	-0.068
290	0.44	0.360	0.53	0.73	0.291	0.069	290	0.86	0.994	0.53	2.69	1.075	-0.081
295	0.43	0.361	0.53	0.73	0.296	0.065	295	0.85	0.998	0.53	2.69	1.093	-0.095
300	0.43	0.363	0.53	0.73	0.300	0.062	300	0.84	1.002	0.53	2.69	1.110	-0.109
305	0.42	0.364	0.52	0.73	0.305	0.059	305	0.83	1.006	0.52	2.69	1.128	-0.122

Mod. FAA Minor Storage Volume (cubic ft.) = 7.226
 Mod. FAA Minor Storage Volume (acre-ft.) = 0.1659
 Mod. FAA Major Storage Volume (cubic ft.) = 16.705
 Mod. FAA Major Storage Volume (acre-ft.) = 0.3835
 UDFCD DETENTION BASIN VOLUME ESTIMATING WORKBOOK Version 2.34, Released November 2013

COMPOSITE BASIN -WEIGHTED "% IMPERVIOUS" CALCULATIONS REF:

Weld County Engineering and Construction Criteria Table 5-3 Recommended Percentage Imperviousness Values

Table 5-3 Recommended Percentage Imperviousness Values

Land Use or Surface Characteristics	Percentage Impervious
Business:	
Commercial areas	95
Neighborhood area	85
Residential:	
Single-family	See UDFCD Manual
Multi-family (detached)	60
Multi-family (attached)	75
Half-acre lot or larger	See UDFCD Manual
Apartments	80
Industrial:	
Light areas	80
Heavy areas	90
Parks, cemeteries	5
Playgrounds	10
Schools	50
Railroad yard areas	15
Undeveloped areas*:	
Historic flow analysis	2
Greenbelts, agricultural	2
Off-site flow analysis (when land use not defined)	45
Streets:	
Paved	100
Gravel	40
Recycled asphalt	75
Drives and walks	90
Roofs	90

Obtained from the runoff chapter of the UDFCD Manual (Volume 1), Table RO-3

COMPOSITE BASIN -WEIGHTED WEIGHTED "C" CALCULATIONS REF:
USDCM V.1 Runoff Table RO-3 Recommended Percentage Imperviousness Values

$$C_A = K_A + (1.31i^3 - 1.44i^2 + 1.135i - 0.12) \text{ for } C_A \geq 0, \text{ otherwise } C_A = 0 \quad (\text{RO-6})$$

$$C_{CD} = K_{CD} + (0.858i^3 - 0.786i^2 + 0.774i + 0.04) \quad (\text{RO-7})$$

$$C_B = (C_A + C_{CD})/2$$

in which:

i = % imperviousness/100 expressed as a decimal (see [Table RO-3](#))

C_A = Runoff coefficient for Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Type A soils

C_B = Runoff coefficient for NRCS Type B soils

C_{CD} = Runoff coefficient for NRCS Type C and D soils

K_A = Correction factor for Type A soils defined in Table RO-4

K_{CD} = Correction factor for Type C and D soils defined in Table RO-4

Table RO-4—Correction Factors K_A and K_{CD} for Use with Equations RO-6 and RO-7

NRCS Soil Type	Storm Return Period					
	2-Year	5-Year	10-Year	25-Year	50-Year	100-Year
C and D	0	$-0.10i + 0.11$	$-0.18i + 0.21$	$-0.28i + 0.33$	$-0.33i + 0.40$	$-0.39i + 0.46$
A	0	$-0.08i + 0.09$	$-0.14i + 0.17$	$-0.19i + 0.24$	$-0.22i + 0.28$	$-0.25i + 0.32$

COMPOSITE DEVELOPED BASIN -Rational Method Procedure
REFERENCE USDCM VOL.1 RUNOFF

$$t_c = t_i + t_t \tag{RO-2}$$

$$t_i = \frac{0.395(1.1 - C_v)\sqrt{L}}{S^{0.33}} \tag{RO-3}$$

$$V = C_v S_w^{0.5} \tag{RO-4}$$

in which:

V = velocity (ft/sec)

C_v = conveyance coefficient (from Table RO-2)

S_w = watercourse slope (ft/ft)

$$t_c = \frac{L}{180} + 10 \tag{RO-5}$$

in which:

t_c = maximum time of concentration at the first design point in an urban watershed (minutes)

Table RO-2—Conveyance Coefficient, C_v

Type of Land Surface	Conveyance Coefficient, C_v
Heavy meadow	2.5
Tillage/field	5
Short pasture and lawns	7
Nearly bare ground	10
Grassed waterway	15
Paved areas and shallow paved swales	20

RELEASE RATE

REFERENCE USDCM VOL.2 STORAGE

Table SO-1—Maximum Unit Flow Release Rates (cfs/acre) from On-Site Detention Facilities

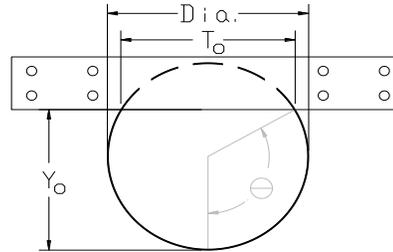
Design Return Period (Years)	NRCS Hydrologic Soil Group		
	A	B	C & D
2	0.02	0.03	0.04
5	0.07	0.13	0.17
10	0.13	0.23	0.30
25	0.24	0.41	0.52
50	0.33	0.56	0.68
100	0.50	0.85	1.00

RESTRICTOR PLATE SIZING FOR CIRCULAR VERTICAL ORIFICES

Project: Johnson Trust 13-I Facilities

Basin ID: Proposed Basin 1

X



Sizing the Restrictor Plate for Circular Vertical Orifices or Pipes (Input)

- Water Surface Elevation at Design Depth
- Pipe/Vertical Orifice Entrance Invert Elevation
- Required Peak Flow through Orifice at Design Depth
- Pipe/Vertical Orifice Diameter (inches)
- Orifice Coefficient

	#1 Vertical Orifice	#2 Vertical Orifice	
Elev: WS =	4,914.00		feet
Elev: Invert =	4,911.35		feet
Q =	5.12		cfs
Dia =	15.0		inches
C _o =	0.65		

Full-flow Capacity (Calculated)

- Full-flow area
- Half Central Angle in Radians
- Full-flow capacity

A _f =	1.23		sq ft
Theta =	3.14		rad
Q _f =	9.1		cfs
Percent of Design Flow =	178%		

Calculation of Orifice Flow Condition

- Half Central Angle (0<Theta<3.1416)
- Flow area
- Top width of Orifice (inches)
- Height from Invert of Orifice to Bottom of Plate (feet)
- Elevation of Bottom of Plate
- Resultant Peak Flow Through Orifice at Design Depth

Theta =	1.61		rad
A _o =	0.64		sq ft
T _o =	14.99		inches
Y _o =	0.65		feet
Elev Plate Bottom Edge =	4,912.00		feet
Q _o =	5.1		cfs

- Width of Equivalent Rectangular Vertical Orifice**
- Centroid Elevation of Equivalent Rectangular Vertical Orifice**

Equivalent Width =	0.98		feet
Equiv. Centroid El. =	4,911.68		feet

Water Quality Trash Screen Sizing

Ref: UDFCD V3 Chapter 4 T-12 Outlet Structures Table OS-2a and OS-2b
 The Diameter from WQCV Outlet Spreadsheet = 0.625" < 1.25 "

Table OS-2a. Trash Rack Sizing for Small Circular Orifices (up to 1-1/4" diameter)^{1,3}

Number of Columns	Diameter of Circular Orifice (in)	Width of Trash Rack Opening ($W_{opening}$) as a Function of Water Depth H Above Lowest Perforation				
		H=2.0'	H=3.0'	H=4.0'	H=5.0'	H=6.0'
1	≤ 1-1/4	12" ²	12" ²	12" ²	12"	13"

↑ For D < 1.25" and WQCV Depth H < 2', the Min recommended width is 12"

¹ For use with Johnson VEE Wire™ Stainless Steel Screen¹ (or equivalent screen with 60% open area). Assumes inundation of well screen into the permanent pool 2'4".

² Represents the minimum recommended width of 12 inches, otherwise width is calculated based on Figure OS-1.

³ This table provides the minimum opening in the concrete, not the minimum width of the well screen. Ensure the well screen is wide enough to properly attach to the structure.

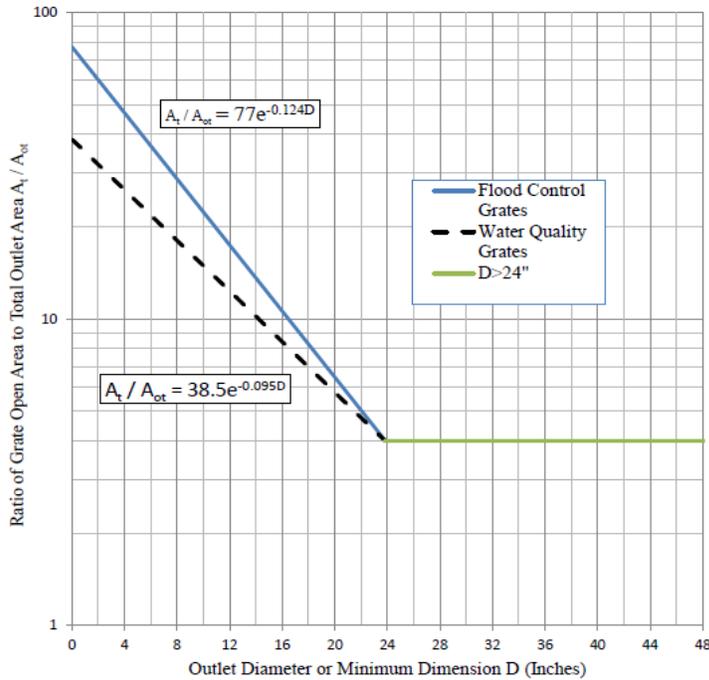
Concrete opening = 2 ft > minimum 1 ft ==> OK

Table OS-2b. Trash Rack Specifications for Circular Orifice Plates

Max. Width of Opening (in)	Screen #93 VEE Wire Slot Opening (in)	Support Rod Type	Support Rod, On Center, Spacing	Total Screen Thickness	Carbon Steel Frame Type
≤18	0.139	TE 0.074"x0.50"	1"	0.655"	¾" x 1.0 angle
≤24	0.139	TE 0.074"x0.75"	1"	1.03"	1.0" x 1½" angle
≤27	0.139	TE 0.074"x0.75"	1"	1.03"	1.0" x 1½" angle
≤30	0.139	TE 0.074"x1.0"	1"	1.155"	1 ¼"x 1½" angle
≤36	0.139	TE 0.074"x1.0"	1"	1.155"	1 ¼"x 1½" angle
≤42	0.139	TE 0.105"x1.0"	1"	1.155"	1 ¼"x 1½" angle

¹ Johnson Screens, St. Paul, Minnesota, USA (1-800-833-9473)

Trash Rack Sizing



UD-Dentention_v2.34 Restrictor Plate Sizing for Circular Vertical Orifices

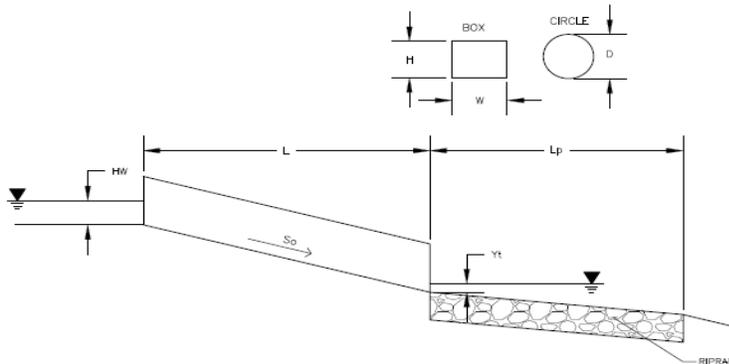
Minimum Open Area of Trash Rack		
Number of Pipes, n		1
Diameter of Pipes	in	15
Total Outlet Area, A _{ot}	ft ²	0.64
Equivalent Diameter, D	ft	0.90
Equivalent Diameter, D	in	10.83
Ratio of trash rack open area to total outlet area, A _t /A _{ot} , (A _t /A _{ot} = 77e ^{-0.124*D} , use 4 if D ≥ 24")		20.10
Minimum Trash Rack open Area, A _t = (A _t /A _{ot})*A _{ot}	ft ²	12.86

