

**FORM
INSP**Rev
05/11**State of Colorado****Oil and Gas Conservation Commission**

1120 Lincoln Street, Suite 801, Denver, Colorado 80203 Phone: (303) 894-2100 Fax: (303) 894-2109



DE	ET	OE	ES
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Inspection Date:

09/19/2013

Document Number:

670200880

Overall Inspection:

Unsatisfactory**FIELD INSPECTION FORM**

Location Identifier	Facility ID	Loc ID	Inspector Name:	On-Site Inspection	2A Doc Num:
	433363	432702	BURGER, CRAIG	<input type="checkbox"/>	

Operator Information:

OGCC Operator Number: 96850 Name of Operator: WPX ENERGY ROCKY MOUNTAIN LLC

Address: 1001 17TH STREET - SUITE #1200

City: DENVER

State: CO

Zip: 80202

Contact Information:

Contact Name	Phone	Email	Comment
Gardner, Michael	970/285-9377 ext. 2760	Michael.Gardner@WPXEnerg y.com	Principal Environmental Specialist
Kellerby, Shaun		Shaun.Kellerby@state.co.us	NW Field Supervisor

Compliance Summary:

QtrQtr: Sec: Twp: Range:

Inspector Comment:

Inspection is unsatisfactory due to stormwater and erosion control issues.

Related Facilities:

Facility ID	Type	Status	Status Date	Well Class	API Num	Facility Name	
433363	PIT	AC	06/24/2013		-	Beaver Creek 11-7-793	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Equipment:**Location Inventory**

Special Purpose Pits: _____	Drilling Pits: _____	Wells: _____	Production Pits: _____
Condensate Tanks: _____	Water Tanks: 6	Separators: _____	Electric Motors: _____
Gas or Diesel Mortors: _____	Cavity Pumps: _____	LACT Unit: _____	Pump Jacks: _____
Electric Generators: _____	Gas Pipeline: _____	Oil Pipeline: _____	Water Pipeline: 1
Gas Compressors: _____	VOC Combustor: _____	Oil Tanks: _____	Dehydrator Units: _____
Multi-Well Pits: 1	Pigging Station: _____	Flare: _____	Fuel Tanks: _____

Location

Emergency Contact Number: (S/U/V) _____

Corrective Date: _____

Comment: _____

Corrective Action: _____

Spills:

Type	Area	Volume	Corrective action	CA Date
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☐ Multiple Spills and Releases?

Venting:		
Yes/No	Comment	

Flaring:				
Type	Satisfactory/Unsatisfactory	Comment	Corrective Action	CA Date

Predrill

Location ID: 432702

Site Preparation:

Lease Road Adeq.: _____

Pads: _____

Soil Stockpile: _____

Corrective Action: _____

Date: _____ CDP Num.: _____

Form 2A COAs:

Group	User	Comment	Date
OGLA	kubeczkod	<p>SITE SPECIFIC COAs:</p> <p>Notify the COGCC 48 hours prior to start of frac pad construction, pit liner installation, start of hydrostatic test, and start of hydraulic stimulation operations using Form 42 (the appropriate COGCC individuals will automatically be email notified, including the LGD for hydraulic stimulation operations).</p> <p>Operator must implement best management practices to contain any unintentional release of fluids at the pit location, as well as any fluids conveyed via temporary surface or buried permanent pipelines.</p> <p>Operator must ensure secondary containment for any volume of fluids contained at frac pad site during completion operations (as described on the BMP tab); including, but not limited to, construction of a berm or diversion dike, diversion/collection trenches within and/or outside of berms/dikes, site grading, or other comparable measures (i.e., best management practices (BMPs) associated with stormwater management) sufficiently protective of nearby surface water. Any berm constructed at the frac pad location will be stabilized, inspected at regular intervals (at least every 14 days), and maintained in good condition.</p> <p>Flowback and stimulation fluids must be sent to tanks, separators, or other containment/filtering equipment before the fluids can be placed into the multi-well pit or storage vessel on the frac pad; or into tanker trucks for offsite disposal. The flowback and stimulation fluid tanks, separators, or other containment/filtering equipment must be placed on the frac pad or nearby well pads in an area with additional downgradient perimeter berming. The area where flowback fluids will be stored/reused must be constructed to be sufficiently impervious to contain any spilled or released material.</p> <p>Additional containment shall be required where temporary or permanent pumps and other necessary equipment or chemicals are located.</p> <p>Berms or other containment devices shall be constructed to be sufficiently impervious (preferably corrugated steel with poly liner) to contain any spilled or released material around crude oil, condensate, and produced water storage tanks.</p>	04/08/2013
OGLA	kubeczkod	<p>FORM 15 EARTHEN PIT PERMIT COAs:</p> <p>The multi-well pit must be double-lined. The pit will also require a leak detection system (Rule 904.e).</p> <p>Delivery and vacuum truck hoses will not be allowed to be placed directly onto the pit liner. Operator will construct a loading/unloading station located next to the pit, to deliver fluids to or remove fluids from the pit by truck. The loading/unloading</p>	04/08/2013

