



Photo 1. View of location in southern portion of well pad where concentrated stormwater flows appear to exit the well pad and flow into an erosional channel, from southern edge of well pad facing southwestward.





Photo 2. View of erosional channel (approximately 2-3 feet wide and 2 feet deep) that appears to have formed from concentrated stormwater flows exiting the southern edge of the well pad, from southern edge of well pad facing southward.

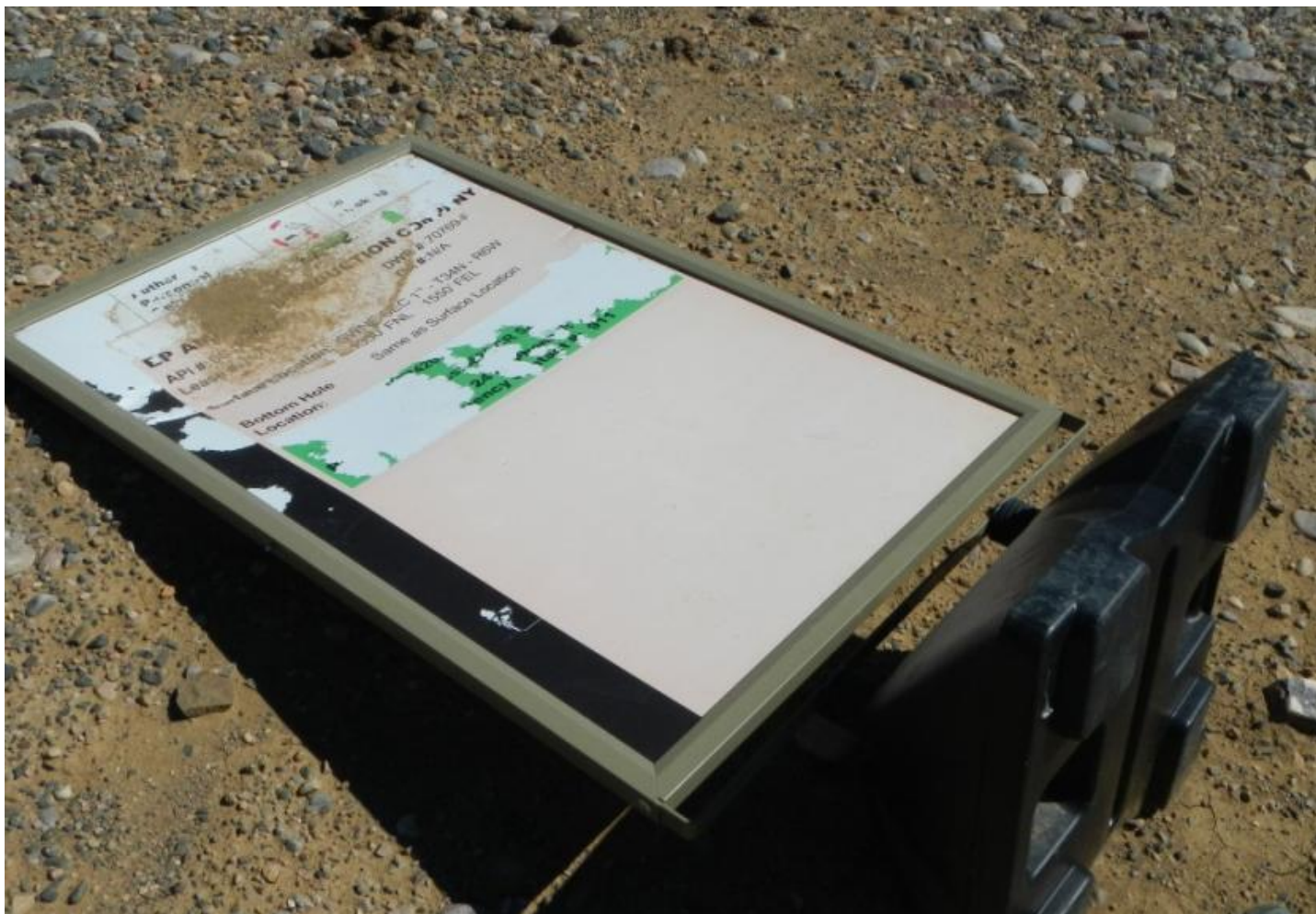


Photo 3. View of sign tipped over and partially illegible near well pad entrance.





Photo 4. View of western portion of project area from southwestern corner facing northwestward. Vegetation here is largely comprised of weeds such as kochia (*Kochia scoparia*) and field bindweed (*Convolvulus arvensis*) as well as false buffalograss (*Munroa squarrosa*) and scattered western wheatgrass (*Pascopyrum smithii*).



Photo 5. View of southern edge of well pad from southeastern edge facing westward, vegetation is consistent with what is described in Photo 4.





Photo 6. View of northern portion of project area from northeastern portion facing westward. Vegetation is largely comprised of western wheatgrass (*Pascopyrum smithii*), red fescue (*Festuca rubra*), and fleabane (*Erigeron* sp.). A shallow diversion channel can be seen where there is a line of golden, grassy flower heads.



Photo 7. View of open water adjacent to northeastern portion of project area.