Actual Open Area of Trash Rack		
Number of Trash Racks, n _T		2
Effective Total Width, W _T	ft	2.875
Effective Total Width, W _T	in	34.5
Effective Total Length, L _T	ft	3.1875
Effective Total Length, L _T	in	38.25
Number of Rods, n _R		11
Thickness of Rods, T _R	in	0.375
Total Thickness of Rods, T _{TR} = n _R *T _R	in	4.125
Number of Bars, n _B		18
Thickness of Bars, T _B	in	0.375
Total Thickness of Bars, T _{TB} = n _B *T _B	in	6.75
Total Open Area of Trash Rack, A _{ot} A _{ot} = n*(W _T -T _{TR})*(L _T -T _{TB})	in ²	1913.63
Total Open Area of Trash Rack, A _{ot}	ft ²	13.29

Max Clear Spacing of Trash Rack = min(50%*D, 6 in)	in	5.4
Actual Spacing of Rods	in	3.0

Determination of Culvert Headwater and Outlet Protection

Project: **Bybee 14-L Facility**
Basin ID: **Outlet Pipe Rip Rap Sizing**



Soil Type: _____
Choose One:
 Sandy
 Non-Sandy

Design Information (Input):	
Design Discharge	Q = <input type="text" value="5.12"/> cfs
Circular Culvert:	
Barrel Diameter in Inches	D = <input type="text" value="15"/> inches
Inlet Edge Type (Choose from pull-down list)	Square End with Headwall <input type="button" value="v"/>
Box Culvert:	OR
Barrel Height (Rise) in Feet	Height (Rise) = <input type="text"/> ft
Barrel Width (Span) in Feet	Width (Span) = <input type="text"/> ft
Inlet Edge Type (Choose from pull-down list)	<input type="button" value="v"/>
Number of Barrels	No = <input type="text" value="1"/>
Inlet Elevation	Elev IN = <input type="text" value="4911.35"/> ft
Outlet Elevation OR Slope	Elev OUT = <input type="text" value="4910.95"/> ft
Culvert Length	L = <input type="text" value="64"/> ft
Manning's Roughness	n = <input type="text" value="0.013"/>
Bend Loss Coefficient	k _b = <input type="text" value="0"/>
Exit Loss Coefficient	k _x = <input type="text" value="1"/>
Tailwater Surface Elevation	Elev Y _t = <input type="text"/> ft
Max Allowable Channel Velocity	V = <input type="text" value="5.5"/> ft/s
Required Protection (Output):	
Tailwater Surface Height	Y _t = <input type="text" value="0.50"/> ft
Flow Area at Max Channel Velocity	A _t = <input type="text" value="0.93"/> ft ²
Culvert Cross Sectional Area Available	A = <input type="text" value="1.23"/> ft ²
Entrance Loss Coefficient	k _e = <input type="text" value="0.50"/>
Friction Loss Coefficient	k _f = <input type="text" value="1.48"/>
Sum of All Losses Coefficients	k _s = <input type="text" value="2.98"/> ft
Culvert Normal Depth	Y _n = <input type="text" value="1.02"/> ft
Culvert Critical Depth	Y _c = <input type="text" value="0.92"/> ft
Tailwater Depth for Design	d = <input type="text" value="1.08"/> ft
Adjusted Diameter OR Adjusted Rise	D _a = <input type="text" value="-"/> ft
Expansion Factor	1/(2*tan(θ)) = <input type="text" value="4.51"/>
Flow/Diameter ^{2.5} OR Flow/(Span * Rise ^{1.5})	Q/D ^{2.5} = <input type="text" value="2.93"/> ft ^{0.5} /s
Froude Number	Fr = <input type="text" value="0.79"/>
Tailwater/Adjusted Diameter OR Tailwater/Adjusted Rise	Y _t /D = <input type="text" value="0.40"/>
Inlet Control Headwater	HW _i = <input type="text" value="1.53"/> ft
Outlet Control Headwater	HW _o = <input type="text" value="1.49"/> ft
Design Headwater Elevation	HW = <input type="text" value="4,912.88"/> ft
Headwater/Diameter OR Headwater/Rise Ratio	HW/D = <input type="text" value="1.22"/>
Minimum Theoretical Riprap Size	d ₅₀ = <input type="text" value="3"/> in
Nominal Riprap Size	d ₅₀ = <input type="text" value="6"/> in
UDFCD Riprap Type	Type = <input type="text" value="VL"/> Use Type M
Length of Protection	L_p = <input type="text" value="4"/> ft
Width of Protection	T = <input type="text" value="3"/> ft

DETENTION POND EMERGENCY SPILLWAY REF:
REFERENCE UDFCD VOL.2 STORAGE

Broad-Crested Weir: The equation typically used for a broad-crested weir is:

$$Q = C_{BCW} L H^{1.5} \quad (\text{SO-18})$$

in which:

Q = discharge (cfs)

C_{BCW} = broad-crested weir coefficient (This ranges from 2.38 to 3.32 as per Brater and King (1976). A value of 3.0 is often used in practice.)

L = broad-crested weir length (ft)

H = head above weir crest (ft)

V-Notch Weir: The discharge through a V-notch or triangular weir is shown in [Figure SO-5](#) and can be calculated from the following equation:

$$Q = C_t \tan\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) H^{2.5} \quad (\text{SO-20})$$

in which:

C_t = Coefficient for Triangular Weir taken from the table below

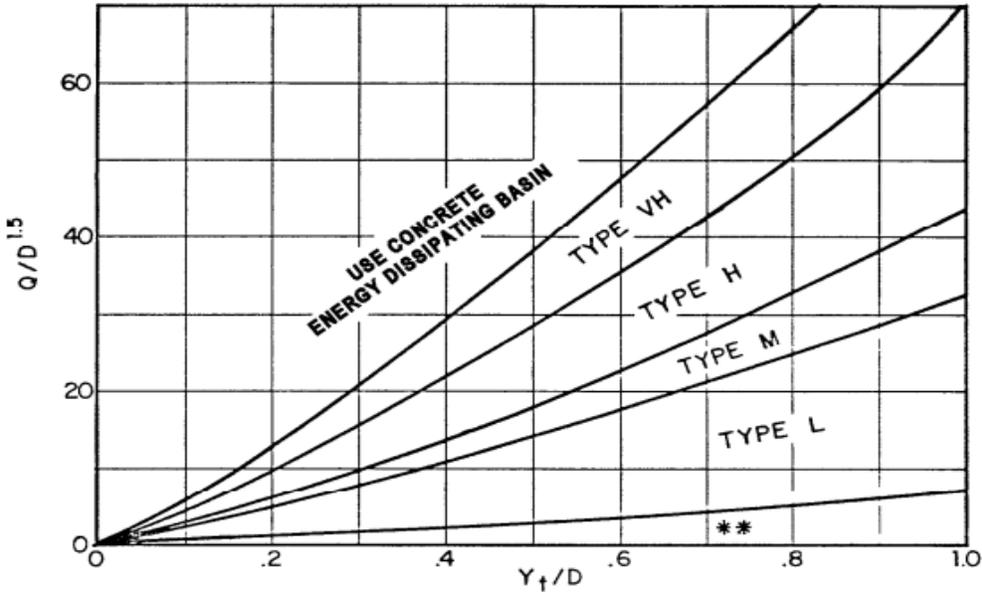
Q = discharge (cfs)

θ = angle of V-notch in degrees

H = head above the apex of V-notch (ft)

Riprap Sizing

Ref: UDFCD VI. Major Drainage Section 4.4.2.3 and Section 7.0-7.4



Use D_d instead of D whenever flow is supercritical in the barrel.
 ** Use Type L for a distance of $3D$ downstream.

Figure MD-21—Riprap Erosion Protection at Circular Conduit Outlet Valid for $Q/D^{2.5} \leq 6.0$

Table MD-10—Riprap Requirements for Channel Linings*

$\frac{VS^{0.17}}{(G_s - 1)^{0.66}}$ **	Rock Type
< 3.3	VL** ($d_{50} = 6$ inches)
≥ 3.3 to < 4.0	L** ($d_{50} = 9$ inches)
≥ 4.0 to < 4.6	M ($d_{50} = 12$ inches)
≥ 4.6 to < 5.6	H ($d_{50} = 18$ inches)
≥ 5.6 to 6.4	VH ($d_{50} = 24$ inches)

* Applicable only for a Froude number of < 0.8 and side slopes no steeper than 2H:1V.

** Use $G_s = 2.5$ unless the source of rock and its density are known at time of design.

Riprap Sizing

Ref: UDFCD VI. Major Drainage Section 4.4.2.3 and Section 7.0-7.4

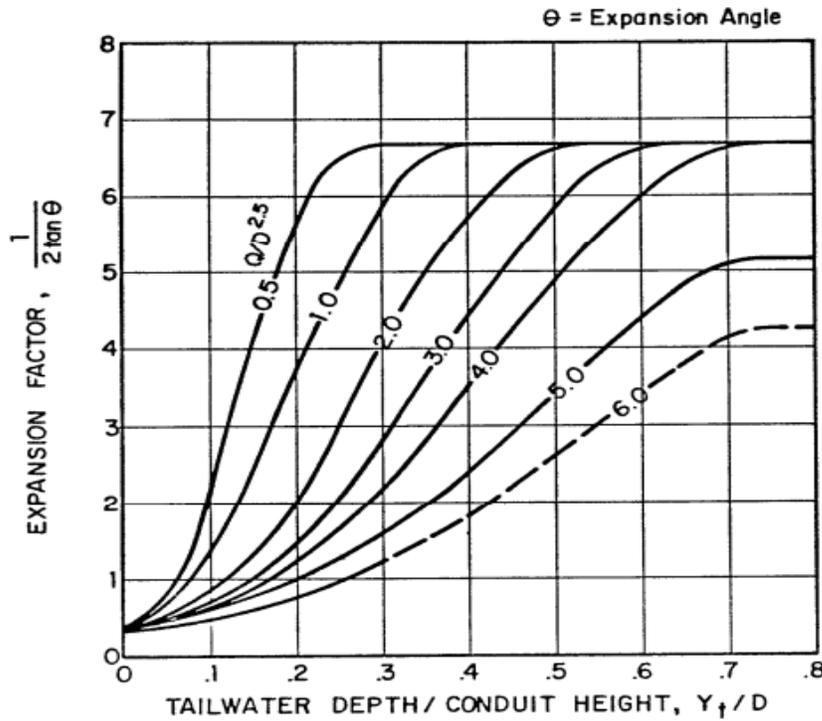


Figure MD-23—Expansion Factor for Circular Conduits

$$A_t = \frac{Q}{V}$$

(MD-23)

where:

Q = design discharge (cfs)

V = the allowable non-eroding velocity in the downstream channel (ft/sec)

A_t = required area of flow at allowable velocity (ft²)

$$L_p = \left(\frac{1}{2 \tan \theta} \right) \left(\frac{A_t}{Y_t} - W \right)$$

(MD-22)

where:

L_p = length of protection (ft)

W = width of the conduit in (ft) (use diameter for circular conduits)

Y_t = tailwater depth (ft)

θ = the expansion angle of the culvert flow

Offsite Swale Analysis

The following analysis involves evaluation of the water depth for the perimeter swales

Given the following calculated values for the Off site basin 100-YR historic flow rate

Calculated Values: (See Appendix B-5)

Off-site Basin 1 100-YR historic flow rate: 6.5 cfs

Off-site Basin 2 100-YR historic flow rate: 0.6 cfs

To evaluate the capacity of perimeter swales, Off-site basin 1 100-YR historical flow rate is selected. The characteristics of the proposed swales are designed as shown below:

Characteristics:

Slope of the swales 0.008 ft/ft

Bottom Width: B = 2 ft

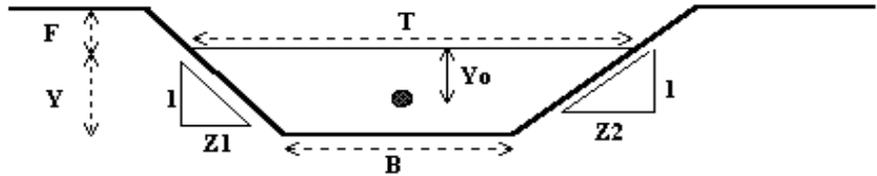
Swale Side Slope 3ft/ft

Manning's Coefficient: n = 0.03

The above parameters were entered into the UD-Channels Spreadsheets to determine the water depth at 100-YR historic flow rate (7.1 cfs). Please refer to Appendix C-14 the Normal Flow Analysis Trapezoidal Channel for details. Based on this analysis, a swale of 1 ft in height is 0.31 ft taller than the calculated water depth. Thus, the perimeter swale with 1 ft height, 8 ft wide and 3:1 slope is sufficient to convey offsite flow.