station shall be designed and utilized to prevent hoses from being dropped into the pits and dragged over the liner, which could lead to liner damage. The loading/unloading station will be the only permitted access for manual fluids transfers to or from the pit. Vehicles will not be allowed to approach the pit any closer than the loading/unloading station. Each station will have a catch basin in case a leak occurs while operations personnel are connecting or disconnecting hoses. Signs clearly marking the truck loading/unloading station shall be provided and maintained by the operator.

Operator must submit a professional engineer (PE) approved/stamped as-built drawing (plan view and cross-sections) of the multi-well pit within 30 calendar days of construction.

After installation of the uppermost liner and prior to operating the pit, the synthetic liner(s) shall be tested by filling the pit with at least 70 percent of operating capacity of water, measured from the base of the pit (not to exceed the 2-foot freeboard requirement). The operator shall monitor the pit for leaks for a period of 72 hours prior to either draining the pit or commencing operations. Operator shall notify the COGCC Oil and Gas Location Assessment (OGLA) Specialist for Western Colorado (Dave Kubeczko; email dave.kubeczko@state.co.us) 48 hours prior to start of the hydrotest. Hydrotest monitoring results must be maintained by the operator for the life of the pit and provided to COGCC prior to using the pit (via Form 4 Sundry to Dave Kubeczko; email dave.kubeczko@state.co.us) .

In lieu of conducting an initial hydrostatic test of the pit, the operator can monitor fluid levels in the pit continuously using a minimum of two pressure transducers located at the upgradient and downgradient ends of the pit (based on the original topographic profile). These pressure transducers should be linked to the operator's SCADA system such that they can be remotely monitored. In addition, the pit liner will be marked at the two foot freeboard depth line so that operations personnel (as well as COGCC inspectors) can easily verify that the required fluid free board is being maintained. The electronically collected water level measurement data shall be used to confirm changes in pit inflow and outflow during operations based on estimates from truck and/or pipeline delivery or removal activities. Any abnormalities that are noticed during operations will be reported to the operator's field supervisor immediately so that any necessary follow-up can be scheduled.

No portion of any pit that will be used to hold liquids shall be constructed on fill material, unless the pit and fill slope are designed and certified by a professional engineer, subject to review and approval by the director prior to construction of the pit. The construction and lining of the pit shall be supervised by a professional engineer or their agent. The entire base of the pit must be in cut.

The nearby downgradient hillside below the pit location must be periodically monitored for any day-lighting of fluids throughout pit operations.

The multi-well pit must be fenced and netted. The operator must maintain the fencing and netting until the pit is closed.

Operator shall pressure test pipelines in accordance with Rule 1101.e.(1) prior to putting into initial service any temporary surface pipelines or configuration of the permanent pipeline network.

