

Map Unit Description

Douglas-Plateau Area, Colorado, Parts of Garfield and Mesa Counties

63 Silas loam, 1 to 12 percent slopes

Setting

Elevation: 7800 to 8400 feet
Mean annual precipitation: 20 to 25 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 36 to 40 degrees F
Frost-free period: 65 to 90 days

Composition

Silas and similar soils: 85 percent

Description of Silas

Setting

Landform: Alluvial fans, valley floors
Down-slope shape: Concave, linear
Across-slope shape: Concave, linear
Parent material: Mixed rock alluvium derived from sedimentary rock

Properties and Qualities

Slope: 1 to 12 percent
Drainage class: Moderately well drained
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20 to 0.60 in/hr)
Depth to water table: About 42 to 72 inches
Frequency of flooding: Rare
Frequency of ponding: None
Calcium carbonate maximum: 0 percent
Gypsum maximum: 0 percent
Available water capacity: High (about 10.6 inches)

Interpretive Groups

Land capability (non irrigated): 6c
Ecological site: Mountain Swale (R048AY245CO)

Typical Profile

0 to 18 inches: loam
18 to 60 inches: clay loam

Map Unit Description

Douglas-Plateau Area, Colorado, Parts of Garfield and Mesa Counties

57 Parachute-Rhone loams, 5 to 30 percent slopes

Setting

Elevation: 7600 to 8800 feet
Mean annual precipitation: 18 to 22 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 36 to 40 degrees F
Frost-free period: 45 to 75 days

Composition

Parachute and similar soils: 55 percent
Rhone and similar soils: 35 percent

Description of Parachute

Setting

Landform: Mountains
Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder, summit
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Convex
Parent material: Hard residuum weathered from sandstone and siltstone

Properties and Qualities

Slope: 5 to 30 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to Paralithic bedrock
Drainage class: Well drained
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low or moderately high (0.06 to 0.20 in/hr)
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Calcium carbonate maximum: 0 percent
Gypsum maximum: 0 percent
Available water capacity: Very low (about 2.8 inches)

Interpretive Groups

Land capability (non irrigated): 6e
Ecological site: Mountain Loam (R048AY228CO)

Typical Profile

0 to 10 inches: loam
10 to 25 inches: very channery loam
25 to 29 inches: unweathered bedrock

Description of Rhone

Setting

Landform: Hills, mountains
Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, footslope, shoulder, summit
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Concave
Parent material: Colluvium derived from sandstone and shale and/or residuum weathered from sandstone and shale

Properties and Qualities

Slope: 5 to 30 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: 40 to 60 inches to Paralithic bedrock
Drainage class: Well drained
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low or moderately high (0.06 to 0.20 in/hr)
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Calcium carbonate maximum: 0 percent
Gypsum maximum: 0 percent
Available water capacity: Moderate (about 7.5 inches)

Interpretive Groups

Land capability (non irrigated): 6e
Ecological site: Mountain Loam (R048AY228CO)

Typical Profile

0 to 10 inches: loam

Map Unit Description

Douglas-Plateau Area, Colorado, Parts of Garfield and Mesa Counties

10 to 39 inches: channery loam
39 to 55 inches: very channery loam
55 to 59 inches: unweathered bedrock