Normal Flow Analysis - Trapezoidal Channel

Project: Johnson Trust 13-I Facilities
 Channel ID: Offsite Swales



Design Information (Input)	
Channel Invert Slope	So = 0.0080 ft/ft
Manning's n	n = 0.030
Bottom Width	B = 2.00 ft
Left Side Slope	Z1 = 3.00 ft/ft
Right Side Slope	Z2 = 3.00 ft/ft
Freeboard Height	F = 0.31 ft
Design Water Depth	Y = 0.69 ft
Normal Flow Condition (Calculated)	
Discharge	Q = 7.23 cfs
Froude Number	Fr = 0.67
Flow Velocity	V = 2.57 fps
Flow Area	A = 2.81 sq ft
Top Width	T = 6.14 ft
Wetted Perimeter	P = 6.36 ft
Hydraulic Radius	R = 0.44 ft
Hydraulic Depth	D = 0.46 ft
Specific Energy	Es = 0.79 ft
Centroid of Flow Area	Yo = 0.29 ft
Specific Force	Fs = 0.09 kip

Berm Analysis for MLVT

The following analysis involves evaluation of the water depth and velocity of the discharge in the event of The MLVT failure.

Given the following characteristics of the MLVT and assumptions of a MLVT failure:

Given:

Diameter: D= 157 ft
Capacity: Vol = 42,000 Barrels = 1,764,000 Gallons
= 235,813 cubic feet

In the event of MLVT failure, the assumption is shown as follows:

Assumption:

Slope of the sheet flow 0.03 ft/ft
sheet flow width: B = 100 ft
MLVT Drain Time: T= 10 min = 600 Sec
Manning's Coefficient: n = 0.03

the discharge is calculated as follows:

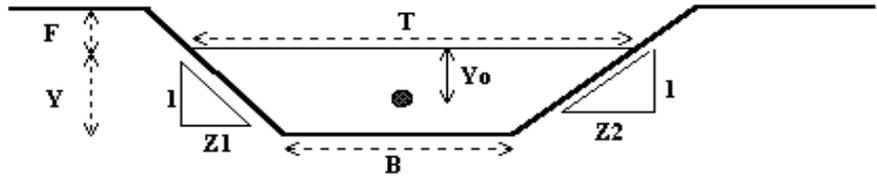
$$\begin{aligned} \text{Discharge: } Q &= \text{Vol} / T \\ &= 235,813 \text{ ft}^3 / 600 \text{ Sec} \\ &= 393.02 \text{ cfs} \end{aligned}$$

The above parameters were entered into the UD-Channels Spreadsheets to determine the discharge velocity. Please refer to Appendix C-16 the Normal Flow Analysis Trapezoidal Channel for details. Based on this analysis, the resulting water depth given the above parameters would be 0.63 feet. In addition, the calculations indicate the flow velocity (6.25 fps) is smaller than the allowable velocity (7 fps) per UDFCD Table MD-14 Guidelines of Use of Various Types of Channels.

This analysis indicates that the cut slopes on the east and north edges of the pad (with minimum heights of 6.3 feet and 4.8 feet respectively) and the 10' tall topsoil stockpile along the south edge of the site would be sufficient to direct water away from the surrounding development in these directions. In the event of a failure, the water would be directed towards the low point along Weld County Road 11, where it will then be carried west towards the Godding Hollow major drainage channel.

Normal Flow Analysis - Trapezoidal Channel

Project: Johnson Trust 13-I Facilities
 Channel ID: Berm



Design Information (Input)	
Channel Invert Slope	So = 0.0300 ft/ft
Manning's n	n = 0.030
Bottom Width	B = 100.00 ft
Left Side Slope	Z1 = 0.00 ft/ft
Right Side Slope	Z2 = 0.00 ft/ft
Freeboard Height	F = 1.00 ft
Design Water Depth	Y = 0.63 ft
Normal Flow Condition (Calculated)	
Discharge	Q = 391.86 cfs
Froude Number	Fr = 1.39
Flow Velocity	V = 6.25 fps
Flow Area	A = 62.70 sq ft
Top Width	T = 100.00 ft
Wetted Perimeter	P = 101.25 ft
Hydraulic Radius	R = 0.62 ft
Hydraulic Depth	D = 0.63 ft
Specific Energy	Es = 1.23 ft
Centroid of Flow Area	Yo = 0.31 ft
Specific Force	Fs = 5.98 kip

Analysis of Culverts

The following is an analysis of the sizing of the proposed culverts for the Johnson Trust 13-I Facility

Analysis of Proposed Roadside Ditch

Given the following analysis of the cross section for the proposed reroute of the Weld County 11 roadside ditch:

Calculated Values: (See Appendix C-20)

Proposed Reroute Channel Slope	2.00%
Bottom Width	1.10 ft
Left Side Slope	9:1
Right Side Slope	6:1
Design Water Depth (depth of channel):	0.44 ft
Maximum Flow Capacity (channel full)	5.51cfs see appendix C-18

Analysis of Drainage Channel Culverts

The proposed horizontal elliptical culvert (see detail pg. DP6) was designed to convey the flow of the existing roadside ditch when the ditch is at its maximum capacity. The culvert, 14" rise x 23" span, will convey a flow of 6.10 cfs when it is at maximum capacity, or 4916.68 ft when compared to the maximum capacity of the 18" equivalent circular pipe (appendix C-19). the required outlet protection was then designed from these calculations.

The western swale is designed to convey a flow produced by approximately 1 acre of the proposed basin. Therefore, since flow rate is directly proportional to area, the design capacity of the swale is $[(1.0 \text{ acre} / 6.02 \text{ acre}) * 18.0 \text{ cfs}] = 3.0 \text{ cfs}$. This capacity can be achieved by a 18" equivalent horizontal elliptical culvert underneath the access road.

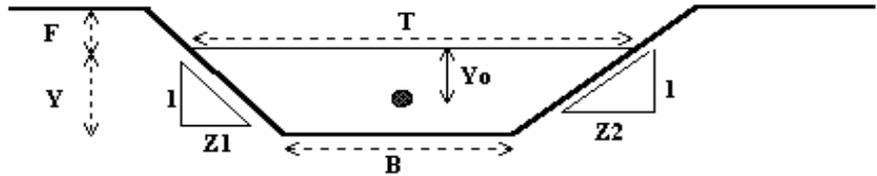
Characteristics:	Roadside Drainage Channel Culvert	Western Swale Drainage Culvert
	Required Capacity = 5.51 cfs	3.0 cfs
	Proposed Culverts: 1 - 14" x 23" Elliptical RCP	1 - 14" x 23" Elliptical RCP
	Equivalent Diameter = 18"	18"
	Inlet Edge Type = Square End Projects	Square End Projects
	Number of Barrels = 1	1
	Inlet Elevation = 4915.21'	4917.23'
	Outlet Elevation = 4914.8'	4916.9'
	Length = 36	16
	Manning's Roughness = 0.013	0.013
	Design HW Elevation = 4916.4'	4918.23'
	Calculated Flow Capacity at Design HW Elevation = 6.10 cfs	3.4 cfs
	Rip Rap Sizing = Type M, 3' x 5'	Type M, 3' x 5'

Conclusion

The western swale drainage culvert has the ability to convey a flow of 3.4 cfs, exceeding the required flow based on the 100 year developed flow of 1.0 acre of the proposed basin. The proposed roadside drainage channel will run at a -2.00% grade and hit a maximum capacity of 5.51 cfs at a maximum depth of 0.44 ft (appendix C-19). Rip-rap, of type M for safety considerations, is sized for both culvert outlets to be 3' by 5' (appendix C-20, 22).

Normal Flow Analysis - Trapezoidal Channel

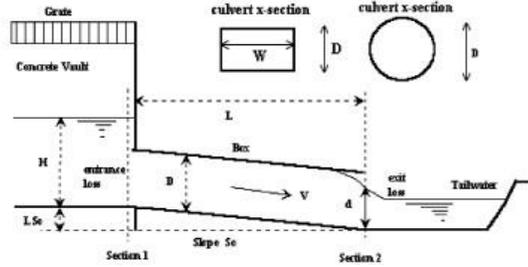
Project: **Johnson Trust 13-I Facilities**
 Channel ID: **Weld County Road 11 Borrow Ditch Reroute**



Design Information (Input)	
Channel Invert Slope	So = 0.0200 ft/ft
Manning's n	n = 0.030
Bottom Width	B = 1.10 ft
Left Side Slope	Z1 = 6.00 ft/ft
Right Side Slope	Z2 = 9.00 ft/ft
Freeboard Height	F = 0.00 ft
Design Water Depth	Y = 0.44 ft
Normal Flow Condition (Calculated)	
Discharge	Q = 5.39 cfs
Froude Number	Fr = 0.98
Flow Velocity	V = 2.78 fps
Flow Area	A = 1.94 sq ft
Top Width	T = 7.70 ft
Wetted Perimeter	P = 7.76 ft
Hydraulic Radius	R = 0.25 ft
Hydraulic Depth	D = 0.25 ft
Specific Energy	Es = 0.56 ft
Centroid of Flow Area	Yo = 0.16 ft
Specific Force	Fs = 0.05 kip

CULVERT STAGE-DISCHARGE SIZING (INLET vs. OUTLET CONTROL WITH TAILWATER EFFECTS)

Project: **Johnson Trust 13-I**
 Basin ID: **Weld County Road 11 Ditch Culvert**
 Status:



Design Information (Input):

Circular Culvert: Barrel Diameter in Inches D = inches
 Inlet Edge Type (choose from pull-down list)

OR:

Box Culvert: Barrel Height (Rise) in Feet Height (Rise) = ft.
 Barrel Width (Span) in Feet Width (Span) = ft.
 Inlet Edge Type (choose from pull-down list)

Number of Barrels No =
 Inlet Elevation at Culvert Invert Inlet Elev = ft. elev.
 Outlet Elevation at Culvert Invert **OR** Slope of Culvert (ft v./ft h.) Outlet Elev = ft. elev.
 Culvert Length in Feet L = ft.
 Manning's Roughness n =
 Bend Loss Coefficient K_b =
 Exit Loss Coefficient K_x =

Design Information (calculated):

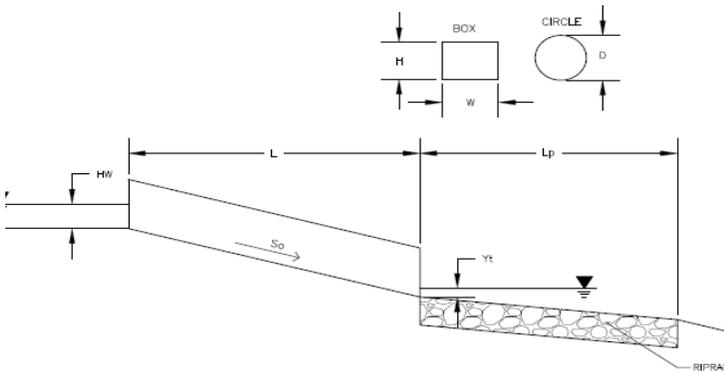
Entrance Loss Coefficient K_e =
 Friction Loss Coefficient K_f =
 Sum of All Loss Coefficients K_s =
 Orifice Inlet Condition Coefficient C_d =
 Minimum Energy Condition Coefficient KE_{low} =

Calculations of Culvert Capacity (output):

Water Surface Elevation (ft., linked)	Tailwater Surface Elevation ft	Culvert Inlet-Control Flowrate cfs	Culvert Outlet-Control Flowrate cfs	Controlling Culvert Flowrate cfs (output)	Inlet Equation Used:	Flow Control Used
4915.48		0.30	3.87	0.30	Min. Energy Eqn.	INLET
4915.58		0.60	3.92	0.60	Min. Energy Eqn.	INLET
4915.68		0.90	3.98	0.90	Min. Energy Eqn.	INLET
4915.78		1.30	4.04	1.30	Min. Energy Eqn.	INLET
4915.88		1.80	4.15	1.80	Min. Energy Eqn.	INLET
4915.98		2.20	4.32	2.20	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4916.08		2.70	4.54	2.70	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4916.18		3.20	4.76	3.20	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4916.28		3.70	4.99	3.70	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4916.38		4.30	4.99	4.30	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4916.48		4.90	5.27	4.90	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4916.58		5.50	5.72	5.50	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4916.68		6.10	6.11	6.10	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4916.78		6.60	6.73	6.60	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4916.88		7.20	7.40	7.20	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4916.98		7.70	8.02	7.70	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4917.08		8.20	8.58	8.20	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4917.18		8.70	9.08	8.70	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4917.28		9.10	9.58	9.10	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4917.38		9.50	10.09	9.50	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4917.48		9.90	10.54	9.90	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4917.58		10.30	10.99	10.30	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4917.68		10.70	11.38	10.70	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4917.78		11.10	11.77	11.10	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4917.88		11.40	12.16	11.40	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4917.98		11.80	12.56	11.80	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4918.08		12.10	12.95	12.10	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4918.18		12.40	13.28	12.40	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4918.28		12.70	13.62	12.70	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4918.38		13.00	13.96	13.00	Regression Eqn.	INLET

Determination of Culvert Headwater and Outlet Protection

Project: **Johnson Trust 13-I**
 Basin ID: **Weld County Road 11 Ditch Culvert**



Soil Type: _____
 Choose One:
 Sandy
 Non-Sandy

Supercritical Flow! Using Da to calculate protection type.