This multi-well pit will comply with Rule 902. PITS - GENERAL AND SPECIAL RULES. e. Pits used for a period of no more than three (3) years for storage, recycling, reuse, treatment, or disposal of E&P waste or fresh water, as applicable, may be permitted in accordance with Rule 903 to service multiple wells.

Operator has indicated that this facility may be in operation from 3 to 5 years. Should the operation of this facility continue more than three years, a Form 28 shall be submitted and approved prior to the expiration of the Form 2A and Form 15.

Surface water samples (one upgradient and one downgradient from the frac pad/multi-well pit location) from the unnamed intermittent stream located west of

		<p>the location (if water is present), as well as Beaver Creek, shall be collected prior to pit use and every 12 months (until pit closure) to evaluate potential impacts from pit operations. At a minimum, the surface water samples will be analyze for the following parameters: major cations/anions (chloride, fluoride, sulfate, sodium); total dissolved solids (TDS); and BTEX/DRO.</p> <p>The operator shall submit, and receive approval of, a reuse and recycling plan per Rule 907.a.(3), prior to any offsite reuse/recycling of pit fluids.</p> <p>The multi-well pit shall be closed in accordance with Rule 905. Closure of Pits, and Buried or Partially Buried Produced Water Vessels; with an approved Site Investigation and Remediation Workplan, Form 27.</p> <p>Submit additional disposal facilities (wells, pits, etc.), if necessary (i.e., if original disposal option changes), for pit liquid contents to COGCC via a Form 4 Sundry prior to disposal.</p> <p>At the time of pit closure, operator must submit disposal information for solids, if necessary, via a Form 4 Sundry Notice to the COGCC Location Specialist for Western Colorado (Dave Kubeczko; email dave.kubeczko@state.co.us). The disposal method will need to be approved prior to operator starting pit closure.</p>	
OGLA	kubeczko	<p>TEMPORARY SURFACE PIPELINES COAs:</p> <p>Operator must implement best management practices to contain any unintentional release of fluids along all portions of the surface pipeline route where temporary pumps and other necessary equipment are located.</p> <p>Operator must routinely inspect the entire length of the surface pipeline to ensure integrity.</p> <p>Operator must ensure 110 percent secondary containment for any potential volume of fluids that may be released from the surface pipeline at all stream, intermittent stream, ditch, and drainage crossings.</p> <p>Operator will utilize, to the extent practical, all existing access and other public roads, and/or existing pipeline right-of-ways, when placing/routing the surface pipelines. This will reduce surface disturbance and fragmentation of wildlife habitat in the area.</p>	04/08/2013

