

## PLANNING BMP's

- Share/consolidate corridors for pipeline ROWs to the maximum extent possible.
- Maximize the utility of surface facilities by developing multiple wells from a single pad (directional drilling), and by co-locating multipurpose facilities (for example, well pads and compressors) to avoid unnecessary habitat fragmentation and disturbance of additional geographic areas.
- Minimize newly planned activities and operations within 300 feet of the ordinary high water mark of any reservoir, lake, wetland, or natural perennial or seasonally flowing stream or river.
- Locate roads outside of drainages where possible and outside of riparian habitat.
- Avoid constructing any road segment in the channel of an intermittent or perennial stream
- Use existing roads where possible
- Combine utility infrastructure (gas, electric, and water) planning with roadway planning to avoid separate utility corridors
- Where possible, consolidate pipeline and existing roadways, or roadways that are planned for development
- Maximize the use of directional drilling to minimize habitat loss/fragmentation
- Maximize use of remote telemetry for well monitoring to minimize traffic

## PRODUCTION/RECLAMATION BMP's

- Remove well pad and road surface materials that are incompatible with post-production land use and re-vegetation requirements
- Use only certified weed-free native seed in seed mixes, except for non-native plants that benefit wildlife
- Williams will use certified, weed free grass hay, straw, hay or other mulch materials used for the reseeding and reclamation of disturbed areas.
- Install exclusionary devices to prevent bird and other wildlife access to equipment stacks, vents and openings.
- Reduce visits to well-sites through remote monitoring (i.e. SCADA) and the use of multi-function contractors.