Design Information (Input):

Design Discharge	Q =	<input type="text" value="6.1"/>	cfs
Circular Culvert:			
Barrel Diameter in Inches	D =	<input type="text" value="18"/>	inches
Inlet Edge Type (Choose from pull-down list)	Square End Projection	<input type="text" value=""/>	
Box Culvert:			
Barrel Height (Rise) in Feet	Height (Rise) =	<input type="text" value=""/>	ft
Barrel Width (Span) in Feet	Width (Span) =	<input type="text" value=""/>	ft
Inlet Edge Type (Choose from pull-down list)			
Number of Barrels	No =	<input type="text" value="1"/>	
Inlet Elevation	Elev IN =	<input type="text" value="4915.21"/>	ft
Outlet Elevation <u>OR</u> Slope	Elev OUT =	<input type="text" value="4914.8"/>	ft
Culvert Length	L =	<input type="text" value="36"/>	ft
Manning's Roughness	n =	<input type="text" value="0.013"/>	
Bend Loss Coefficient	kb =	<input type="text" value="0"/>	
Exit Loss Coefficient	kx =	<input type="text" value="1"/>	
Tailwater Surface Elevation	Elev Yt =	<input type="text" value=""/>	ft
Max Allowable Channel Velocity	V =	<input type="text" value="5"/>	ft/s

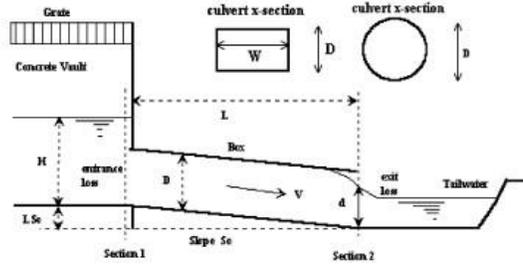
Required Protection (Output):

Tailwater Surface Height	Yt =	<input type="text" value="0.60"/>	ft
Flow Area at Max Channel Velocity	A _t =	<input type="text" value="1.22"/>	ft ²
Culvert Cross Sectional Area Available	A =	<input type="text" value="1.77"/>	ft ²
Entrance Loss Coefficient	ke =	<input type="text" value="0.50"/>	
Friction Loss Coefficient	kf =	<input type="text" value="0.65"/>	
Sum of All Losses Coefficients	ks =	<input type="text" value="2.15"/>	ft
Culvert Normal Depth	Yn =	<input type="text" value="0.79"/>	ft
Culvert Critical Depth	Yc =	<input type="text" value="0.95"/>	ft
Tailwater Depth for Design	d =	<input type="text" value="1.23"/>	ft
Adjusted Diameter <u>OR</u> Adjusted Rise	D _a =	<input type="text" value="1.14"/>	ft
Expansion Factor	1/(2*tan(θ)) =	<input type="text" value="6.57"/>	
Flow/Diameter ^{2.5} <u>OR</u> Flow/(Span * Rise ^{1.5})	Q/D ^{2.5} =	<input type="text" value="2.21"/>	ft ^{0.5} /s
Froude Number	Fr =	<input type="text" value="1.44"/>	Supercritical!
Tailwater/Adjusted Diameter <u>OR</u> Tailwater/Adjusted Rise	Yt/D =	<input type="text" value="0.52"/>	
Inlet Control Headwater	HW _i =	<input type="text" value="1.48"/>	ft
Outlet Control Headwater	HW _o =	<input type="text" value="1.22"/>	ft
Design Headwater Elevation	HW =	<input type="text" value="4,916.69"/>	ft
Headwater/Diameter <u>OR</u> Headwater/Rise Ratio	HW/D =	<input type="text" value="0.99"/>	
Minimum Theoretical Riprap Size	d ₅₀ =	<input type="text" value="3"/>	in
Nominal Riprap Size	d ₅₀ =	<input type="text" value="6"/>	in
UDFCD Riprap Type	Type =	<input type="text" value="VL"/>	Use Type M
Length of Protection	L_p =	<input type="text" value="5"/>	ft
Width of Protection	T =	<input type="text" value="3"/>	ft



CULVERT STAGE-DISCHARGE SIZING (INLET vs. OUTLET CONTROL WITH TAILWATER EFFECTS)

Project: **Johnson Trust 13-I Facilities**
 Basin ID: **Western Basin 1 Culvert Sizing at Access Road**
 Status: _____



Design Information (Input):

Circular Culvert: Barrel Diameter in Inches D = inches
 Inlet Edge Type (choose from pull-down list)

OR:

Box Culvert: Barrel Height (Rise) in Feet Height (Rise) = ft.
 Barrel Width (Span) in Feet Width (Span) = ft.
 Inlet Edge Type (choose from pull-down list)

Number of Barrels No =
 Inlet Elevation at Culvert Invert Inlet Elev = ft. elev.
 Outlet Elevation at Culvert Invert **OR** Slope of Culvert (ft v./ft h.) Outlet Elev = ft. elev.
 Culvert Length in Feet L = ft.
 Manning's Roughness n =
 Bend Loss Coefficient K_b =
 Exit Loss Coefficient K_x =

Design Information (calculated):

Entrance Loss Coefficient K_e =
 Friction Loss Coefficient K_f =
 Sum of All Loss Coefficients K_s =
 Orifice Inlet Condition Coefficient C_d =
 Minimum Energy Condition Coefficient K_{E_{sw}} =

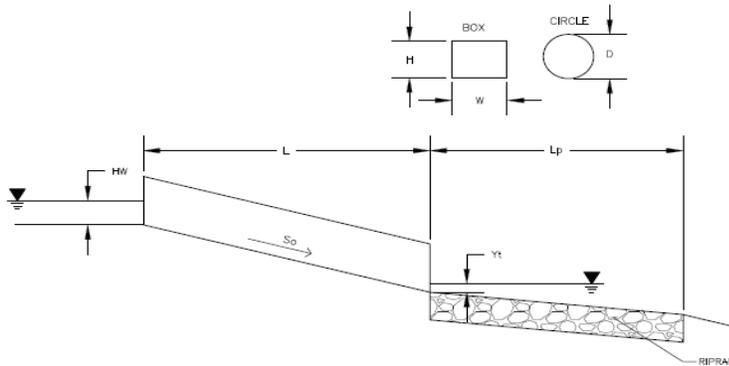
Calculations of Culvert Capacity (output):

Water Surface Elevation (ft., linked)	Tailwater Surface Elevation ft	Culvert Inlet-Control Flowrate cfs	Culvert Outlet-Control Flowrate cfs	Controlling Culvert Flowrate cfs (output)	Inlet Equation Used:	Flow Control Used
4917.23		0.00	0.00	0.00	No Flow (WS < inlet)	N/A
4917.33		0.10	2.79	0.10	Min. Energy. Eqn.	INLET
4917.43		0.20	3.24	0.20	Min. Energy. Eqn.	INLET
4917.53		0.30	3.62	0.30	Min. Energy. Eqn.	INLET
4917.63		0.70	3.92	0.70	Min. Energy. Eqn.	INLET
4917.73		1.00	3.92	1.00	Min. Energy. Eqn.	INLET
4917.83		1.40	4.00	1.40	Min. Energy. Eqn.	INLET
4917.93		1.90	4.07	1.90	Min. Energy. Eqn.	INLET
4918.03		2.30	4.22	2.30	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4918.13		2.90	4.37	2.90	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4918.23		3.40	4.60	3.40	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4918.33		4.00	4.90	4.00	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4918.43		4.50	4.98	4.50	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4918.53		5.10	5.13	5.10	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4918.63		5.70	5.66	5.66	Regression Eqn.	OUTLET
4918.73		6.30	6.11	6.11	Regression Eqn.	OUTLET
4918.83		6.80	7.01	6.80	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4918.93		7.40	7.77	7.40	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4919.03		7.90	8.45	7.90	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4919.13		8.40	9.13	8.40	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4919.23		8.80	9.73	8.80	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4919.33		9.30	10.26	9.30	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4919.43		9.70	10.79	9.70	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4919.53		10.10	11.31	10.10	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4919.63		10.50	11.77	10.50	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4919.73		10.90	12.29	10.90	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4919.83		11.20	12.75	11.20	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4919.93		11.60	13.12	11.60	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4920.03		11.90	13.58	11.90	Regression Eqn.	INLET
4920.13		12.20	13.95	12.20	Regression Eqn.	INLET

Processing Time: 72.27 ms

Determination of Culvert Headwater and Outlet Protection

Project: **Johnson Trust 13-1**
Basin ID: **Basin 1 Culvert Sizing at Access Road**



Soil Type: _____
Choose One:
 Sandy
 Non-Sandy

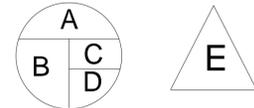
Supercritical Flow! Using D_a to calculate protection type.

Design Information (Input):	
Design Discharge	Q = <input type="text" value="3.4"/> cfs
Circular Culvert:	
Barrel Diameter in Inches	D = <input type="text" value="18"/> inches
Inlet Edge Type (Choose from pull-down list)	Square End Projection <input type="text" value="▼"/>
Box Culvert:	OR
Barrel Height (Rise) in Feet	Height (Rise) = <input type="text" value=""/>
Barrel Width (Span) in Feet	Width (Span) = <input type="text" value=""/>
Inlet Edge Type (Choose from pull-down list)	<input type="text" value="▼"/>
Number of Barrels	No = <input type="text" value="1"/>
Inlet Elevation	Elev IN = <input type="text" value="4917.23"/> ft
Outlet Elevation OR Slope	Elev OUT = <input type="text" value="4916.9"/> ft
Culvert Length	L = <input type="text" value="16"/> ft
Manning's Roughness	n = <input type="text" value="0.013"/>
Bend Loss Coefficient	k_b = <input type="text" value="0"/>
Exit Loss Coefficient	k_x = <input type="text" value="1"/>
Tailwater Surface Elevation	Elev Y_t = <input type="text" value=""/>
Max Allowable Channel Velocity	V = <input type="text" value="5"/> ft/s
Required Protection (Output):	
Tailwater Surface Height	Y_t = <input type="text" value="0.60"/> ft
Flow Area at Max Channel Velocity	A_t = <input type="text" value="0.68"/> ft ²
Culvert Cross Sectional Area Available	A = <input type="text" value="1.77"/> ft ²
Entrance Loss Coefficient	k_e = <input type="text" value="0.50"/>
Friction Loss Coefficient	k_f = <input type="text" value="0.29"/>
Sum of All Losses Coefficients	k_s = <input type="text" value="1.79"/> ft
Culvert Normal Depth	Y_n = <input type="text" value="0.48"/> ft
Culvert Critical Depth	Y_c = <input type="text" value="0.70"/> ft
Tailwater Depth for Design	d = <input type="text" value="1.10"/> ft
Adjusted Diameter OR Adjusted Rise	D_a = <input type="text" value="0.99"/> ft
Expansion Factor	$1/(2*\tan(\theta))$ = <input type="text" value="6.70"/>
Flow/Diameter ^{2.5} OR Flow/(Span * Rise ^{1.5})	$Q/D^{2.5}$ = <input type="text" value="1.23"/> ft ^{0.5} /s
Froude Number	Fr = <input type="text" value="2.05"/> Supercritical!
Tailwater/Adjusted Diameter OR Tailwater/Adjusted Rise	Y_t/D = <input type="text" value="0.61"/>
Inlet Control Headwater	HW_i = <input type="text" value="1.01"/> ft
Outlet Control Headwater	HW_o = <input type="text" value="0.87"/> ft
Design Headwater Elevation	HW = <input type="text" value="4,918.24"/> ft
Headwater/Diameter OR Headwater/Rise Ratio	HW/D = <input type="text" value="0.67"/>
Minimum Theoretical Riprap Size	d_{50} = <input type="text" value="2"/> in
Nominal Riprap Size	d_{50} = <input type="text" value="6"/> in
UDFCD Riprap Type	Type = <input type="text" value="VL"/>
Length of Protection	L_p = <input type="text" value="5"/> ft
Width of Protection	T = <input type="text" value="3"/> ft

SPECIAL USE REVIEW USRXX-XXXX EXTRACTION OIL & GAS. JOHNSON TRUST 13-I FACILITY

SUMMARY RUNOFF TABLE

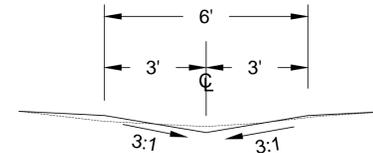
DESIGN POINT	CONTRIBUTING AREA (ACRES)	DIRECT RUNOFF 10-YR (CFS)	TOTAL RUNOFF 10-YR (CFS)	DIRECT RUNOFF 100-YR (CFS)	TOTAL RUNOFF 100-YR (CFS)	RELEASE RATE (CFS)
1	6.0	6.5	6.5	18.0	18.0	5.12
2	10.0	1.4	1.4	6.5	6.5	--
3	0.5	0.1	0.1	0.6	0.6	--