OGLA	kubeczkod	<p>GROUNDWATER/SURFACE WATER BASELINE SAMPLING COA:</p> <p>Baseline Water Testing: Prior to pit operations, operator shall sample at a minimum two (2) domestic water wells or springs within a one (1) mile radius of the proposed oil and gas location. Testing preference shall be given to domestic water wells and springs over surface water. If possible, the water wells or springs selected should be on opposite sides of the oil and gas location not exceeding a one (1) mile radius. If water wells or springs on opposite sides of the oil and gas location cannot be identified, then the two (2) closest wells or springs within a one (1) mile radius of the oil and gas location shall be sampled. The sample location shall be surveyed in accordance with Rule 215. Sampling and analysis shall be conducted in conformance with an accepted industry standard as described in Rule 910.b.(2).</p> <p>Initial baseline testing shall include: pH, specific conductance, total dissolved solids (TDS), dissolved gases (methane, ethane, propane), alkalinity (total bicarbonate and carbonate as CaCO₃), major anions (bromide, chloride, fluoride, sulfate, nitrate and nitrite as N, phosphorus), major cations (calcium, iron, magnesium, manganese, potassium, sodium), other elements (barium, boron, selenium and strontium), presence of bacteria (iron related, sulfate reducing, slime and coliform), total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) and BTEX compounds (benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and xylenes). Hydrogen sulfide shall also be measured using a field test method. Field observations such as pH, temperature, specific conductance, odor, water color, sediment, bubbles, and effervescence shall also be included. COGCC recommends that the latest version of EPA SW 846 analytical methods be used where possible and that analyses of samples be performed by laboratories that maintain state or national accreditation programs. If free gas or a dissolved methane concentration greater than 1.0 milligram per liter (mg/l) is detected in a water well, gas compositional analysis and stable isotope analysis of the methane (carbon and hydrogen: 12C, 13C, 1H and 2H) shall be performed to determine gas type. If test results indicated thermogenic or a mixture of thermogenic and biogenic gas, then the operator shall submit to the Director an action plan to determine the source of the gas. If the methane concentration increases by more than 5.0 mg/l between sampling periods, or increases to more than 10. mg/l, the operator shall notify the Director and the owner of the water well immediately.</p> <p>After 90 days, but less than 180 days of use of the pit for completion operations, a "second" test shall be performed for the same analytical parameters listed above and repeated once every 12 months. Additional test(s) may be required if changes in water quality are identified during follow-up testing. The Director may require further water well sampling at any time in response to complaints from water well owners.</p> <p>Copies of all test results described above shall be provided to the Director and the landowner where the water quality testing well is located within three (3) months of collecting the samples used for the test. The analytical data and surveyed well locations shall also be submitted to the Director in an electronic data deliverable format.</p> <p>Documented refusal to grant access by well owner or surface owner (for water well or spring sampling), or if no water wells or springs are located/identified within one mile, shall not constitute a violation of this COA.</p>	04/08/2013
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Comment: Load/unload pipes provided. Stations not yet constructed. Pit is fenced and netted.

CA:

Date:

Wildlife BMPs:

BMP Type	Comment
Planning	<p>Planning</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conduct wildlife surveys to determine presence of game/non-game species/habitat • Identify and Protect “crucial habitats” • Site access roads, pads and facilities in locations that minimize habitat impacts • Identify private and Federal land seclusion areas where drilling will be voluntarily deferred in critical seasonal habitats • Identify and protect migration corridors • Minimize well pad density to the extent possible • Minimize the number, size and distribution of well pads and locate pads along existing roads where possible. • Cluster well pads in the least environmentally sensitive areas. • Plan pipelines routes ahead of time to avoid field fitting and reduce excessive ROW widths and reclamation. • Adequately size infrastructure and facilities to accommodate both current and future gas production.
General Housekeeping	<p>General</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Prepare plans and studies to support wildlife conservation and protection • Contribute to and participate in wildlife studies and research efforts related to oil and gas activity's relationship to wildlife • Treat/control noxious weeds/plants including Tamarisk • Assist CDOW in obtaining access to private lands for wildlife research and conservation • Focus BMPs on critical wildlife seclusion and “crucial habitats” • Contribute to organizations that acquire/manage habitat • Continue to Support Operation Game Thief • Continue to support CDOW sportsman's programs • Participate in wildlife seminars and conferences (e.g. AFWA) • Focus Ranch and Property Management (Williams' owned/managed properties) on wildlife resources • Identify conservation easement opportunities on Williams-owned/managed properties • Acquire water rights and irrigate key habitat areas • Restrict and/or manage grazing to benefit wildlife • Fence and restrict activities in locations that provide high value habitat • Construct habitat improvement projects as practical • Enforce policies to protect wildlife (e.g., no poaching, no firearms, no dogs on location, no feeding of wildlife, etc.). • Inventory, monitor and remove obsolete, degraded, or hazardous fencing on Williams owned property • Support research to test the effectiveness of specific Best Management Practices
Interim Reclamation	<p>Production/Reclamation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gate access roads where necessary to minimize/control access to “crucial habitats” • Install automated emergency response systems (e.g., high tank alarms, emergency shut- down systems, etc.). • Implement fugitive dust control program • Avoid direct discharge of pipeline hydrostatic test water to any reservoir, lake, wetland, or natural perennial or seasonally flowing stream or river. • Locate above-ground facilities to minimize the visual effect (e.g., low profile equipment, appropriate paint color, vegetation screening in wooded areas, etc.). • Skim and eliminate oil from produced water ponds and fluid pits at a rate sufficient to prevent oiling of birds or other wildlife that could gain access to the pit. • Apply an aggressive, integrated, noxious and invasive weed management plan. Utilize an adaptive management strategy that permits effective responses to monitored findings and reflects local site and geologic conditions • Map the occurrence of existing weed infestations prior to development to effectively monitor and target areas that will likely become issues after development. • Evaluate the utility of soil amendment application or consider importing topsoil to achieve effective reclamation. • Use locally adapted seed whenever available and approved by landowner.