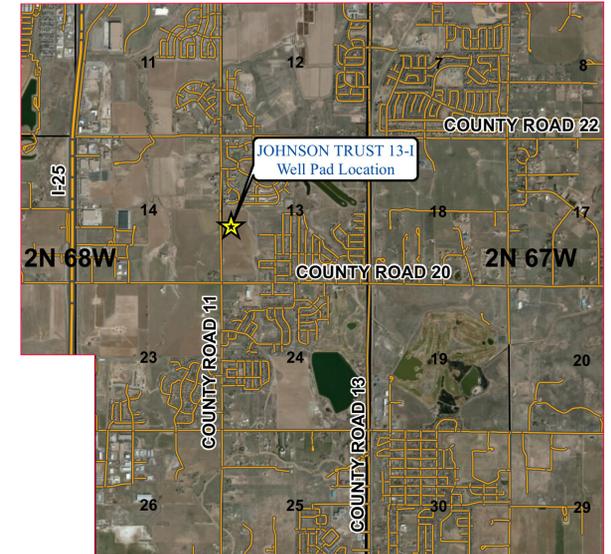
A = BASIN DESIGNATION
 B = AREA IN ACRES
 C = 10 - YR COMPOSITE RUNOFF COEFFICIENTS
 D = 100 - YR COMPOSITE RUNOFF COEFFICIENTS
 E = DESIGN POINT DESIGNATION

LEGEND

- EXISTING MAJOR CONTOUR
- EXISTING MINOR CONTOUR
- PROPOSED MAJOR CONTOUR
- PROPOSED MINOR CONTOUR
- BASIN BOUNDARY
- PROPOSED WELL
- FLOW ARROW



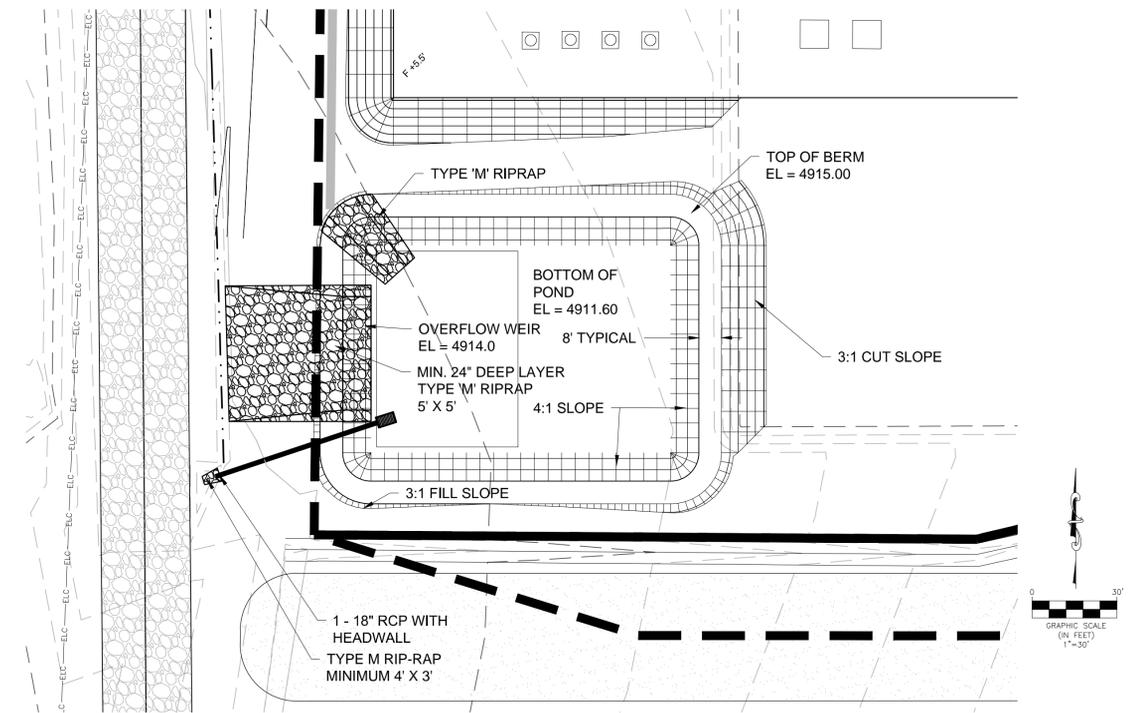
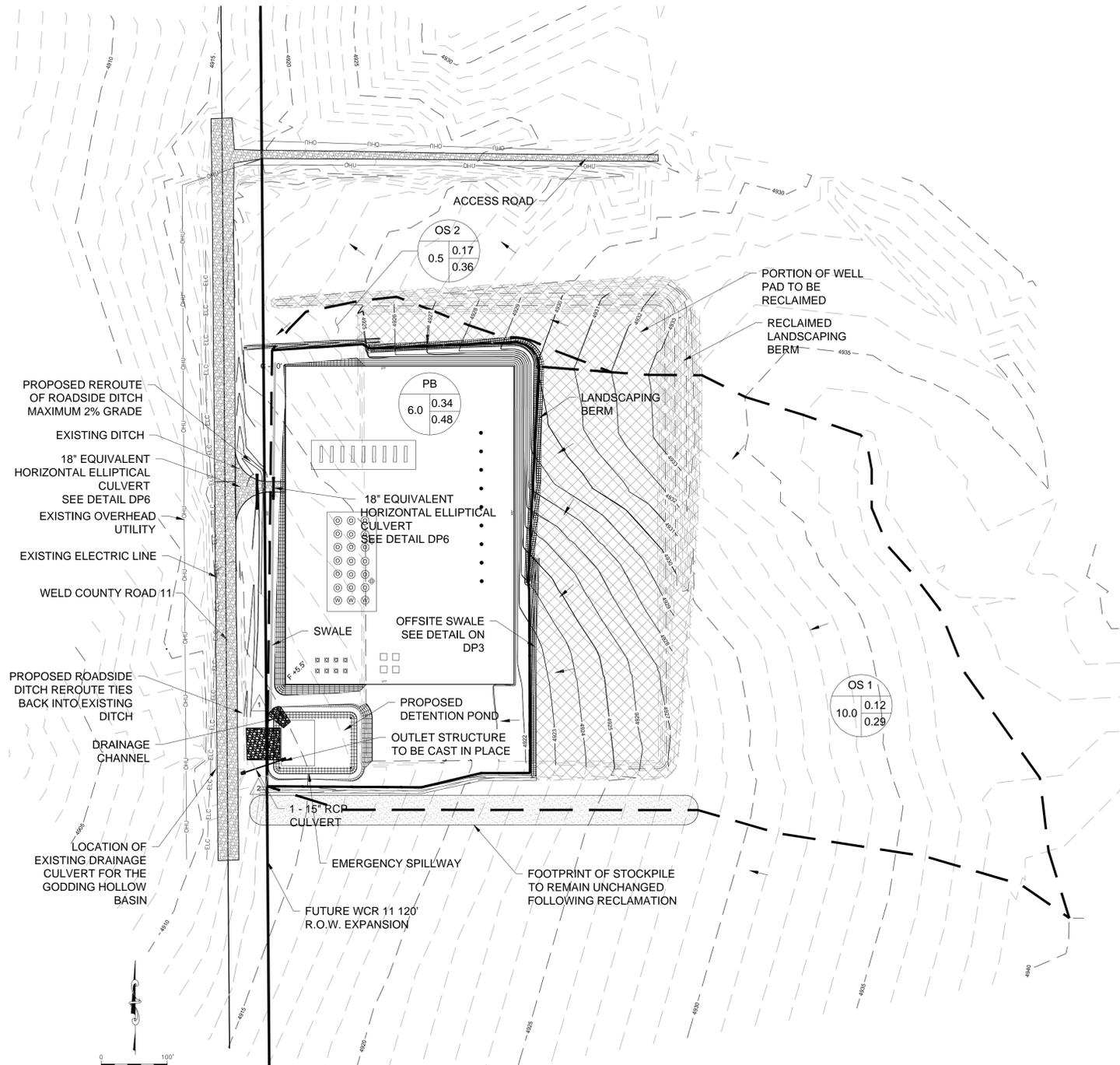
TYPICAL SWALE SECTION
N.T.S.



VICINITY MAP
NOT TO SCALE

SUMMARY DETENTION POND TABLE

WQCV VOLUME (ACRE-FEET)	WQCV ELEVATION (FEET)	10-YR VOLUME (ACRE-FEET)	10-YR ELEVATION (FEET)	100-YR VOLUME (ACRE-FEET)	100-YR ELEVATION (FEET)
0.102	4912.70	0.166	4913.00	0.384	4914.00



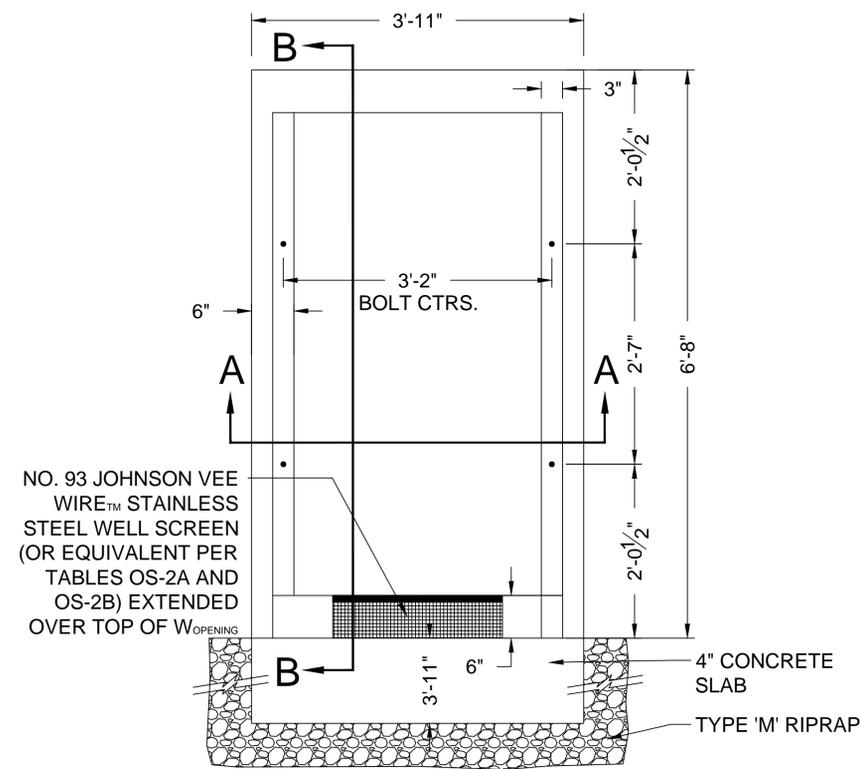
DETAILED DETENTION POND

PROPOSED DRAINAGE PLAN

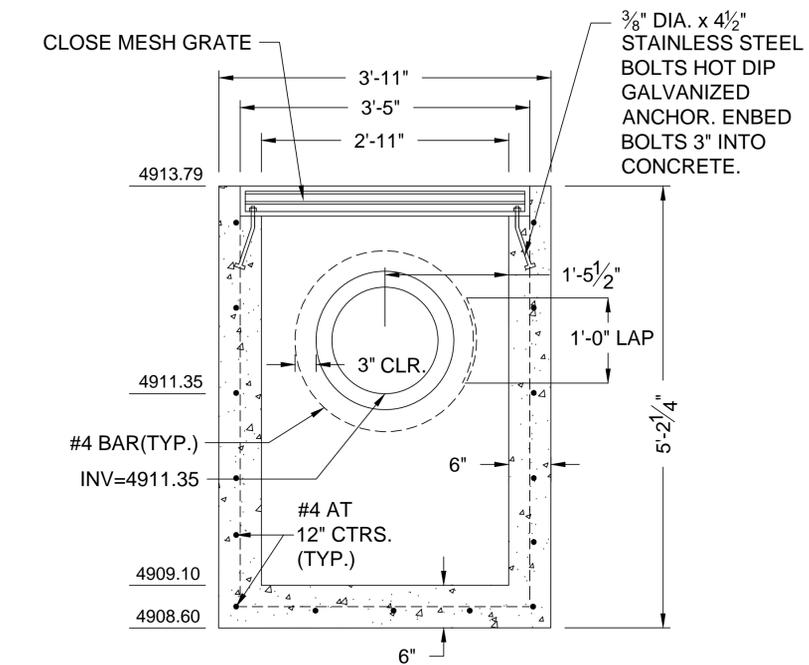
NOTE: THE EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY INFORMATION WAS COLLECTED BY PETROLEUM FIELD SERVICES ON 03-18-2015.