- Use appropriately diverse reclamation seed mixes that mirror an appropriate reference area for the site being reclaimed where approved by landowner.
- Conduct seeding in a manner that ensures that seedbed preparation and planting techniques are targeted toward the varied needs of grasses, forbs and shrubs (e.g., seed forbs and shrubs separately from grasses, broadcast big sagebrush but drill grasses, etc.)
- Emphasize bunchgrass over sod-forming grasses in seed mixes in order to provide more effective wildlife cover and to facilitate forb and shrub establishment.
- Seed during appropriate season to increase likelihood of reclamation success
- Do not include aggressive, non-native grasses in reclamation seed mixes
- Choose reference areas as goals for reclamation that have high wildlife value, with attributes such a diverse and productive understory of vegetation, productive and palatable shrubs, and a high prevalence of native species.
- Establish vegetation with total perennial non-invasive plant cover of at least eighty (80) percent of pre-disturbance or reference area levels.
- Establish vegetation with plant diversity of non-invasive species which is at least half that of pre-disturbance or reference area levels. Quantify diversity of vegetation using a metric that considers only species with at least 3 percent relative plant cover.
- Establish permanent and monumented photo points and vegetation measurement plots or transects; monitor at least annually until plant cover, composition, and diversity standards have been met.
- Observe and maintain a performance standard for reclamation success characterized by the establishment of a self-sustaining, vigorous, diverse, locally appropriate plant community on the site, with a density sufficient to control erosion and non-native plant invasion and diversity sufficient to allow for normal plant community development.
- Use early and effective reclamation techniques, including interim reclamation to accelerate return of disturbed areas for use by wildlife
- Remove all unnecessary infrastructure during the production phase.
- Reclaim reserve pits as quickly as practical after drilling and ensure that pit contents do not contaminate soil.
- Remediate hydrocarbon spills on disturbed areas prior to reclamation.
- Complete final reclamation activities so that seeding occurs during the first optimal season following plugging and abandonment of oil and gas wells.
- Perform interim reclamation to final reclamation species composition and establishment standards.
- Perform interim reclamation on all disturbed areas not needed for active support of production operations
- Remove and properly dispose of degraded silt fencing and erosion control materials after their utility has expired
- Remove and properly dispose of pit contents where contamination of surface water, groundwater, or soil by pit contents cannot be effectively prevented
- Apply certified weed free mulch and crimp or tacyfy to remain in place to reclaim areas for seed preservation and moisture retention
- Control weeds in areas surrounding reclamation areas in order to reduce weed competition
- Educate employees and contractors about weed issues
- Where possible, fence livestock and/or wildlife out of newly reclaimed areas until reclamation standards have been met and plants are capable of sustaining herbivory
- Conduct necessary reclamation and invasive plant monitoring.
- Census and assess the utilization of the reclaimed areas by the target species
- Maintain pre and post development site inspection records and monitor operations for compliance
- Utilize GIS technologies to assess the extent of disturbance and document the reclamation progression and the footprint of disturbances
- Identify native species for which commercial seed sources are not available. Provide support to contractors for developing cultivation and seed production techniques for needed species
- Conduct reclamation field trials to match seed mixes, soil preparation techniques, and planting methods to local conditions.