<p>DIG SAFELY BEFORE YOU DIG CALL: 1-800-922-1987</p> <p>UTILITY NOTIFICATION CENTER OF COLORADO</p>	NO.	DATE	REVISION DESCRIPTION	NAME	PREPARED FOR:	PREPARED BY:	<p>EXTRACTION OIL & GAS</p>	
						<p>PFS Petroleum Field Services, LLC 7535 Hilltop Circle Denver, CO 80221</p>		
							<p>DRAWING DATE: 10/27/2015</p> <p>DRAWN BY: SWW</p> <p>CHECK BY: MCW</p>	<p>EXTRACTION OIL & GAS</p> <p>DRAWING NAME: DRAINAGE PLAN</p> <p>SURFACE LOCATION: SECTION 13, TOWNSHIP 2 NORTH RANGE 68 WEST, 6TH P.M. FREDERICK, COLORADO</p>
								DP1

SPECIAL USE REVIEW USRXX-XXXX
EXTRACTION OIL & GAS. JOHNSON TRUST 13-I FACILITY

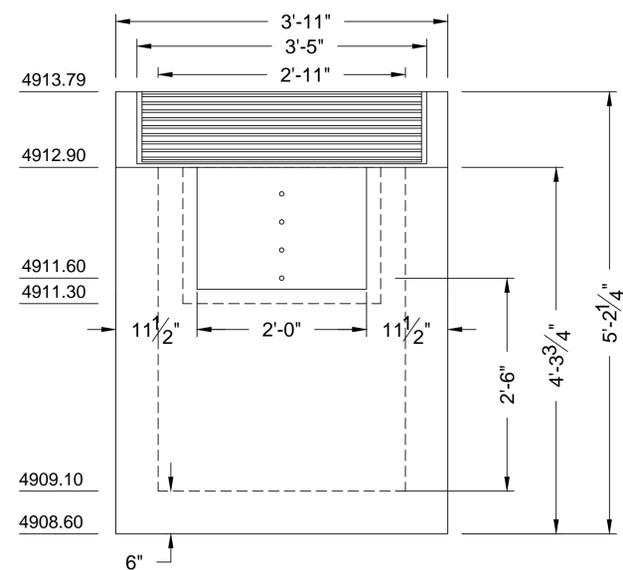


PLAN VIEW
(SHOWING ANCHOR BOLT LAYOUT)

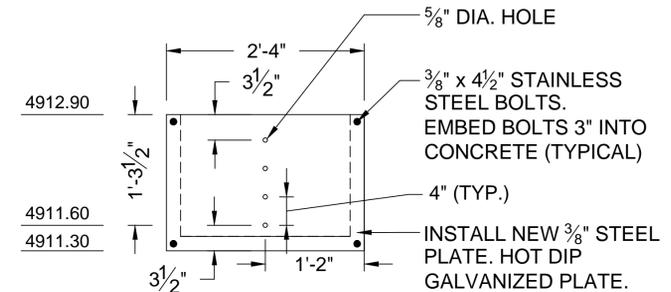


CROSS SECTION A-A

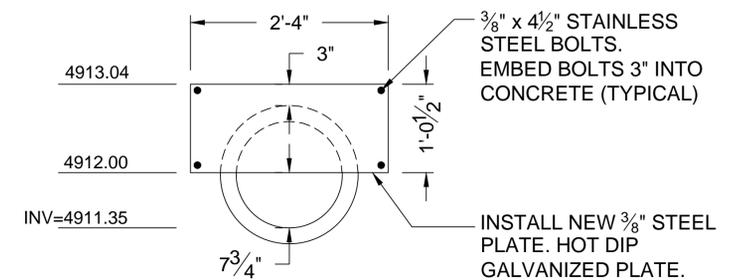
NOTE:
 1. OUTLET STRUCTURE TO BE CAST-IN-PLACE
 2. REFER TO CDOT TYPE D INLET(M-604-11) FOR REINFORCING BAR SIZE & SPACING.



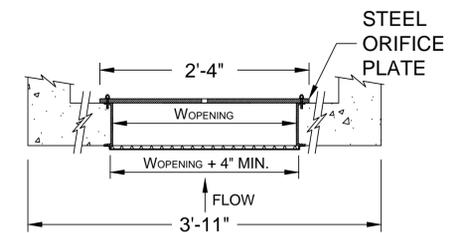
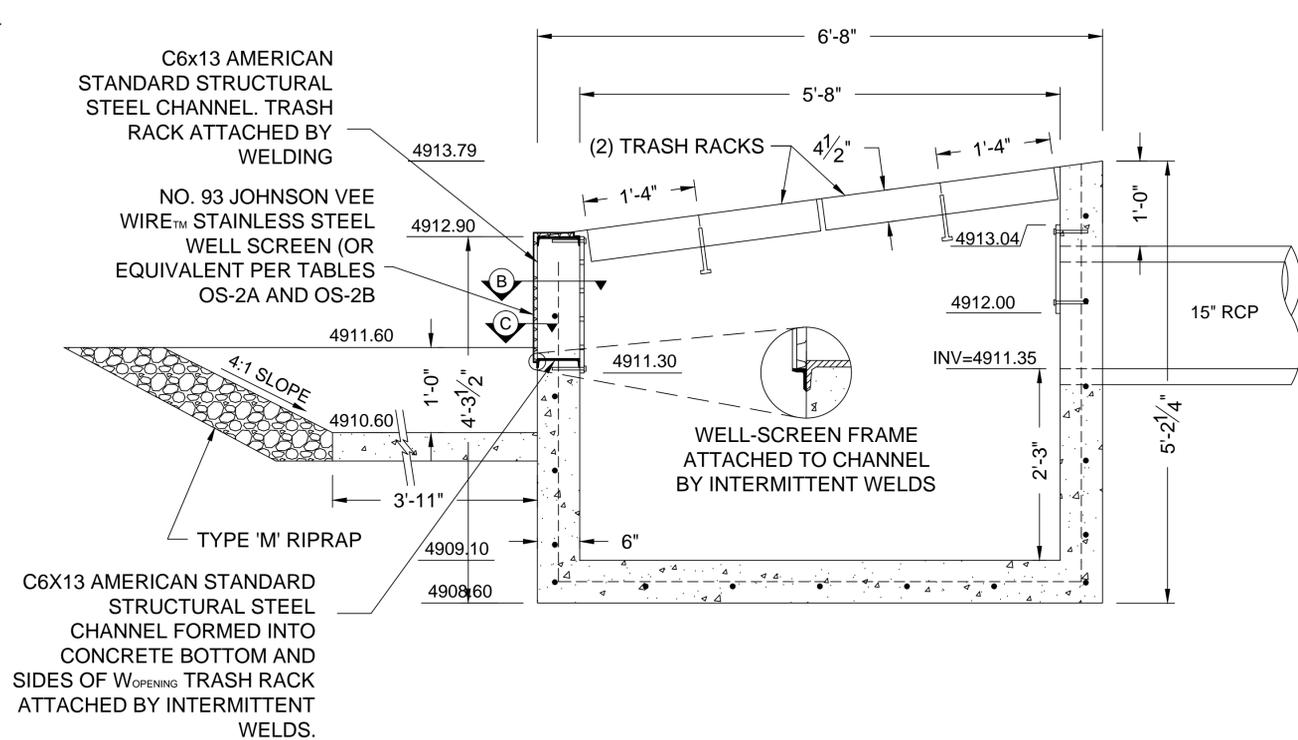
ELEVATION VIEW



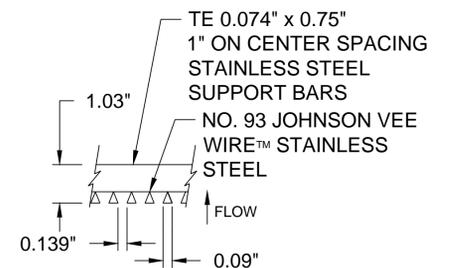
ORIFICE PLATE DETAIL



RESTRICTOR PLATE DETAIL



SECTION B
NTS



SECTION C
NTS

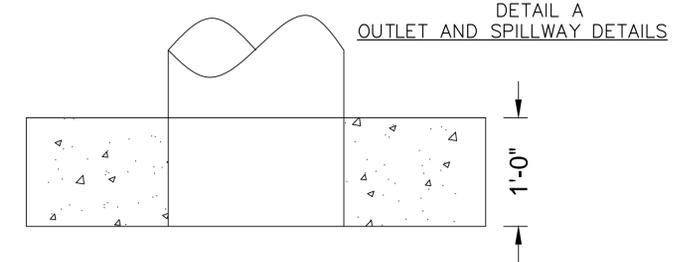
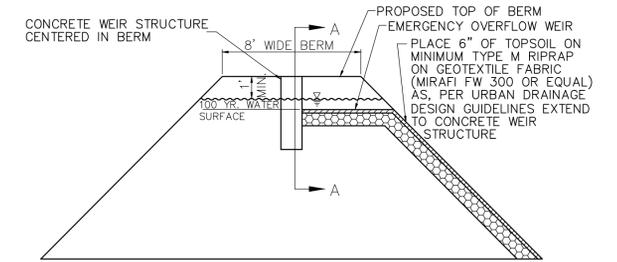
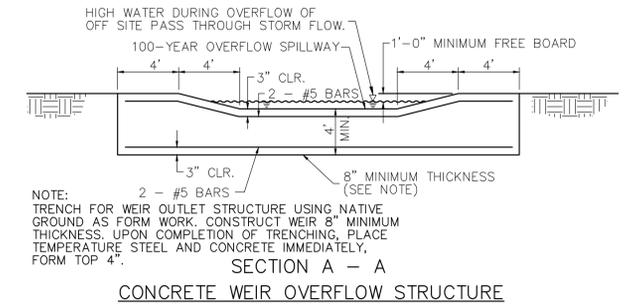
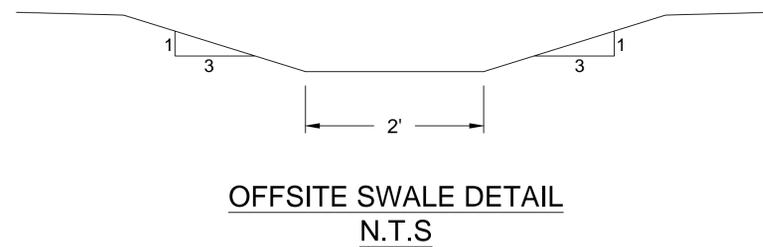
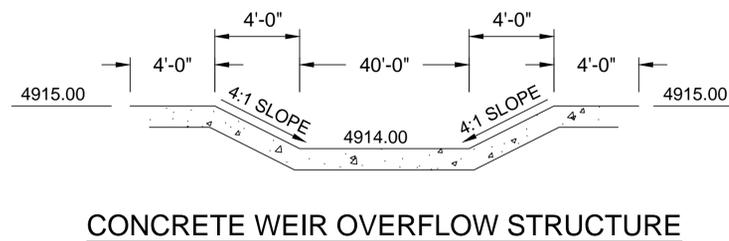
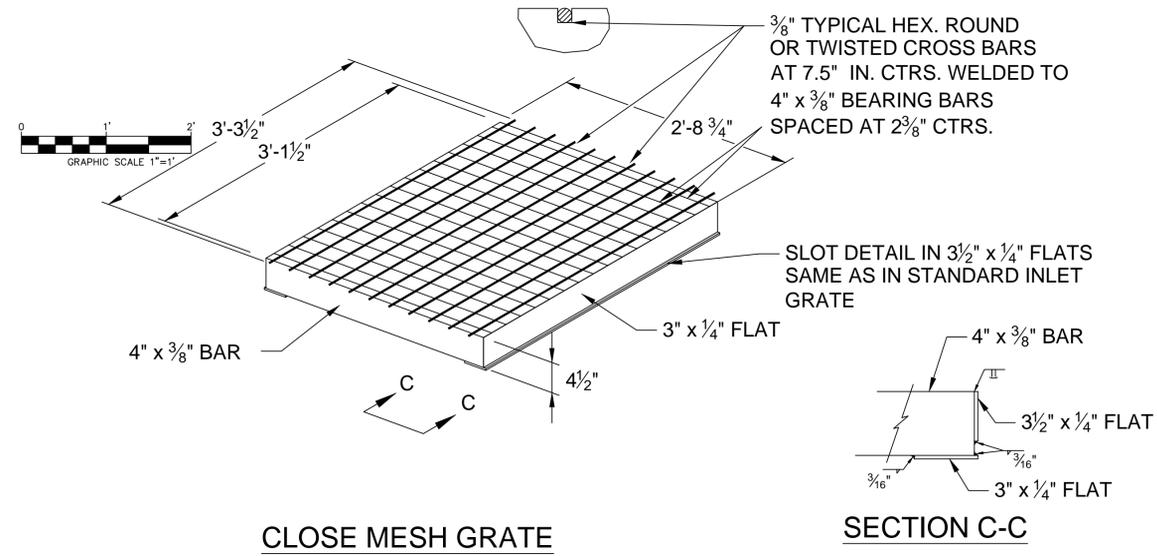


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1-800-922-1987
 UTILITY NOTIFICATION
 CENTER OF COLORADO

NO.	DATE	REVISION DESCRIPTION	NAME	PREPARED FOR:	PREPARED BY:
				EXTRACTION OIL & GAS	PFS Petroleum Field Services, LLC 7535 Hilltop Circle Denver, CO 80221

EXTRACTION OIL & GAS	
DRAWING DATE: 10-27-15	DRAWING NAME: DRAINAGE DETAILS SHEET 1
DRAWN BY: SWW	SURFACE LOCATION: SECTION 13, TOWNSHIP 2 NORTH RANGE 68 WEST, 6TH P.M. FREDERICK, COLORADO
CHECK BY: MCW	

**SPECIAL USE REVIEW USRXX-XXXX
EXTRACTION OIL & GAS, JOHNSON TRUST 13-I FACILITY**



OUTLET INV = 4910.95

<p align="center">DIG SAFELY BEFORE YOU DIG CALL: 1-800-922-1987 UTILITY NOTIFICATION CENTER OF COLORADO</p>	NO.	DATE	REVISION DESCRIPTION	NAME	PREPARED FOR:	PREPARED BY:	<p align="center">EXTRACTION OIL & GAS</p>	<p align="center">PFS Petroleum Field Services, LLC 7535 Hilltop Circle Denver, CO 80221</p>	<p align="center">EXTRACTION OIL & GAS</p>		
									<p>DRAWING DATE: 10-27-15</p> <p>DRAWN BY: SWW</p> <p>CHECK BY: MCW</p>	<p>DRAWING NAME: DRAINAGE DETAILS SHEET 2</p> <p>SURFACE LOCATION: SECTION 13, TOWNSHIP 2 NORTH RANGE 68 WEST, 6TH P.M. FREDERICK, COLORADO</p>	<p>DP3</p>

SPECIAL USE REVIEW USRXX-XXXX EXTRACTION OIL & GAS. JOHNSON TRUST 13-I FACILITY

GENERAL NOTES

- CONCRETE SHALL BE CLASS B. INLET MAY BE CAST-IN-PLACE OR PRECAST.
- SEE PLANS FOR SIZE AND LOCATION OF PIPE.
- STRUCTURAL STEEL FOR GRATES AND GRATE INSTALLATION HARDWARE SHALL BE GALVANIZED AND SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTION 712.06.
- STANDARD INLET GRATES SHALL BE USED ON ALL TYPE D INLETS UNLESS CLOSE MESH GRATES ARE SPECIFIED ON THE PLANS.
- STEPS SHALL BE PROVIDED WHEN INLET DIMENSION "H" IS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 3 FT.-6 IN. AND SHALL CONFORM WITH ASHITO M 199.
- REINFORCING BARS SHALL BE EPOXY COATED AND DEFORMED #4, AND SHALL HAVE A 2 IN. MINIMUM CLEARANCE OUT OR BEND BARS AROUND PIPE AS REQUIRED.

QUANTITIES FOR ONE INLET

"H" FT.	CONCRETE CU. YDS.	STEEL LBS.	CIRCULAR PIPE RANGE INSIDE DIA. IN. - "D"
3.0	1.5	127	18
3.5	1.7	149	18-24
4.0	1.9	157	18-30
4.5	2.0	179	18-36
5.0	2.2	187	18-42
5.5	2.4	208	18-42
6.0	2.6	215	18-42
6.5	2.8	236	18-42
7.0	2.9	243	18-42
7.5	3.1	264	18-42
8.0	3.3	271	18-42
8.5	3.5	292	18-42
9.0	3.6	299	18-42
9.5	3.8	320	18-42
10.0	4.0	327	18-42

OUTLET PIPE INSIDE DIA. FT. - "D" FT.

1.5	3.0
2.0	3.5
2.5	4.0
3.0	4.5
3.5	5.0

QUANTITIES FOR ONE INLET

CONCRETE AND STEEL QUANTITIES ARE FOR ONE ENTIRE INLET BEFORE DEDUCTION FOR VOLUME OCCUPIED BY PIPE. WEIGHT OF STEEL INCLUDES A RING FOR THE MAXIMUM PIPE DIAMETER.

Computer File Information

Creation Date: 07/04/06 Initials: SJR
 Last Modification Date: 07/04/06 Initials: LTA
 Full Path: www.dot.state.co.us/DesignSupport/
 Drawing File Name: 604010101.dwg
 CAD Ver: MicroStation V8 Scale: Not to Scale Units: English

Sheet Revisions

No.	Date	Comments
1		
2		
3		
4		

Colorado Department of Transportation
 4201 East Arkansas Avenue
 Denver, Colorado 80222
 Phone: (303) 757-9823
 Fax: (303) 757-9820
 Project Development Branch SRJ/LTA

INLET, TYPE D

STANDARD PLAN NO.
M-604-11

Issued By: Project Development Branch on July 04, 2006

Sheet No. 1 of 1

GENERAL NOTES

- CONCRETE SHALL BE CLASS B.
- HEADWALL SHALL BE PERPENDICULAR TO THE PIPE < UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLANS. TABULATED DIMENSIONS AND QUANTITIES MUST BE ADJUSTED FOR SKEWED INSTALLATIONS.
- FOR WINGWALL DETAILS, SEE STANDARD PLAN M-601-20.
- VOLUME OCCUPIED BY PIPE HAS BEEN DEDUCTED FROM STEEL AND CONCRETE QUANTITIES.
- EXPOSED CONCRETE CORNERS SHALL BE CHAMFERED 1/4 IN.
- ALL REINFORCING BARS SHALL HAVE A 2 IN. MINIMUM CLEARANCE.
- WHEN TWO OR MORE PIPES ARE LAID SIDE BY SIDE, THEY SHALL BE PLACED SO THAT THE ADJACENT PIPES WILL BE 1/2 INSIDE DIAMETER APART OR 1/2 INSIDE SPAN APART OR 3 FT. APART (INCLUDING WALL THICKNESS), WHICHEVER IS LESS.
- ADD 0.8x (X OR Y) LBS. WHEN APRON IS REQUIRED.

QUANTITIES

EQUIV. IN.	SPAN IN.	RISE IN.	CONCRETE				STEEL					
			CU. YD.	CU. YD.	SGL. DBL.	SGL. DBL.	LBS.	LBS.				
54	65	8-9	8/2	15-6	7	9-2	17	20	2.12	3.55	209	364
60	72	8-8	7	12-0	10	9-8	11	11	2.35	3.99	236	414
66	78	10-3	10/2	18-0	7	10-4	14	21	2.60	4.44	249	453
72	86	11-0	10	20-0	10	10-8	17	24	2.85	4.91	270	476
78	93	11-9	8/2	21-3	11	11-4	17	24	3.11	5.29	306	527
84	100	12-6	7	22-6	7	11-8	14	28	3.38	5.68	333	572
90	107	13-3	10/2	23-9	8/2	12-2	17	28	3.66	6.08	356	593
96	114	14-0	10	25-0	10	12-6	11	27	3.94	6.48	379	649
102	121	14-9	8/2	26-3	10/2	13-2	14	28	4.24	6.89	400	664
108	128	15-6	7	27-6	7	13-6	17	29	4.54	7.30	424	707

Computer File Information

Creation Date: 07/04/12 Initials: DD
 Last Modification Date: 07/04/12 Initials: LTA
 Full Path: www.coloradodot.info/business/designsupport
 Drawing File Name: 601000101.dgn
 CAD Ver: MicroStation V8 Scale: Not to Scale Units: English

Sheet Revisions

No.	Date	Comments
1		
2		
3		
4		

Colorado Department of Transportation
 4201 East Arkansas Avenue
 Denver, Colorado 80222
 Phone: (303) 757-9823
 Fax: (303) 757-9820
 Project Development Branch DD/LTA

HEADWALL FOR PIPES

STANDARD PLAN NO.
M-601-10

Issued By: Project Development Branch July 4, 2012

Sheet No. 1 of 1

DIG SAFELY
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1-800-922-1987
UTILITY NOTIFICATION
CENTER OF COLORADO

EXTRACTION OIL & GAS

PREPARED BY:
EXTRACTION
EXTRACTION OIL & GAS

PREPARED BY:
PFS
Petroleum Field Services, LLC
7535 Hilltop Circle
Denver, CO 80221

EXTRACTION OIL & GAS

DRAWING DATE:
07-24-2015

DRAWN BY:
JWJ

CHECK BY:
MCW

DRAWING NAME:
DRAINAGE DETAILS SHEET 3

SURFACE LOCATION:
SECTION 13, TOWNSHIP 2 NORTH
RANGE 68 WEST, 6TH P.M.
FREDERICK, COLORADO

DP4

SPECIAL USE REVIEW USRXX-XXXX

EXTRACTION OIL & GAS. JOHNSON TRUST 13-I FACILITY

PIPE INSTALLATION
(WITH 0.7 PROJECTION RATIO)

NOTE: Bc IS THE OUTSIDE DIMENSION FOR DIAMETER, SPAN OR RISE.

CIRCULAR (CIR)			VERTICAL ELLIPTICAL (VE)			HORIZONTAL ELLIPTICAL (HE)				
PIPE SIZE - Ba (INSIDE DIA) IN.	WALL THICKNESS FT.	0.3 Bc (OUTSIDE DIA) FT.	SPAN IN.	RISE IN.	WALL THICKNESS FT.	0.3 OUTSIDE RISE FT.	SPAN IN.	RISE IN.	WALL THICKNESS FT.	0.3 OUTSIDE RISE FT.
12	2	0.40					23	14	2-3/4	0.49
15	2-1/4	0.49								
18	2-1/2	0.58								
21	2-3/4	0.66								
24	3	0.75								
27	3-1/4	0.84								
30	3-1/2	0.92					38	24	3-3/4	0.79
33	3-3/4	1.01								
36	4	1.10	29	45	4-1/2	1.35	45	29	4-1/2	0.95
42	4-1/2	1.28	34	53	5	1.58	53	34	5	1.10
48	5	1.45	38	60	5-1/2	1.78	60	38	5-1/2	1.23
54	5-1/2	1.62	43	68	6	2.00	68	43	6	1.38
60	6	1.80	48	76	6-1/2	2.23	76	48	6-1/2	1.53
66	6-1/2	1.97	53	83	7	2.43	83	53	7	1.68
72	7	2.15	58	91	7-1/2	2.65	91	58	7-1/2	1.83
78	7-1/2	2.32	63	98	8	2.85	98	63	8	1.98
84	8	2.50	68	106	8-1/2	3.08	106	68	8-1/2	2.13
90	8-1/2	2.68	72	113	9	3.28	113	72	9	2.25
96	9	2.85	77	121	9-1/2	3.50	121	77	9-1/2	2.40
102	9-1/2	3.02	82	128	9-3/4	3.69	128	82	9-3/4	2.54
108	10	3.20	87	136	10	3.90	136	87	10	2.68

△ ALSO EQUIVALENT ROUND DIMENSION FOR ELLIPTICAL PIPE.

GENERAL NOTES

REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE

- FILL HEIGHTS GREATER THAN MAXIMUM ALLOWED IN THE HEIGHTS OF FILL TABLE ON THIS SHEET REQUIRE SPECIAL DESIGN OF STRUCTURE.
- PIPE DESIGN IS BASED ON SAFETY FACTOR OF 1.33 ON ULTIMATE STRENGTH.
- THE HEIGHTS OF FILL OVER TOP OF PIPE ARE BASED ON UNIT WEIGHT OF SOIL AT 135 LBS PER CUBIC FT.
- PIPE CLASS IS DETERMINED FROM 0.01 IN. CRACK D-LOAD.
- BEDDING IS CLASS B (MODIFIED) FROM CONCRETE PIPE DESIGN MANUAL-AMERICAN CONCRETE PIPE ASSOCIATION WITH SETTLEMENT RATIO R = 0.05 (YIELDING BED). BEDDING MATERIAL FOR RIGID PIPE IN SOIL SHALL BE 3 IN. LOOSE THICKNESS STRUCTURE BACKFILL CLASS 2. BEDDING MATERIAL FOR RIGID PIPE IN ROCK SHALL BE 12 IN. LOOSE THICKNESS STRUCTURE BACKFILL CLASS 1.
- CHANGES IN DESIGN FACTORS REQUIRE CORRESPONDING CHANGES IN PIPE DESIGN.
- MINIMUM WALL THICKNESS DIMENSIONS ARE BASED ON AASHTO M 170 (WALL B) FOR CIRCULAR PIPE, AND AASHTO M 207 FOR ELLIPTICAL PIPE.
- SPACING FOR MULTIPLE PIPE INSTALLATIONS SHALL CONFORM TO THE DETAILS SHOWN ON STANDARD PLAN M-206-1.
- WHEN A PIPE IS TO BE EXTENDED, THE SAME PIPE MATERIAL AND SIZE AS IN THE ORIGINAL PIPE INSTALLATION SHALL BE USED.

NONREINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE

- AT THE OPTION OF THE CONTRACTOR, NONREINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE CONFORMING TO AASHTO M 86 MAY BE USED IN LIEU OF REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE FOR ALL SIZES 36 INCHES IN DIAMETER AND SMALLER. THE NONREINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE SHALL MEET THE SAME D-LOAD TO PRODUCE THE ULTIMATE LOAD UNDER THE THREE-EDGE BEARING METHOD AS SPECIFIED FOR REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE IN CONFORMANCE WITH AASHTO M 170. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE WRITTEN CERTIFICATION OF CONFORMANCE. THE WALL THICKNESS OF THE NONREINFORCED PIPE MAY BE INCREASED AS REQUIRED TO MEET D-LOAD REQUIREMENT.
- ALL REQUIREMENTS FOR REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE, EXCEPT THOSE REFERRING TO REINFORCEMENT, SHALL APPLY TO NONREINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE.

DIMENSIONS FOR REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE
(FOR INFORMATION ONLY)

CONCRETE PIPE WITH END SECTIONS
NOTE: USE THE H THAT IS GREATER FOR MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE FILL HEIGHT.

H = HEIGHT OF FILL OVER TOP OF PIPE, INCLUDING PAVEMENT THICKNESS.
L1 = LENGTH OF PIPE TO BE MEASURED WHEN PLACED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 624.
L2 = LENGTH OF PIPE TO BE MEASURED WHEN PLACED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 603.

CONCRETE PIPE WITHOUT END SECTIONS
NOTE: USE THE H THAT IS GREATER FOR MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE FILL HEIGHT.

MINIMUM COVER FOR RIGID PIPE

TYPE OF PIPE	HEIGHT OF FILL OVER TOP OF PIPE, H (FEET) (0.01 IN. CRACK D-LOAD)				
	CLASS CIR II CLASS VE II 1000 D	CLASS CIR III CLASS VE III 1350 D	CLASS CIR IV CLASS VE IV 2000 D	CLASS CIR V CLASS VE V 3000 D	CLASS VE VI 4000 D
CIRCULAR (CIR)	1 TO 18	1 TO 25	± 25 TO 37	± 37 TO 45	± 45 TO 62
VERTICAL ELLIPTICAL (VE)	1 TO 18	1 TO 25	± 25 TO 37	± 37 TO 45	± 45 TO 62
HORIZONTAL ELLIPTICAL (HE)	1 TO 18	1 TO 25	± 25 TO 37		

ALLOWABLE RANGE OF HEIGHTS FOR FILL OVER REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE
(ALL SIZES)

SECTION A-A

• Refers to the equivalent pipe diameter.

SPAN	RISE	EQUIV. DIA.	WALL T	A	B	C	D	E	H	R	R1	R2	APPROX. SLOPE
23	14	18	2 3/4	8	27	3'-9"	6'-0"	36	5 3/8	6	6	20	1:3.1
(584)	(356)	(450)	(170)	(203)	(686)	(1,143 mm)	(1,829 mm)	(914)	(137)	(152)	(152)	(508)	
30	19	24	3 1/4	8 1/2	39	33	6'-0"	4'-0"	6 7/8	7	8 1/4	26 1/4	1:2.8
(762)	(483)	(600)	(83)	(216)	(991)	(838)	(1,829 mm)	(1,219 mm)	(175)	(178)	(210)	(667)	
34	22	27	3 1/2	9	4'-0"	24	6'-0"	4'-6"	7 3/4	8	9 1/4	29 1/4	1:2.9
(864)	(559)	(675)	(89)	(229)	(1,219 mm)	(610)	(1,829 mm)	(1,372 mm)	(197)	(203)	(235)	(743)	
38	24	30	3 1/2	9 1/2	4'-6"	18	6'-0"	5'-0"	8 5/8	9	10 1/4	32 3/4	1:2.9
(965)	(610)	(750)	(95)	(241)	(1,372 mm)	(475)	(1,829 mm)	(1,524 mm)	(219)	(229)	(260)	(832)	
45	29	36	4 1/2	11 1/4	5'-0"	36	8'-0"	6'-0"	10 1/2	12	12 1/4	39 1/4	1:2.7
(1143)	(737)	(900)	(114)	(286)	(1,524 mm)	(914)	(2,438 mm)	(1,829 mm)	(267)	(305)	(311)	(957)	
53	34	42	5	15 3/4	5'-0"	36	8'-0"	6'-6"	12 1/4	13	14 1/2	3'-10"	1:2.6
(1346)	(864)	(1050)	(127)	(400)	(1,524 mm)	(914)	(2,438 mm)	(1,981 mm)	(308)	(330)	(368)	(1,168 mm)	
60	38	48	5 1/2	21	5'-0"	36	8'-0"	7'-0"	13 1/2	14	16 1/2	4'-3 1/2"	1:2.7
(1524)	(965)	(1200)	(140)	(533)	(1,524 mm)	(914)	(2,438 mm)	(2,134 mm)	(343)	(356)	(419)	(1,308 mm)	
68	43	54	6	26	5'-0"	36	8'-0"	7'-6"	15 1/4	16	18 3/4	4'-10 1/2"	1:2.6
(1727)	(1092)	(1350)	(152)	(660)	(1,524 mm)	(914)	(2,438 mm)	(2,286 mm)	(387)	(406)	(476)	(1,486 mm)	
76	48	60	6 1/2	31	5'-0"	36	8'-0"	8'-0"	17	18	20 3/4	5'-5"	1:2.6
(1930)	(1219)	(1500)	(165)	(787)	(1,524 mm)	(914)	(2,438 mm)	(2,439 mm)	(432)	(457)	(527)	(1,651 mm)	

GENERAL NOTES

All slope ratios are expressed as units of vertical displacement to units of horizontal displacement (V/H).

All dimensions are in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise shown.

OPTIONAL FABRIC LAP

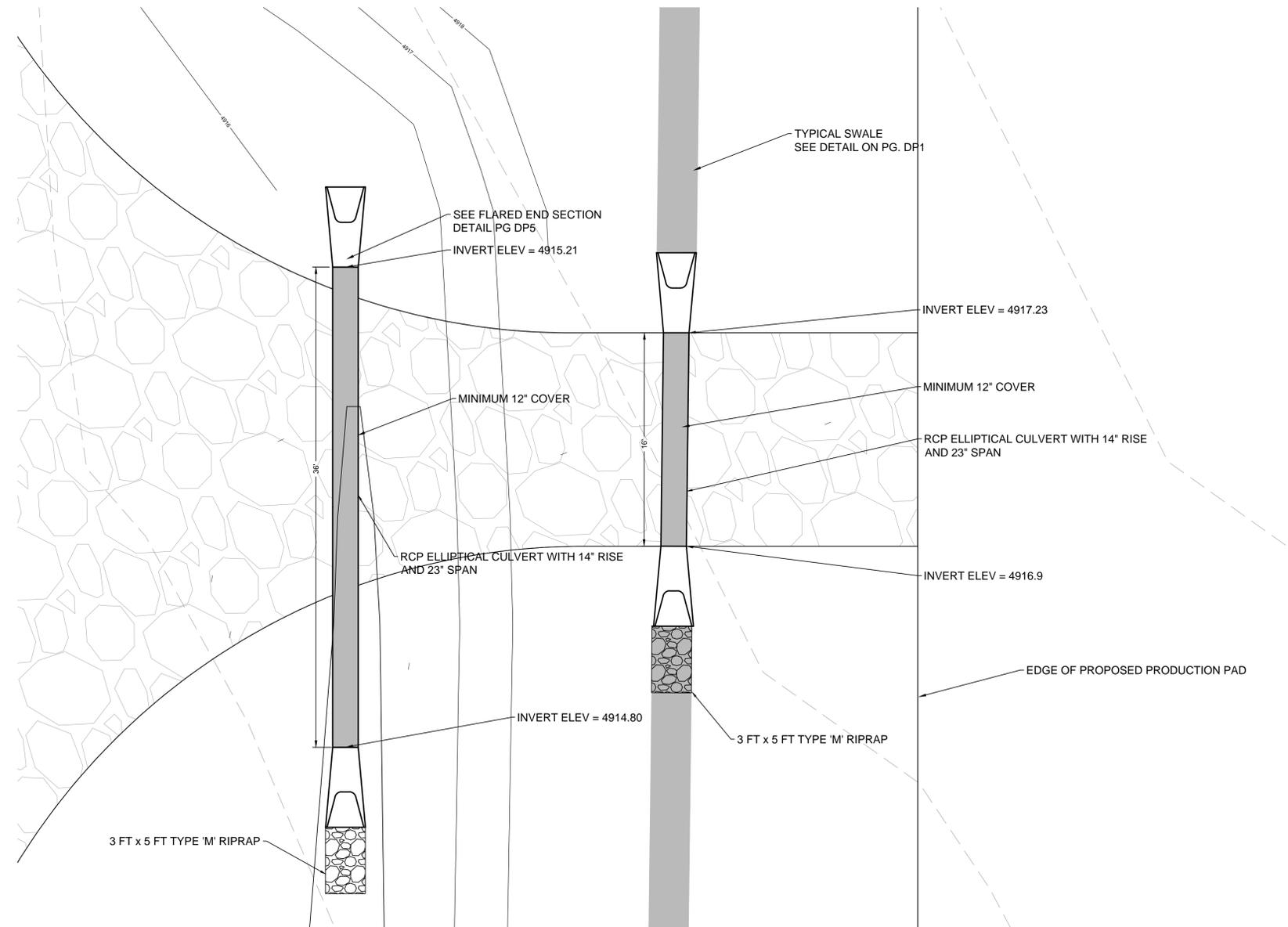
PRECAST REINFORCED CONCRETE ELLIPTICAL FLARED END SECTION

Computer File Information	Sheet Revisions	Colorado Department of Transportation	REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE
Creation Date: 07/04/12 Initials: DLM	Date: 3/25/14 Comments: Made file name for pipe size and class.	4201 East Arkansas Avenue	STANDARD PLAN NO.
Last Modification Date: 10/02/14 Initials: LTA	Date: 4/11/14 Comments: Changed pipe size to 3 in. height table.	CDOT HQ, 4th Floor	M-603-2
Full Path: www.coloradodot.info/business/designsupport		Denver, CO 80222	Sheet No. 1 of 1
Drawing File Name: 603020101.dgn		Phone: 303-757-9021 FAX: 303-757-9868	
CAD Ver.: MicroStation V8 Scale: Not to Scale Units: English		Division of Project Support DLM/LTA	

Issued By: Project Development Branch on July 4, 2012

<p>DIG SAFELY BEFORE YOU DIG CALL: 1-800-922-1987 UTILITY NOTIFICATION CENTER OF COLORADO</p>	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr><th>NO.</th><th>DATE</th><th>REVISION DESCRIPTION</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> </tbody> </table>	NO.	DATE	REVISION DESCRIPTION										<table border="1"> <thead> <tr><th>NAME</th><th>PREPARED FOR:</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td></tr> </tbody> </table>	NAME	PREPARED FOR:					<table border="1"> <thead> <tr><th>PREPARED BY:</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td></tr> </tbody> </table>	PREPARED BY:			<p>EXTRACTION OIL & GAS</p>	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr><th>PREPARED BY:</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td></tr> </tbody> </table>	PREPARED BY:			<p>EXTRACTION OIL & GAS</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">EXTRACTION OIL & GAS</p> <p>DRAWING DATE: 09-29-2015</p> <p>DRAWN BY: JWW</p> <p>CHECK BY: MCW</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">EXTRACTION OIL & GAS</p> <p>DRAWING NAME: DRAINAGE DETAILS SHEET 4</p> <p>SURFACE LOCATION: SECTION 13, TOWNSHIP 2 NORTH RANGE 68 WEST, 6TH P.M. FREDERICK, COLORADO</p>	<p>DP5</p>
NO.	DATE	REVISION DESCRIPTION																															
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SPECIAL USE REVIEW USRXX-XXXX
EXTRACTION OIL & GAS. JOHNSON TRUST 13-I FACILITY



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