Drilling/Completion Operations	<p>Drilling/Completions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Continue application of BMPs to prevent wildlife from entering pits including fencing and netting where appropriate • Limit days/hours operations where practical to minimize disturbance and traffic • Promptly report spills that affect wildlife to the CDOW. • Store and stage emergency spill response equipment at strategic locations so that it is available to expedite effective spill response. • Limit parking to already disturbed areas that have not yet been reclaimed • Screen water suction hoses to exclude fish. • Reduce noise by using effective sound dampening devices or techniques (e.g., hospital-grade mufflers, equipment housing, insulation, installation of sound barriers, earthen berms, vegetative buffers, etc.).
Site Specific	<p>Site Specific BMPs:</p> <p>Planning</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use existing roads where possible • Combine and share roads to minimize habitat fragmentation • Maximize use of remote completion/frac operations to minimize traffic <p>Drilling/Completions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use centralized hydraulic fracturing operations. • Install and maintain adequate measures to exclude all types of wildlife (e.g., big game, birds, and small rodents) from all fluid pits (e.g., fencing, netting, and other appropriate exclusion measures). <p>Production/Reclamation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use only certified weed-free native seed in seed mixes, except for non-native plants that benefit wildlife <p>Because this location is in a Sensitive Area (See attached SAD), WPX will employ the following BMPs to support protection of surface and ground water:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • WPX will ensure 110 percent secondary containment for any volume of fluids contained at well site during drilling and completion operations. • WPX will implement best management practices to contain any unintentional release of fluids. • Either a lined drilling pit or closed loop system will be implemented.

Construction

Construction

- Schedule necessary construction in stream courses to avoid critical spawning times.
- Surface roads to ensure that the anticipated volume of traffic and the weight and speed of vehicles using the road do not cause environmental damage, including generation of fugitive dust and contribution of sediment to downstream areas.
- Protect culvert inlets from erosion and sedimentation and install energy dissipation structures at outfalls
- Use the minimum right-of-way width and vegetation mats where pipelines cross riparian areas and streams wherever possible
- Construct fluid pit fences and nets that are capable of withstanding animal pressure and environmental conditions and that are appropriately sized for the wildlife encountered.
- Install impermeable barriers beneath fluid pits to protect groundwater, riparian areas and wetlands.
- Salvage topsoil from all road construction and other rights-of-way and re-apply during interim and final reclamation.
- Strip and segregate topsoil prior to construction. Appropriately configure topsoil piles and immediately seed to control erosion, prevent weed establishment and maintain soil microbial activity

Comment: Multi well pad being drilled.**CA:** _____**Date:** _____**Stormwater:**

Erosion BMPs	Present	Other BMPs	Present

Corrective Action: _____ Date: _____

Comments: Erosion BMPs: _____

Other BMPs: _____

Comment: _____**Staking:****On Site Inspection (305):**Surface Owner Contact Information:

Name: _____ Address: _____

Phone Number: _____ Cell Phone: _____

Operator Rep. Contact Information:

Landman Name: _____ Phone Number: _____

Date Onsite Request Received: _____ Date of Rule 306 Consultation: _____

Request LGD Attendance: _____

LGD Contact Information:

Name: _____ Phone Number: _____ Agreed to Attend: _____

Summary of Landowner Issues:Summary of Operator Response to Landowner Issues:Onsite Inspection Memorandum Summarizing Discussions at Inspection as Attachment:**Facility**

Facility ID: 433363 Type: PIT API Number: - Status: AC Insp. Status: AC

Environmental**Spills/Releases:**

Type of Spill: _____ Description: _____ Estimated Spill Volume: _____
 Comment: _____
 Corrective Action: _____ Date: _____
 Reportable: _____ GPS: Lat _____ Long _____
 Proximity to Surface Water: _____ Depth to Ground Water: _____

Water Well:

Lat _____ Long _____
 DWR Receipt Num: _____ Owner Name: _____ GPS : _____

Field Parameters:

Sample Location: _____

Emission Control Burner (ECB): _____

Comment: _____

Pilot: _____ Wildlife Protection Devices (fired vessels): _____

Reclamation - Storm Water - Pit**Interim Reclamation:**

Date Interim Reclamation Started: _____ Date Interim Reclamation Completed: _____

Land Use: RANGELAND

Comment: _____

1003a. Debris removed? _____ CM _____
 CA _____ CA Date _____
 Waste Material Onsite? _____ CM _____
 CA _____ CA Date _____
 Unused or unneeded equipment onsite? _____ CM _____
 CA _____ CA Date _____
 Pit, cellars, rat holes and other bores closed? _____ CM _____
 CA _____ CA Date _____
 Guy line anchors removed? _____ CM _____
 CA _____ CA Date _____
 Guy line anchors marked? _____ CM _____
 CA _____ CA Date _____

1003b. Area no longer in use? _____ Production areas stabilized ? _____

1003c. Compacted areas have been cross ripped? _____

1003d. Drilling pit closed? _____ Subsidence over on drill pit? _____

Cuttings management: _____

1003e. Areas no longer needed for drilling or subsequent operations for have been re-vegetated to 80% of pre-existing? _____

Inspector Name: BURGER, CRAIG

Production areas have been stabilized? _____

Segregated soils have been replaced? _____

RESTORATION AND REVEGETATION

Cropland

Top soil replaced _____

Recontoured _____

Perennial forage re-established _____

Non-Cropland

Top soil replaced _____

Recontoured _____

80% Revegetation _____

1003 f. Weeds Noxious weeds? _____

Comment: _____

Overall Interim Reclamation

Final Reclamation/ Abandoned Location:

Date Final Reclamation Started: _____

Date Final Reclamation Completed: _____

Final Land Use: RANGELAND

Reminder: _____

Comment: _____

Well plugged _____

Pit mouse/rat holes, cellars backfilled _____

Debris removed _____

No disturbance /Location never built _____

Access Roads Regraded _____

Contoured _____

Culverts removed _____

Gravel removed _____

Location and associated production facilities reclaimed _____

Locations, facilities, roads, recontoured _____

Compaction alleviation _____

Dust and erosion control _____

Non cropland: Revegetated 80% _____

Cropland: perennial forage _____

Weeds present _____

Subsidence _____

Comment: _____

Corrective Action: _____

Date _____

Overall Final Reclamation

Multi-Well Location ☐

Storm Water:

Loc Erosion BMPs	BMP Maintenance	Lease Road Erosion BMPs	Lease BMP Maintenance	Chemical BMPs	Chemical BMP Maintenance	Comment
Berms	Pass	Ditches	Fail			
Slope Roughening	Fail	Check Dams	Pass			
Retention Ponds	Pass	Gravel	Pass			

S/U/V: **Unsatisfactory**

Corrective Date: **10/10/2013**

Comment: Numerous erosion rills are present on slopes on location. Slope roughening failed as an erosion control measure. Erosion transported sediment down onto well pad below. No BMP provided in some areas below slopes. Erosion is present in ditches.

CA: Provide and maintain adequate stormwater and erosion control BMP's. Contact inspector regarding plans to correct stormwater and erosion control issues.

Pits:

Inspector Name: BURGER, CRAIG

Pit Type: Multiwell Reuse/ Lined: YES Pit ID: 433363 Lat: 39.459362 Long: -107.823200

Lining:

Liner Type: HDPE Liner Condition: Adequate

Comment: _____

Fencing:

Fencing Type: Netting/Fen Fencing Condition: Adequate

Comment: _____

Netting:

Netting Type: Fence/Net Netting Condition: Good

Comment: _____

Anchor Trench Present: YES Oil Accumulation: NO 2+ feet Freeboard: _____

Pit (S/U/V): Satisfactory Comment: _____

Corrective Action: _____ Date: _____

Permit:	Facility ID	Permit Num	Expiration Date
	433363	400388717	
	433363	400388717	